

Caribbean Holiday
Curacao Hilton \$129.00 8 days
Jamaica Hilton \$143.00 8 days
Trinidad Hilton \$113.00 8 days

All the News
at's Fit to Print

The New York Times

LATE CITY EDITION

Weather: Mostly sunny, cold today; clear tonight. Sunny tomorrow. Temperature range: today 33-40; Sunday 49-67. Details on page 49.

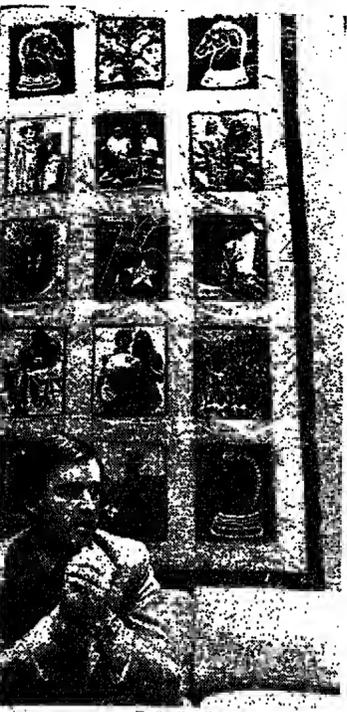
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20 CENTS



The New York Times/Barbara Clark Trooster
G. Brown Jr. of California in his office in... On the wall behind him is a banner presented to him by California students.

... Bets on California ... Thrust for Nomination

By JON NORDHEIMER
Special to The New York Times
... had not yet decided whether to expand his favorite-son candidacy into a broader campaign in other primary states.
... He insisted that he was not a stalking horse for national Democrats such as Senator Hubert H. Humphrey, Democrat of Minnesota, who would like to see the huge 280-member California delegation denied to the current slates of contenders fighting each other in the primary for the nomination.
... "I really doubt if any of the current primary contenders is really going to be nominated."

... ent Volunteers Scarce ... residential Campaign

... after the student personalities and emotions of that time, and that it will not be repeated, at least during this election.
... Gone, too, are the massive canvassings, the complicated operations to enlist campus recruits and the high-powered drive to get the votes of young people, which the student work-ers made possible.
... "It seems almost an impossible dream at this point to get only meager bands of students to help."



Representative Morris K. Udall campaigning here outside the Plaza Hotel

COALITION BACKS UDALL AFTER PLEA TO UNIFY LIBERALS

70% of Democratic Group That Once Leaned to Bayh Rallies Behind Arizona

By PETER KIHSS
The New Democratic Coalition, which seeks to speak for the liberal wing of the New York State Democratic Party, yesterday endorsed Representative Morris K. Udall of Arizona for the party's Presidential nomination.
The endorsement was backed by 70 percent of a state delegate assembly attended by about 200 persons at Public School 41, 116 West 11th Street, after efforts were made to promote him as a choice behind whom progressives should unite.
The sudden move to put an endorsement on the agenda, 16 days before the state's April 6 primary, followed a vote last Dec. 6 in which the group was heavily divided.

Bayh's Near Victory

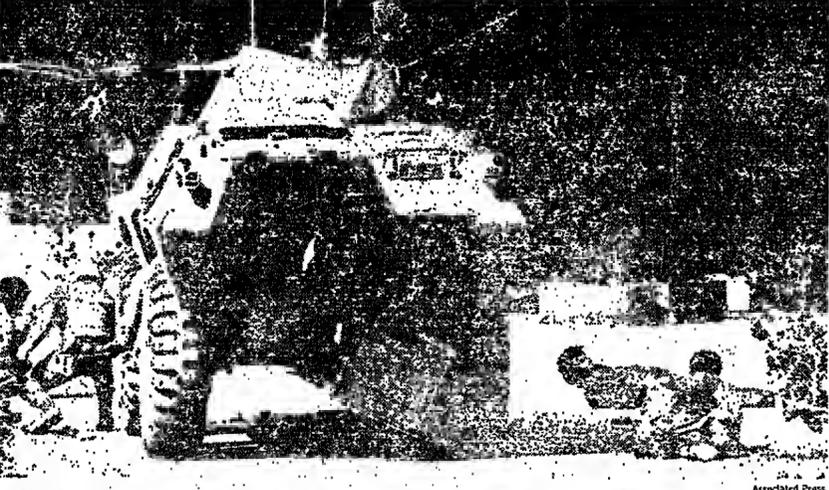
At that time, Senator Birch Bayh of Indiana, no longer an active contestant, polled 59.94 percent, but supporters of former Senator Fred R. Harris of Oklahoma, who held 30.21 percent, and forces opposing any endorsement blocked his efforts to gain the 60 percent required for endorsement.
The group, which has 100 affiliated clubs and claims 14,000 members, also elected Frances Bennick, a district leader in Richmond Hill, Queens, as state chairman in a three-way contest.
Arnold M. Weiss, a lawyer, who has been chairman since December 1972, did not seek re-election, asserting: "There should be in a reform organization a rotation of leadership."
Yesterday's endorsement was primarily of symbolic value for Mr. Udall, reinforcing an endorsement in Washington Saturday by another liberal group, the board of Americans for Democratic Action.

Not Always Nonconformist

Coalition members, even more than members of old-line Democratic clubs, tend to be free spirits in their choices and do not necessarily follow the coalition's endorsements.
The breakdown of weighted voting was Mr. Udall, 10.02 percent; Mr. Harris, 8.33; former Gov. Jimmy Carter of Georgia, 5.57; Senator Hubert H. Humphrey of Minnesota, 2.66; Senator Henry M. Jackson of Washington, 1.67; Senator Frank Church of Idaho, 1.47; no endorsement, 8.77; abstention, .82; and the late Socialist leader, Eugene V. Debs, .69.
Before the vote, Bartle Bull, Mr. Carter's state campaign manager, who is president of The Village Voice, said he was not asking for a Carter endorsement because of insufficient opportunity to present an adequate case. But he said Mr. Carter had so far shown he could win in eight states and that he stood for federalizing



Leftist gunmen celebrating in the lobby of the Holiday Inn in Beirut yesterday after seizing the building



An armored car comes to the aid of two wounded Moslems outside Holiday Inn. Man at right died later of wounds.

Hearst Jurors Hoped to Believe

By LACEY FOSBURGH
Special to The New York Times
SAN FRANCISCO, March 21—The jurors in the trial of Patricia Hearst wanted "all in our hearts," as one said, to believe that she was lying during much of her testimony.
These are the highlights of a series of interviews last night and this morning with several of the seven women and five men on the jury.
Most Difficult Decision
Each said in his own way that the decision to find Miss Hearst guilty of armed bank robbery and of using a firearm to commit a felony was the "most difficult" of his or her life—more difficult, specifically, than the decision to get married, or have children or change jobs.
The interviews also produced a wide range of obser-

Some of them liked Miss Hearst and thought her "sweet." Others thought her "cruel." But all of them, apparently, believed that she was lying during much of her testimony.
When deliberations began, for example, the few who leaned toward acquittal were not firm or intransigent in their beliefs and, indeed, acknowledged that there was little concrete evidence on the defense side to support their convictions.
This situation led others to conclude, perhaps as early as noon Friday, that a verdict of guilty—rather than a hung jury—was a likely prospect.
"It was very clear what

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"It was very clear what

U.S. CLOSES BASES AS THAIS ORDERED

By DAVID A. ANDELMAN
Special to The New York Times
BANGKOK, Thailand, March 21—The United States today closed all operations at bases in Thailand in preparation for its final military withdrawal, as several thousand students demonstrated in front of the American Embassy in downtown Bangkok.
At least four persons were killed and 70 injured by an explosion during the demonstrations, which opposed the American presence here and its continuation for four months.
A grenade or homemade bomb went off in the crowd as it marched through the capital to the embassy compound.
The sole incident of violence occurred as the demonstrators were passing Siam Center, the major shopping and entertainment complex.
A fragmentation grenade or

VIOLENT STORMS STRIKE NORTHEAST

Temperature in City Drops 10 Degrees in Half-Hour

By WOLFGANG SAXON
Violent thunderstorms with gale-force winds hit parts of the northeastern states yesterday afternoon, striking erratically and causing widespread injuries and damage—even cutting short a late St. Patrick's Day parade in western Massachusetts.
Roofs and trees were blown over to the metropolitan area along with a tennis "bubble" in Brooklyn. Two cranes toppled into Baltimore harbor. A Philadelphia radio station was knocked off the air, and thousands of Connecticut residents were left without electricity for a time before the storms moved on quickly to reach an area east of Cape Cod by nightfall.
The brief but furious onslaught turned Times Square dark in mid-afternoon and dropped the temperature 10 degrees in half an hour.

Miss Hearst Is Facing New Test in State Cases

By WALLACE TURNER
Special to The New York Times
SAN FRANCISCO, March 21—Judge Carter on April 19. She Patricia Hearst, convicted yesterday of armed bank robbery, will be turned over to California state authorities this week to face charges ranging from kidnapping to armed robbery, her Federal prosecutor said today.
United States Attorney James L. Browning Jr. said that his forecast was based on conversations earlier today with Federal District Judge Oliver J. Carter, who presided at Miss Hearst's eight-week trial.
"The government will make the defendant available to Los Angeles authorities as soon as the background interviews for her presentence investigation report are concluded," Mr. Browning said. "That will be about midweek."
The 22-year-old Miss Hearst faces indictments that name her jointly with William and Emily Harris. The three are accused of kidnappings and of taking getaway cars at gunpoint in a dash for freedom on May 16 and 17, 1974.
John Van de Kamp, the Los Angeles County District Attorney, said that no date had been set for Miss Hearst's arraignment.
Mr. Browning said he understood that the Los Angeles authorities would return Miss Hearst here for sentencing by

Anti-Boycott Law Trims Port's Mideast Traffic

By RICHARD PHALON
Exporters, apparently worried about breaching a new state law that makes aiding the Arab boycott of Israel a misdemeanor, are diverting cargo destined for the Middle East from New York City to other ports.
The law, an amendment to the State's Human Rights Act, became effective Jan. 1. According to James J. Dickman, president of the New York Shipping Association, it is too early to tell exactly how hard the port has been hit so far.
"We just know we're losing an awful lot of freight," he said in an interview. "We're probably losing a minimum of two million tons a year."
That figure would represent about 9.5 percent of the total 21 million tons of general cargo the port of New York handled last year.
The port, partly because of its comparatively high operating costs, has been losing

4 in Student March Killed by an Explosion in Front of American Embassy

General Sets Up Council
Earlier Gen. Aziz al-Ahdad, commander of the Beirut garrison who 10 days ago declared himself military governor of Lebanon, announced that he had set up a 14-man command council to "coordinate" military operations if President Franjieh did not resign. The council was reported to include both Christians and Moslems.
The events pointed toward further violence in this country, which has been torn for 10 months by civil war between leftist Moslem and Christian factions on one side and rightist Christians on the other.
The final assault on the hotel was led by an armored personnel carrier, which crashed into

La Scala U.S. Visit Off

Italy announced it had canceled the scheduled first United States tour of Milan's La Scala Opera Company because of Italy's fiscal problems. The visit this fall was to have included Washington, Philadelphia and New York. Page 21.

Temperature in City Drops 10 Degrees in Half-Hour

Temperature in City Drops 10 Degrees in Half-Hour

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BEIRUT LEFTISTS SEIZE HOLIDAY INN IN HEAVY ASSAULT

Hundreds Led by Armored Vehicle Capture Symbol of Rightist Defiance

AT LEAST 43 ARE KILLED

Other Heavy Fighting and Shelling Said to Continue in and Outside Capital

By JAMES M. MARKHAM
Special to The New York Times

BEIRUT, Lebanon, Monday, March 22—Hundreds of Moslem and leftist gunmen, backed by armored vehicles yesterday drove right-wing Phalangists from the towering, battered Holiday Inn, gaining an important military and psychological victory.
Later, however, the Phalangists counterattacked, and the city came under apparent exchanges of heavy artillery fire by both sides. The Government radio ceased broadcasting.
Hotel Billows Smoke
The artillery attacks began after jubilant teen-agers had unfurled a green flag of victory from the east face of the charred Holiday Inn, which since last fall had been a symbol of the defiant fighting of the Phalangists. Mortars crashed nearby, echoing deafeningly in the seafloor district.
"It's well air-conditioned, isn't it?" a victorious gunman asked, nodding toward the 26-story structure, from which clouds of black smoke billowed. The hotel's south face, from which rightist snipers had killed scores of people, had been punctured in the last few days by bursts of antiaircraft and recoilless-rifle fire.
Last night mortar shells began falling on Moslem districts near a radio station held by army rebels who have been demanding the resignation of President Suleiman Franjieh, a Christian. The shells appeared to be coming from Christian neighborhoods to the east and were apparently in retaliation for the capture of the Holiday Inn.
General Sets Up Council
Earlier Gen. Aziz al-Ahdad, commander of the Beirut garrison who 10 days ago declared himself military governor of Lebanon, announced that he had set up a 14-man command council to "coordinate" military operations if President Franjieh did not resign. The council was reported to include both Christians and Moslems.
The events pointed toward further violence in this country, which has been torn for 10 months by civil war between leftist Moslem and Christian factions on one side and rightist Christians on the other.
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Red Scare Is Over and the Sun Draws Vacationers Against Portugal's South

By MARVINE HOWE
Special to The New York Times
FARO, Portugal, March 21 — The tourists who fled in panic last year when they thought Portugal was going to be taken over by the Communists are beginning to come back to the Algarve. Foreign tourists can once again be seen in the waterfront cafes here in the capital of Portugal's southernmost province, the real estate market has begun to stir and a few new buildings are going up. There are plans for an international golf tournament in the fall. And last week an art exhibit opened, the first in many months because such activities were considered "fascist" after the 1974 revolution that overthrew the right-wing dictatorship.



The New York Times/March 22, 1976
Tourists are returning to Portugal's Algarve.

"Tourists?" a housewife stopped to ask a barber as a score of large cars sped by on the road from the airport this weekend.

"Lots of tourists, Yugoslavs," the barber said, and beamed.

A Gain in Prestige

President Tito and his companions were not exactly ordinary tourists. Nevertheless, Algarve tourism gained points with the visit of the Yugoslav leader, who came here for a weekend rest after his official visit to Latin America.

Marshal Tito and the Portuguese President, Gen. Francisco de Costa Gomes, stayed in large, comfortable villas at Vale do Lobo, a quiet tourist development 10 miles west of Faro, put at their disposal by the Englishman who owns them.

"All our neighbors are returning—mostly British and Americans," an Englishwoman walking her well-fed dog in the pine woods of Vale do Lobo said cheerfully today.

Business has picked up at Vale do Lobo after a low point eight months ago, according to Leonina de Sousa, the Portuguese woman who is in charge of sales. She said that last summer people were selling for less than \$60,000 villas that had cost them \$75,000.

"For the last two weeks, we've sold a villa a day and prices are headed toward prerevolution levels," she said. The buyers are new Dutch and mostly Portuguese.

Most of the 600 villas at the Vale do Lobo development were bought before 1973 by British and Americans who spent their vacations here and then rooted them at other times of the year.

"Now we're short of houses for rent," Miss de Sousa said. She said she was trying to persuade owners who wanted to sell their villas to rent them until buyers offered a good price. Construction was begun recently on nine new houses and three have already been sold.

The nearby Hotel Dona Felipa, where things were so bad last summer that the staff agreed to take half-pay, is also said to be doing well, with 40 to 50 percent winter-time occupancy.

"The Portuguese are discovering the Algarve now," Miss de Sousa said. Before the revolution, it was fashionable for the Portuguese to travel to such countries as Spain, France and Italy. Now, because of currency restrictions, they can take only the equivalent of \$780 out of the country a year, and so are traveling within Portugal and to the Portuguese islands of the Azores and Madeira.

José Guerreiro Gomes, a leading Faro real-estate dealer, was not so optimistic. He

used to sell only to foreigners and now all his customers are Portuguese and they are paying much less than the foreigners for properties. An Argentine recently sold two villas for half the price he paid for them four years ago, Mr. Gomes said.

Hotels Lose Workers

The revolution has brought other problems to the Algarve. For one thing, the hotel business lost its best workers. Managers left in the post-revolution unrest, taking their assistants with them to Brazil, the United States, Morocco.

Most of the hotels in the Algarve—like the hotels in Lisbon—have been used to house refugees from Portugal's African colonies. The Hotel Faro, for example, has only 52 rooms and 18 are taken up by refugees and their families.

The Ministry of Tourism says that refugees will be evacuated from four- and five-star hotels by the start of the tourist season next month, but the refugees insist they will not move until decent housing is provided.

Another problem is the rise in the cost of living. Earlier, retired Englishmen settled in the Algarve because they could live in style on a modest pension. But since the revolution living costs have soared and retired families are going elsewhere.

Food in Short Supply

Still another serious problem is the decline in food production. Before the revolution, when workers earned low salaries, they supplemented their incomes by growing vegetables and fruits and raising rabbits, pigs and chickens at home. Now, with the higher salaries, they don't have to do the home farming and, in fact, cannot afford it because of the high cost of animal feed and the low price for farm produce.

The monthly farmers' market at Algoz is selling only about 10 percent of what it did before the revolution. Even fish production has declined. Trawler owners are selling their vessels because of the high price of fuel oil and labor.

The arrival of Marshal Tito and President Costa Gomes here with their corteges was enough to upset the delicate food supply. There was no fresh fish in the main market at Armação da Pera because it had all been reserved for Marshal Tito and Faro restaurants served frozen fish.

But, in general, the impact of political upheaval was not felt so strongly here as in north and central Portugal.

"In Lisbon the Socialists and Communists and centrists insult each other all the time but here we say, 'Let's all take a drink and talk things over,'" said Julio Correia, a Faro businessman.

CHINESE SUGGESTING TENG MIGHT REPENT

BEIJING, March 21 (Reuters)—The newspaper Jenmin Jih Pao appeared to hint today that Deputy Prime Minister Teog Hsiao-ping, who has been the target of a wall-poster campaign, could still survive politically if he would "sincerely repent."

In a front-page commentary, the newspaper asked if Mr. Teog would continue playing tricks "or have a genuine change of heart and sincerely repent."

"People are watching to see what his attitude is," it said. Informed observers said that the article was a strong hint that if Mr. Teog did "repent" he might be able to become a working Deputy Prime Minister again.

The commentary in the newspaper, which is the official paper of the Chinese Communist Party, was also seen as a sign that Mr. Teog, with the stubbornness for which he is renowned, was refusing to bow before the torrent of abuse launched by his ultraleftist critics.

The article went on to ask: "Will that capitalist reader who is trying to reverse verdicts be able to change his hourglass stand under the renewed criticism of the people of the whole country and with their help?"

Sharon, a Military Hero, Quits as Adviser to Rabin

JERUSALEM, March 21 (AP)—Maj. Gen. Ariel Sharon, Israeli hero of the 1973 Mideast war, said today that he was resigning as military adviser to Prime Minister Yitzhak Rabin and warned of "grave deterioration" in Israel's political and military posture.

The silver-haired general, a conservative who advocates annexation of all Israeli-held Arab land, said that Israel should prepare for another war with the Arabs.

In a state television interview, General Sharon said that he was quitting as Mr. Rabin's adviser effective April 1.

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5.46 ct. Round	\$ 5,800	8.94 ct. Em cut	\$29,000
5.88 ct. Round	\$ 7,950	18.32 ct. Em cut	\$57,000
6.40 ct. Round	\$12,500	10.70 ct. Em cut	\$40,000
7.50 ct. Round	\$14,500	5.36 ct. Pear	\$ 7,500
10.83 ct. Round	\$18,000	5.43 ct. Pear	\$ 8,700
8.24 ct. Round	\$21,000	9.00 ct. Pear	\$11,000
8.75 ct. Round	\$21,500	9.50 ct. Pear	\$11,500
9.82 ct. Round	\$22,000	7.69 ct. Pear	\$14,000
12.13 ct. Round	\$22,500	5.51 ct. Pear	\$21,500
6.94 ct. Round	\$27,000	6.96 ct. Pear	\$22,500
12.63 ct. Round	\$30,000	9.20 ct. Pear	\$25,000
10.36 ct. Round	\$45,000	9.95 ct. Pear	\$28,000
7.88 ct. Marquise	\$ 5,600	10.90 ct. Pear	\$34,000
7.39 ct. Marquise	\$12,500	13.51 ct. Pear	\$48,000
4.54 ct. Marquise	\$15,000	14.21 ct. Pear	\$55,000
7.00 ct. Marquise	\$25,000	3.58 ct. Oval	\$ 4,400
5.16 ct. Marquise	\$28,000	5.20 ct. Oval	\$11,000
6.57 ct. Marquise	\$31,500	4.48 ct. Oval	\$16,000
6.38 ct. Heart	\$15,500	7.30 ct. Oval	\$32,000
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سكزا من الاصل

desian Drama Engrosses South Africa

HENRY KAMM
The New York Times

21—The collapse of the South African Government is not restricted to Afrikaners but prevails also among the significant sector of the English-speaking population that considers white Rhodesians a kindred people.

The bond of emotional kinship between the ruling white minorities of the two countries, buttressed by the certainty that their present high standard of living is bound to be lowered by a rise in black political power, makes the application of overt South African pressure on Mr. Smith a matter of domestic political sensitivity.

Sensitive to Sanctions

For that reason, South Africa's problem is not believed to have refrained from applying the most direct means of pressure available: its complete closure of its border with Rhodesia, over all land access to Rhodesia.

A second reason motivates South Africa in refusing to join in the blockade against Rhodesian imports and exports: South Africa feels it cannot admit the use of sanctions or boycotts for political aims anywhere because of its own sensitivity to such pressure.

South Africa's bold diplomatic initiative, carried out in conjunction with such moder-

ate black heads of state as Presidents Kenneth D. Kaunda of Zambia and Sir Seretse Khama of Botswana, to bring Mr. Smith and Mr. Nkomo to the negotiating table appears to have collapsed with the breakdown of the talks.

Mr. Kaunda's call for full support of a liberation war against the white Rhodesian Government has returned Mr. Vorster's most important partner in the southern African initiative to the militant camp. This leaves Mr. Vorster few options in efforts to forestall the consequences "too ghastly to contemplate" which he announced were the only alternative to a negotiated settlement in Rhodesia.

South African diplomats are believed to be impressing on Mr. Smith their Government's unreadiness to take any military measures to his support. But Mr. Smith is known to feel that the South African whites will not allow their Government to stand by idly if white lives are endangered in Rhodesia.

Mr. Smith is said to suspect, with some justification, that South African hawks have been strengthened in their negative attitude toward Mr. Vorster's policy of accommodation by the success of the Soviet and Cuban intervention in Angola and by a growing feeling that military considerations require the presentation of all possible anti-Communist buttwarks.

But the failure of South African intervention in Angola, which had been based on a hope that Western powers, particularly the United States, would support that military effort, has provided arguments equally to South African doves, who believe that accommodation, rather than confrontation, is an isolated country's best hope.

The continuing prevalence of the dove view in the South African Government was evidenced in Mr. Vorster's announcement last night that remaining South African troops in Angola would be withdrawn this week.

In official circles it is said that concrete measures in the event of an intensified war in Rhodesia have not yet been decided upon. These circles assert that Mr. Smith has been clearly told that South Africa is not committed to prop up his Government.

South African thinking is concentrating, according to these circles, on saving lives. The most South Africa would do, it is said, is to give white Rhodesians a chance to choose whether to flee across the border or stay. If they choose to stay, according to official circles, South Africa would not act to protect them.

"It is human to hope for the best," a well-placed source said in discussing South Africa's narrow options, "because you'd rather not contemplate the alternative."

Government in its thinking. The idea of black majority rule in Rhodesia is as unpalatable to them as it is to white Rhodesians.

Prime Minister Ian D. Smith has heightened the South African Government's sense of urgency in prevailing on Mr. Smith as position against Rhodesia, according to sources here and in London.

Mounting tensions in neighboring country over the prospect of warfare have also urged Minister John Vorster to put his efforts to put a rule indefinitely in force in any war by blacks rule in this region.

South Africa's bold diplomatic initiative, carried out in conjunction with such moder-

Black in Rhodesia Says Smith Remark On Talks Was a Lie

GWELO, Rhodesia, March 21 (AP)—The black nationalist leader Joshua Nkomo accused Prime Minister Ian D. Smith of Rhodesia today of lying when he said that Britain had advised Mr. Nkomo what terms to demand in the constitutional talks that collapsed last week.

Mr. Nkomo said in a statement after a daylong meeting of the 33-member central committee of the African National Council, which he heads, that by making the claim at a news conference yesterday Mr. Smith had told a "deliberate political lie."

The policy of one man, one vote is well known in Rhodesia, Mr. Nkomo said, and is constitutional settlement detained in the basic principles of all nationalist organizations that he has led.

"How can we be said to have been advised by somebody about our own policy?" he said. "This is absurd and a deliberate insult to us."

"This lie, which must have shocked even Smith's colleagues who were present at the talks can only do harm to Smith himself," Mr. Nkomo said. "It ruins his integrity and credibility."

Mr. Smith said yesterday that he would continue to seek a constitutional settlement despite the breakdown of negotiations. He also called on Britain to play a direct role in resolving the Rhodesia crisis.

The Proceedings in the U.N. Today

March 22, 1976
SECURITY COUNCIL
Meets at 10:30 A.M. to discuss Middle East.

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The crochet cardigan

Crochet a fresh spring look tonight and wear it tomorrow. This marvellously lacy, cap sleeve cardigan of 100% Dupont Orlon[®] acrylic fiber is a cinch to make! Everything is included in a kit: 8 oz. natural unscoured or white, lightweight and washable Spinnerin yarn, easy to follow instructions and enough yarn to make sizes small, medium and large. \$5. Needlework (D.014) 6th fl., Macy's Herald Square and your Macy's except Jamaica and Flatbush. Call NYC: LA 4-6000 for 2 or more. Mail orders too! We regret, no C.O.D.'s. Add 50c handling and sales tax.



Macy's

Bill Blass for Martha

Blass's new late-day look, at Martha's, and only at Martha's. Ivory silk georgette and lace. What could be more feminine? A tucked-yoke blouse with full, romantic sleeves over a skirt that's a beautiful arrangement of cluster pleats. And a scarf that follows your whims.

Martha

Palm Beach 475 Park Avenue Bal Harbour
We honor the American Express Card

Kills 4 in Bangkok U.S. Shuts Thai Bases

on Page 1, Col. 7

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on small Communist field radios between unit commanders were picked up, decoded and analyzed as well as the broadcasts of Communist radio outlets. These yielded useful political and military intelligence.

The Air Force seismic station, outside Chiao Mai in northern Thailand, monitored earth tremors and underground nuclear tests in China and Soviet Siberia.

Much of the data obtained from these operations, particularly troop movements in Thailand's Communist neighbors, were relayed to the Thai supreme command. This explains in part the opposition of the Thai military to the American military withdrawal.

The decision was made, according to the Prime Minister, because of failure to agree after a year of detailed negotiations on the status of American forces in Thailand and a refusal by the United States to relinquish the diplomatic immunity now held by many of its military personnel, particularly at the intelligence installations.

The only concession apparently made by the Thai Government, according to senior Thai officials, was to allow the United States four months to dismantle the equipment and remove its personnel. The United States was reported to have asked six months.

It was this four-month concession that touched off the demonstrations here by the National Student Center of Thailand—a leftist body representing the majority of Thai university students. The students asserted that four months was unnecessary and could be a strategem by the present caretaker Government to allow the American military presence to continue.

The theory, given some credence by Western diplomats here, was that the next government, to be chosen in national elections April 4, will repudiate



Students carrying a wounded comrade after an explosive device was detonated in midst of demonstrators marching to the U.S. Embassy in Bangkok, Thailand, yesterday.

the decision of the Kukrit administration and reopen negotiations.

The American Ambassador, Charles S. Whitehouse, denied that the United States planned any attempt to reopen talks.

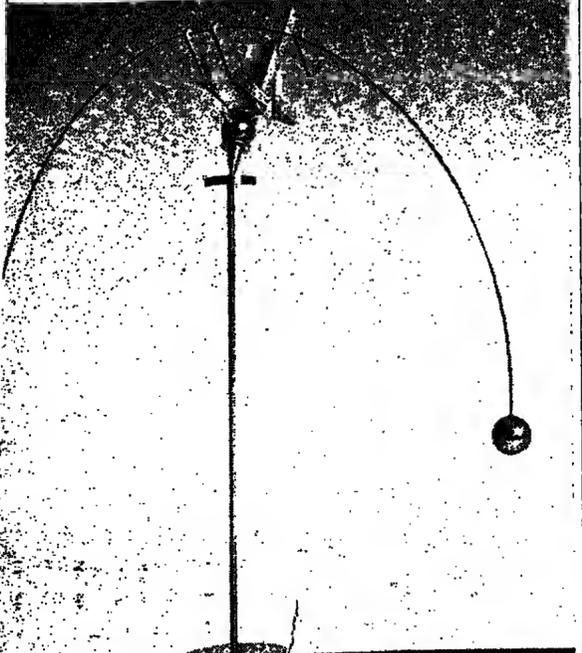
Even so, the students marched through downtown Bangkok from Thammasat University past the American Ambassador's residence to the American Embassy compound on tree-lined Wireless Road.

They carried white banners with red lettering that stretched from sidewalk to sidewalk—

banners that read, for instance, "Solidarity with the American people but not with Kissinger's militarism."

Mrs. Onassis in Jamaica

MONTEGO BAY, Jamaica, March 21 (UPI)—Jacqueline Kennedy and her son, John F. Kennedy Jr., arrived at this Caribbean resort city today for a two-week visit with New York friends. Mrs. Onassis, who was met at the airport by a calyppo band, said that she would stay at the vacation home of Mr. and Mrs. George Zanderer.



It's an art to this kind of sculpture. The late kinetic balance that amazes us as we see the balancing man sway and bend, but quite fall down. The Balance One engineered by John Benjamin. A Bonwit exclusive featuring aluminum. \$5.00. Stationery

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I'll meet Cheryl Baron, today and tomorrow, March 22 and 23, from 11 to 4, Park Avenue Room, Fifth Floor.

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A petal-sleeved chiffon top to float me through the night, and it's from

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Ban on Jewish Prayer at Temple Mount Upheld

Special to The New York Times
TEL AVIV, March 21 — The Supreme Court in Jerusalem today upheld the authority of the police to ban Jewish prayer on a sacred hilltop where Moslem shrines stand over the ruins of King Solomon's Temple.

The decision by a panel of three justices reaffirms a 1970 decision by five justices. It was particularly relevant today because Moslems have been protesting for three weeks in protest against a lower court's decision stating that Jews could not be prevented from praying on the Temple Mount.

The first Arab reaction to the latest development was voiced by Mayor Elias Friej of Bethlehem, who said the judgment was tardy but good. "It will quieten the anxiety of people about the religious holy places," he said.

Israeli High Court Backs 1970 Ruling as Arabs Riot Over Rights in Sacred Area

The ruling was in response to a request by Rudolf Cohen of Jerusalem, an immigrant from Denmark, for an order requiring Police Minister Shlomo Hille to permit him to visit the Temple Mount.

Mr. Cohen said he had been ordered to leave when he approached the Moors Gate to the Temple Mount and told the policemen on guard that he had come to pray. When he refused to leave, he was arrested.

He contended his freedom of religion had been infringed and the law protecting holy places violated. That law, enacted after Israel captured the Old City of Jerusalem from the

Jordanians in 1967, guarantees freedom of access to members of different religions to places sacred to them.

Government regulations permit Jews to enter the Temple Mount but not to hold prayer services, owing to the sensitivity of the area and the strong feeling it might arouse among Moslems.

The Jewish religious establishment forbids setting foot on the former temple ground because of its sanctity. However, some religious scholars maintain it is permissible to walk in areas of the Temple Mount where the temple itself could not have stood.

Eight young Jews who held a prayer meeting on the mount last year and sang Hebrew patriotic songs were arrested and brought to trial. They were acquitted by Magistrate Ruth Or, who attacked the Government's policy.

The Arabs protested violently. Israelis said the Arab protests were contrived because the authority of the police to prevent Jewish prayers was never in dispute. State Attorney Gabriel Bach said the only issue in the lower court had been whether the youths could be punished under criminal law for breaches of the peace. Today's ruling was seen as underlining that position.

RUSSIANS DEPLORE RUPTURE BY EGYPT

MOSCOW, March 21 (Reuters) — The Soviet press charged today that President Anwar el-Sadat of Egypt had decided to abrogate a friendship treaty with the Soviet Union in return for financial aid from the United States and Saudi Arabia.

The Communist Party daily Pravda said that many Arab newspapers took the line that Egypt's move was a condition for aid from the United States and "reactionary regimes of the Arabian peninsula."

A long commentary in the farming newspaper Selskaya Zhizn said that Egypt was pay-

ing a dear political price for the aid in rupturing ties with those who had helped it in the past.

"In this context one cannot fail to mention the fact that the decision to terminate the Soviet-Egyptian treaty was taken by Sadat after Washington promised to give Egypt \$695 million economic aid this year and shortly after Sadat made a trip to Saudi Arabia, where he was given a subsidy of \$300 million," the newspaper said.

Pravda said that the United States was in no hurry to reward President Sadat, and that the "Zionist lobby" in Washington was even opposing the sale to Egypt of six transport planes.



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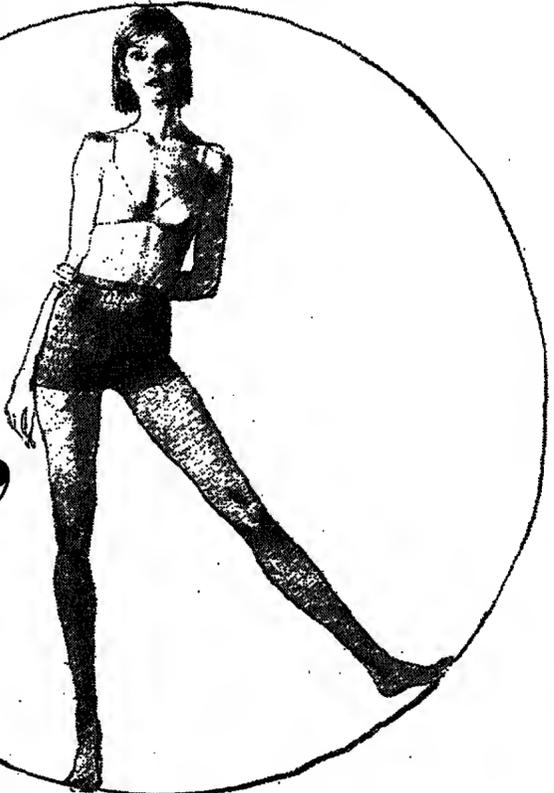
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- C. Sheer-to-Waist, sandal-foot*

Sale 2.40 pair—regularly 3.00

- D. Room-at-the-Top, demi-toe

E. Tummy Control, demi-toe**

Stockings Sale 1.65 pair—regularly 2.00

- F. Agilon Nylon, demi-toe

Knee Highs Sale 1.00 pair—regularly 1.25

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*Fresh Meadows and New Rochelle have these 3 styles only. **New York only.

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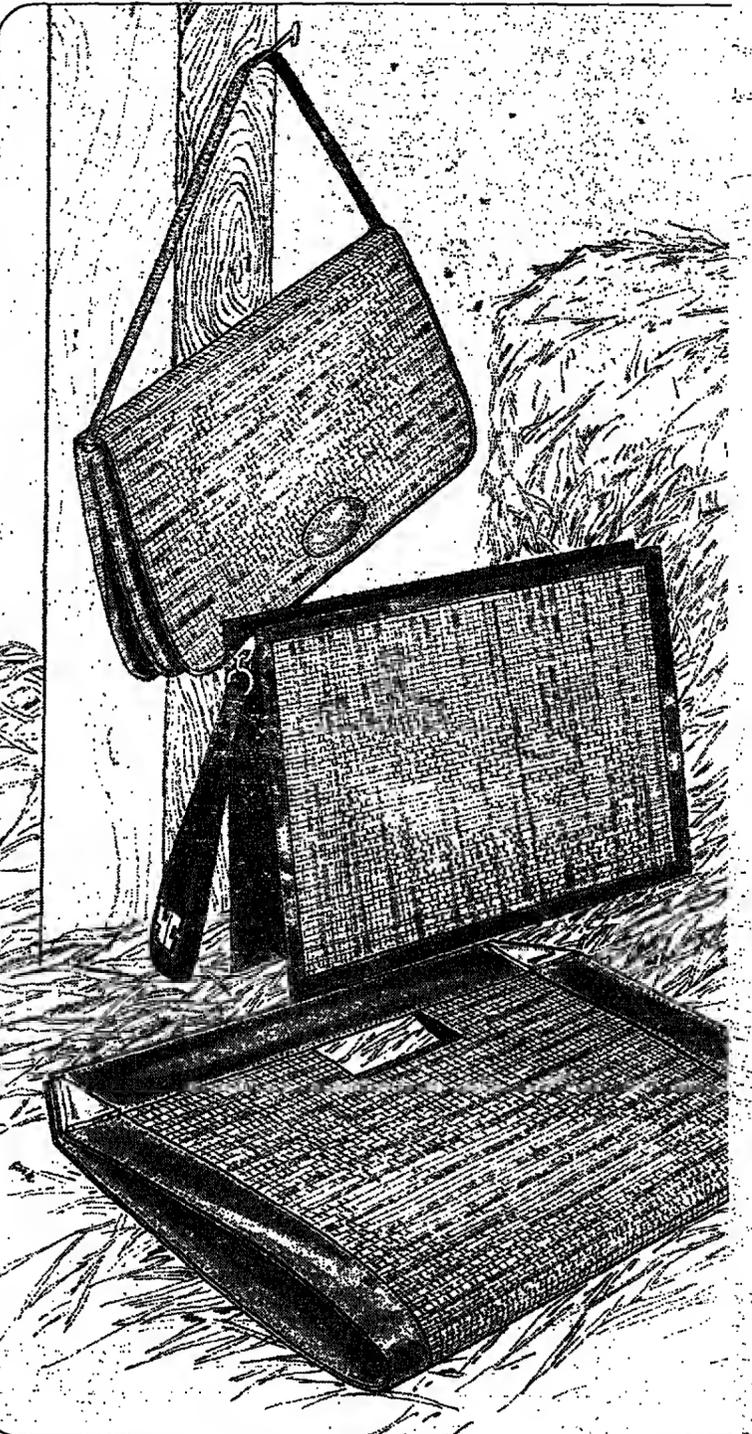
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HOLIDAY INN

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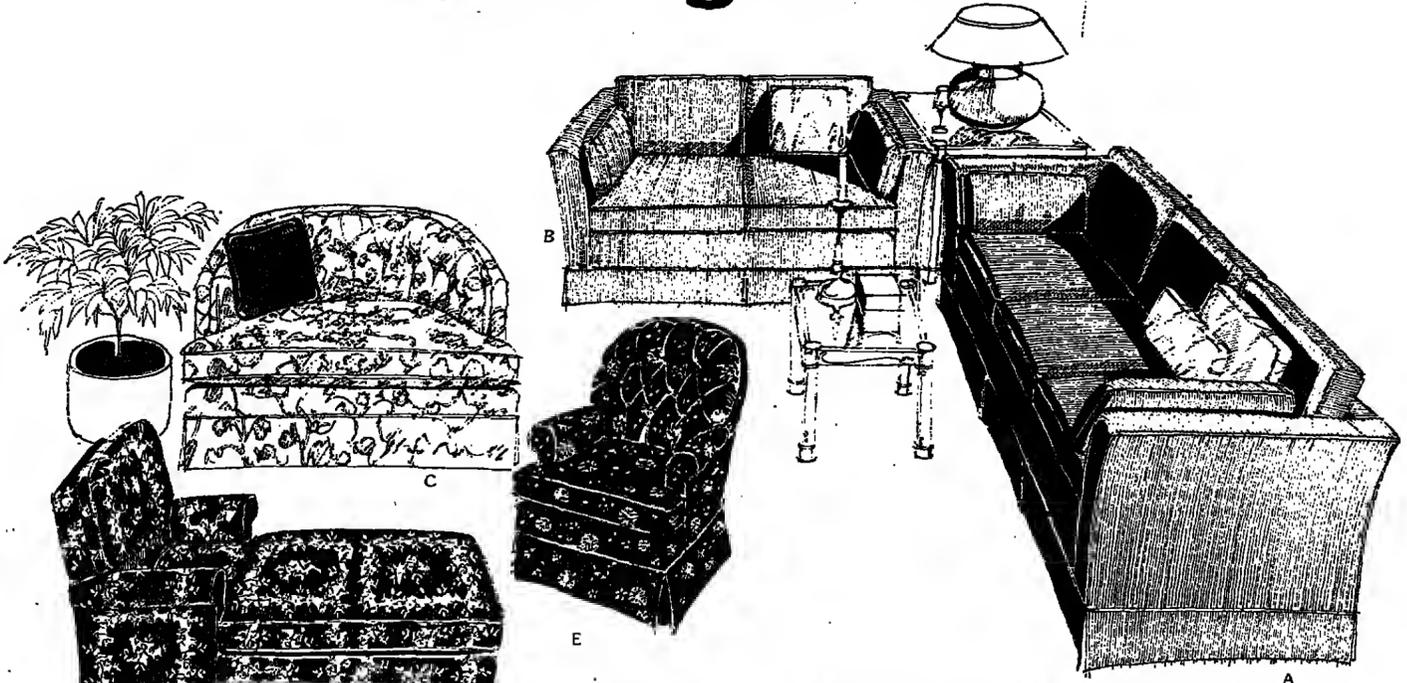
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News-break!

Altman's Furniture Sales & Bedding Event



Our Madison Group Sale saves you 100.00 on a sofa or love seat

Important savings from our fine upholstered collection designed for classic beauty, quality and comfort. Select from our regular fabric collection and allow 8 to 10 weeks for delivery. A. Tuxedo-style sofa classic as shown, reg. 599.00 **now 499.00** B. Love seat to match, reg. 499.00 **now 399.00**. Sale ends April 17th.

Save 20% on beautiful boudoir furniture

Choose from our selection of chairs, a chaise, love seat and ottoman. Select from our regular assortment of fine fabrics, for delivery in 8 to 10 weeks. 20% off regular prices. Other fabric grades also 20% off. As shown: C. Love seat, reg. 249.00 **now 199.00**. D. Chaise, reg. 339.00 **now 271.00**. E. Slipper chair, reg. 205.00 **now 164.00**. Sale ends March 31st.

Save on Italian-accent tables now 119.00

reg. 139.00. This collection of classic tables in the graceful Italian style is designed by Hammary in polished cherry veneers on selected hardwood solids. Shown: F. Coffee table, 50x21x15" G. End table, 15x25x21" H. Nest, 24x15x21" J. Oval end table, 20x27x21". Not shown: Console, 28x12x29" Also, reg. 179.00 **now 155.00**. Oval coffee table, 27x20x16". 3 weeks delivery. Sale ends March 31st.

Save by the pair or set on quilted bedding by Stearns & Foster in 3 qualities, 3 sizes

Mattresses have quilted-to-Marvelux® foam surfaces, with cotton felt upholstery over individually selected steel innerspring. Each has its own Weight-Balanced® box spring for proper support. K. Firm modified striped cotton cover, mattress or box spring: Twin ea. 79.95, pair or set, **any 2 only 116.00**. Full ea. 99.95, pair or set, **any 2 only 156.00**. Queen ea. 135.00, pair or set, **any 2 only 216.00**. L. Extra Firm floral print cotton cover, mattress or box spring: Twin ea. 89.95, pair or set, **any 2 only 136.00**. Full ea. 109.95, pair or set, **any 2 only 176.00**. Queen ea. 145.00, pair or set, **any 2 only 236.00**. M. Super Firm rayon/polyester damask cover, mattress or box spring: Twin ea. 99.95, pair or set, **any 2 only 156.00**. Full ea. 119.95, pair or set, **any 2 only 196.00**. Queen ea. 155.00, pair or set, **any 2 only 266.00**. Altman Furniture and Bedding, seventh floor, Fifth Avenue. Bedding at all branches; Furniture selection at branches except St. Davids.

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POLITICAL KILLINGS IN ARGENTINA RISE

40 Are Slain in a Week by Rightists and Leftists in at Least Six Cities

By JUAN de ONIS
Special to The New York Times

BUENOS AIRES, March 21—Rightist and leftist groups stepped up political violence in Argentina in the last week, leaving at least 40 people dead.

Nine of the dead were police officers shot down at random from speeding cars by leftist guerrillas, who also wounded four soldiers. A civilian was killed when a bomb exploded in the parking lot of the army's General Command, wounding four colonels.

The 30 other victims were primarily students and labor delegates, kidnapped by groups of armed men in their homes or on the streets at night, and later found shot to death in isolated places.

These rightist groups, which operate in Buenos Aires, Córdoba, Rosario, Mendoza, Bahía Blanca, La Plata and other cities, are believed to have close contacts with the federal and provincial police. They sometimes identify themselves with such cryptic names as "Commandos of the American Liberation."

The Political Leanings

In some cases, the members of these groups have been identified with right-wing Peronist units to conflict with left-wing Peronists opposed to the Government of President Isabel Martínez de Perón. In other cases they are identified with militant anti-Communist groups in the student bodies of universities that have been purged of leftist faculty members and students.

In the event of a military coup, armed anti-Communist civilian groups are expected to be prepared to take even wider action against persons they have listed as subversives or suspected collaborators.

As a result of military and police security operations, there are now believed to be nearly 5,000 people in jail here accused of subversive crimes. Some have been convicted, but many have been held for months without trial, "at the disposal of the executive power."

High military sources said today that the commanders of the armed forces, who are reported to be on the verge of overthrowing President Perón, have approved decrees that, in the event of a coup, would establish the death penalty for subversive activities.

No Recourse to Civil Courts

These decrees would be carried out by summary military trials under the direct responsibility of local military commanders in zones declared to be in a "state of emergency." There would be no recourse to the civil courts.

There is no death penalty under Argentine law except in time of war. Most of the political killings over the last two years have been committed by rightist vigilantes in reprisal for killings by leftists.

In November, the Argentine Congress rejected a section of a bill on national security that would have given local commanders in emergency zones the right to impose the death penalty.

Whole families of suspected leftists have been wiped out by the rightist groups. Among such victims were the father, mother and sister of Federico Guillermo Baez, once a member of the Peronist youth organization. He was accused by the police of killing Col. Rafael Reyes, the commander of the army garrison in Mar del Plata.

Mr. Baez, in hiding, sent a letter to local newspapers denying that he had a hand in the killing of Colonel Reyes, and charging that rightist students from the University of La Plata were involved in the killing of his family.

A Slaying in Hospital

The son of a former rector of the University of La Plata, Maximiliano Agoglia, was shot to death Friday by armed men and his home was destroyed by a bomb. Early today four armed and masked men entered the municipal hospital in Bahía Blanca and shot to death Nestor del Rio, an employee at the National University of Bahía Blanca. He was under treatment for injuries suffered when he was beaten by other men.

Mendoza, Mario Jorge Susso, a 27-year-old engineering student at a technical university, and Susana Mermejillo de Carrizo, 24, the wife of an oil company employee who was a member of the Communist Party, were kidnapped and shot to death.

British Find Bomb Factory

LONDON, March 21 (AP)—Scotland Yard's antiterrorism squad announced today that it had found a second Irish guerrilla bomb factory and detained five men and a woman. The seizure of explosives, detonators and other bomb-making materials in a house at Laverder Hill in south London came Friday night, two days after the discovery of a bomb factory in a nearby neighborhood, Scotland Yard said.

Libya Expels Tunisians

TUNIS, March 21 (Reuters)—More than 5,000 Tunisians have been expelled from Libya in the last three weeks, officials said here today.

6 night and day,
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are the ones,



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Summit's exotic cottons. So terrific they do them both short and long. And all with a matching scarf or ruffled shawl to play around with...your way. 6 to 16. Left to right:

Serape stripes. Natural with red, green, orange and blue. Short, 19.00. Long, 24.00

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Mexican stripes. Burgundy/black/white. Mustard/black/white. Short, 18.00. Long, 23.00. Scarves to match, 2.50. Shawls to match, 6.00.

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TRADE PANELS INTO A SNAG

at Geneva Stumble Negotiation Plan

11 TO THE NEW YORK TIMES
Z.A. March 21 — The United Nations Conference on Trade and Development was unable to agree on a special two-week session on a program of negotiations for promoting the growth of the world's developing countries.

A 3-member board separately today after abortive efforts to reach "agreed proposals" that would serve as a framework for negotiations at the assembly at Nairobi, beginning on May 5.

Representatives from the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, Sri Lanka, and Guyana, general secretary of the board's meeting that serve as a "pre-negotiation." Concrete proposals would be prepared for the assembly, where the discussions will range over a long period, financial and technical assistance of special concern to developing countries.

On behalf of the developing countries, Hortensius of the Philippines, a member of the board, said on the fact that the gap between the rich and the poor countries at the session "unfortunately led to no significant results."

Proposals contained in a program for the conference, which the developing countries had prepared in the month, had received comments and observations that were often unreservedly said in reproaching industrialized countries.

With the exception of Norway and the Netherlands, these countries were unwilling to commit themselves in any way to a program "integrated for insuring the developing lands from the effects of raw materials commodities," he said.

Mr. Hortensius has proposed the creation of a \$6 billion common fund to finance the operation of a stock program to stabilize prices of basic commodities. He would buy up and store commodities in times of surplus and release them in times of shortage.

Industrialized countries are unwilling at this time to negotiate positions, several Westerners said privately. Unless the Netherlands agrees to a separate standard for the European Common Market, and others said they would not participate in a commodities fund.

VITSYN BIDS USE CAUTION

11 TO THE NEW YORK TIMES
March 21—Aleksandr Vitsyn, the exiled Russian and political dissident, said last night that he had more freedom in the Soviet Union than he had in Spain for 10 years, according to a television program and spoke in most without interruption three quarters of an hour.

Mr. Vitsyn, who has been in Zurich, blamed the death of the Russian and dissident in Spain who committed suicide while traveling for 10 years, nobody knew could observe with him, he said. "I am not really free," he said. "I am not free because you are an example of a person who is personally experienced. I have to be in a particular place where he would like to live. Citizens cannot live in their own country. We are tied to our country. It is the local authorities who decide if one can leave."

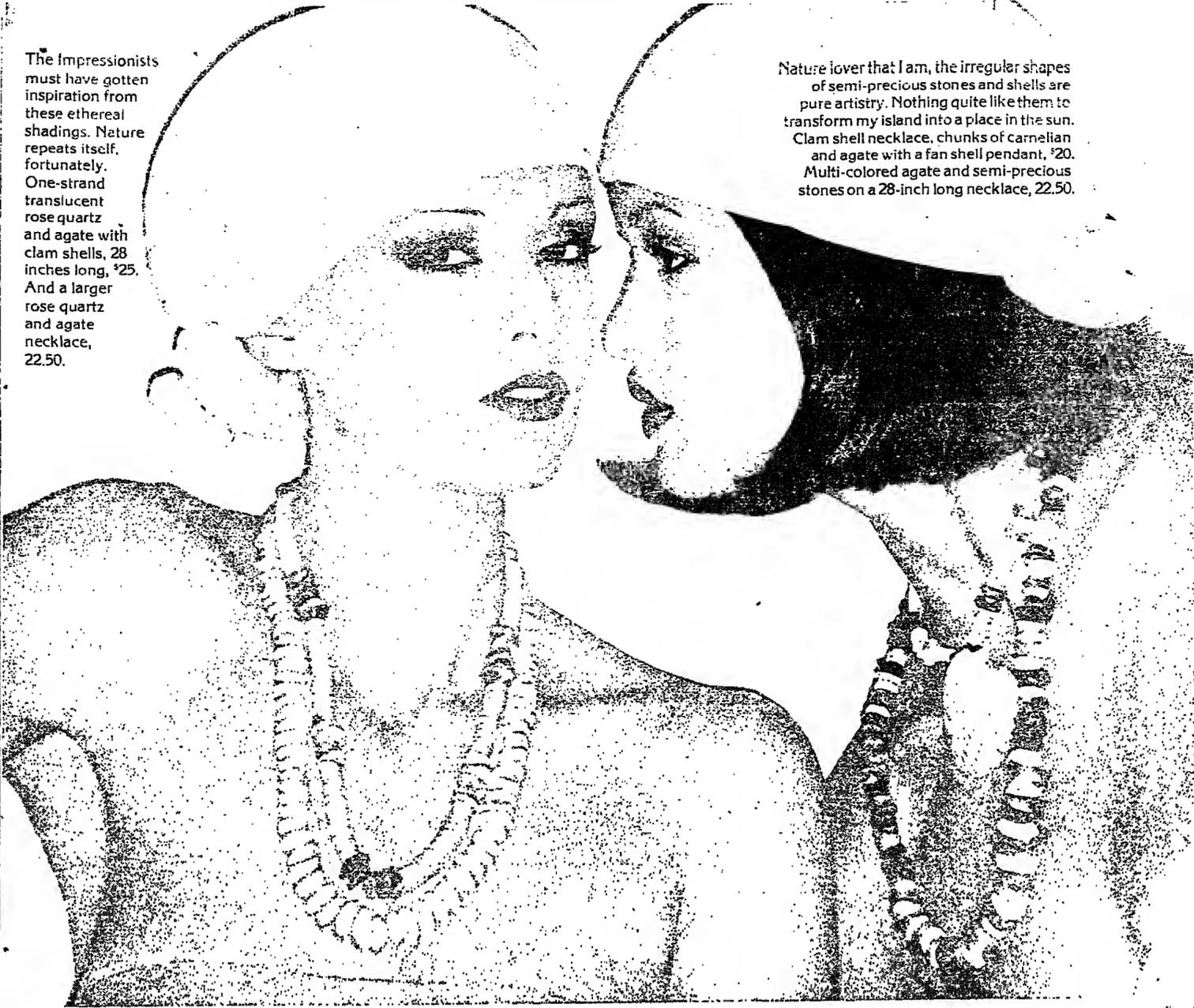
Report on China Ported Given to Ford

11 TO THE NEW YORK TIMES
President Richard Nixon and Secretary Henry A. Kissinger received a written report on his recent trip to China, Time magazine reports in its current issue, out on Monday.

Mr. Nixon indicated in his report that Chairman Mao Tse-tung had invited him as a guest of honor at a state dinner in Beijing. The United States remains in a counter-offensive with Russia, Time said. It noted the Nixon report "is sensational" in light of the fact that the former president spent about 10 hours with Prime Minister Hua Guofeng and an hour and 40 minutes with the chairman. Time magazine said that Mr. Nixon's "positive figure with a positive outlook toward U.S.-China relations" and that Kissinger termed the Nixon report "generally helpful."

The Impressionists must have gotten inspiration from these ethereal shadings. Nature repeats itself, fortunately. One-strand translucent rose quartz and agate with clam shells, 28 inches long, \$25. And a larger rose quartz and agate necklace, 22.50.

Nature lover that I am, the irregular shapes of semi-precious stones and shells are pure artistry. Nothing quite like them to transform my island into a place in the sun. Clam shell necklace, chunks of carnelian and agate with a fan shell pendant, \$20. Multi-colored agate and semi-precious stones on a 28-inch long necklace, 22.50.



"She sells sea shells" ... I couldn't resist that one. Nor could I resist adding to my collection now that summer is a few freckles away. Short pink or snow-white agate necklace, 12.50. Mother-of-pearl beads with wood barrel and cone shell pendant, 16.50. The most natural scarf to swath my head — S.F.A.'s ivory silk square, \$40.

Ever since I can remember, I've loved collecting shells. Their natural shapes and subtle tones give me great pleasure, on and off my body. Well, have I got a collection to show off my summer-bared shoulders. Long, snow-white chunky agate necklace, 22.50. Rose-colored ceramic tube beads with candy-striped shells, \$12. Fashion Jewelry Collections, Street Floor. Call (212) PL 3-4000. Add sales tax on mail and phone, 1.25 handling charge beyond our regular delivery area.

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Margaret Accused of Neglecting Duty; Sympathy Over Marriage Rift Wanes

By BERNARD WEINRAUB
Special to The New York Times

LONDON, March 21—After an initial wave of sympathy for Princess Margaret, the breakup of her marriage to Lord Snowdon stirred sharp criticism today for the first time.

The criticisms—in the widely read popular Sunday press—raised blunt questions about whether her restless life was compatible with royal family traditions.

"The public has the right to question whether Princess Margaret is setting the sort of example expected from British royalty," The Sunday People, which has a largely working-class readership of more than four million, said in a front-page editorial.

Salary Is Questioned

"If her private life isn't going to measure up to the royal standard, wouldn't she be well advised to withdraw entirely from the royal family business?" the newspaper said.

"The royals are hard workers, but Princess Margaret has for the past few years been one of the least active members of the family."

"To be frank, she hasn't earned her £35,000 a year," the newspaper added, referring to her state allowance of \$70,000.

Another highly popular newspaper, The Sunday Mirror, which also has a mass readership of trade unionists and working-class families, said that Princess Anne had quietly borne the brunt of Princess Margaret's royal duties, and said:

"Princess Margaret will have to make it abundantly clear to everyone that she is willing to turn her back on the frivolous, often bordering on irresponsible, social set which has fascinated her for so long."

Impact of the News

After more than a week of rumors, it was announced on Friday that the 45-year-old Princess and 46-year-old Lord Snowdon were separating after 16 years of marriage. An official statement said that there were no plans for divorce.

Initial reaction—from the Church of England, friends of the family and the so-called "quality press"—expressed broad sympathy for the couple and their two children, Viscount Linley, 14, and 11-year-old Lady Sarah Armstrong-Jones. Moreover, the reaction made it clear that the separation, which was expected, did not carry the same ring of scandal that followed the last major royal crisis, the abdication of Margaret's uncle, King Edward VIII, in 1936 to marry Wallis Warfield Simpson, the Duchess of Windsor, who had been divorced.

One reason for the muted reaction was that Margaret is only fifth in line to the throne. A second reason was that separation and divorce are now far more commonplace.

But by today it was evident that the royal family was deeply upset at the separation and that Princess Margaret's freewheeling life had touched a sensitive nerve in Britain, a nation engulfed in the worst inflation in Europe and plagued by economic problems.

Princess Margaret's widely publicized compassion recently has been 28-year-old Roderick Llewellyn, a graduate of socially prestigious Eton. He lives in a 30-bedroom manor house in the hamlet of Grittleton, Wiltshire, which is run as a commune—in which he is head

gardener—and where he has entertained Princess Margaret. They have also been photographed together, dressed casually, at Princess Margaret's \$60,000 villa in the Caribbean Island of Moustique.

Snowdon 'Desperately Sad'

What has further shaken the royal family—and chilled public reaction to Princess Margaret—was Lord Snowdon's brief television statement in Australia that was seen across Britain. Lord Snowdon, in Australia for an exhibition of his photographs, seen on the verge of tears.

He said that he was "desperately sad" at the breakup, asked for "understanding" from the two children and wished Princess Margaret "every happiness in the future." Lord Snowdon said, in conclusion, that he wanted "to express with the utmost humility my love, admiration and respect I will always have for her sister, her mother and, indeed, her entire family."

A court official was quoted today as saying: "It's all been a terrible tragedy. We can only hope and pray that Princess Margaret will, of her own volition, decide to return to the fold because her services are badly needed."

These services involve a steady round of travel around the country, speeches, charity benefits and openings.

Should Princess Margaret "opt out" and renounce her title, it would mean the loss of her \$70,000 state allowance and numerous other privileges, including residence at Kensington Palace.

One of the advantages to Princess Margaret of a legal separation, rather than divorce, is less pressure on her to renounce her title. Divorce is said to be anathema to the Queen and the Church of England. At the end of two years the law would allow the marriage to be brought to an end, provided both parties are willing. After five years of legal separation, one of the parties can successfully file for divorce without the consent of the other.

Although the reasons for the

separation are essentially unclear, it has been ascribed, in large part, to the contrasting life styles of the couple. Lord Snowdon was said to be unhappy with court life, sought to work as a serious photographer, and surrounded himself with men and women in the theater, movies and the arts.

Princess Margaret, on the other hand, was more at home in social circles and what has been termed the "Margaret set," with an aging group of aristocrats whose prominence flickered with Margaret's, in the early 1960's.

Perhaps the most unusual—and stinging—assessments of Margaret and the royal family came today from The Sunday Telegraph, a powerful and traditional right-wing supporter of the royal family. An article on the breakup of Margaret and Lord Snowdon, formerly Anthony Armstrong-Jones, said: "At about the time they married, British royalty was undergoing a crisis of unpopularity. The Queen herself was accused of being stuffy and out of touch. In that respect, things have wonderfully improved, not least because she has shown that the House of Hanover is capable of laughing at itself."

"The Queen Mother retained affection while keeping the royal distance. Princess Anne has stayed with the horse set, made a dull marriage. Nobody minds. Prince Charles is still in the making. So, the theory runs, the Snowdons had a unique chance to back the Queen and Prince Philip by using their influence and interests to do some bridge-building between royalty and the outside world in a way the palace could not match. That must have put an intolerable strain on the life style they both seemed to want."

The Telegraph said that Princess Margaret's future is now "in urgent need of a rescue operation."

"Sixteen years ago the talk was all about getting him a job," the newspaper said. "It ought to be about getting her one now."

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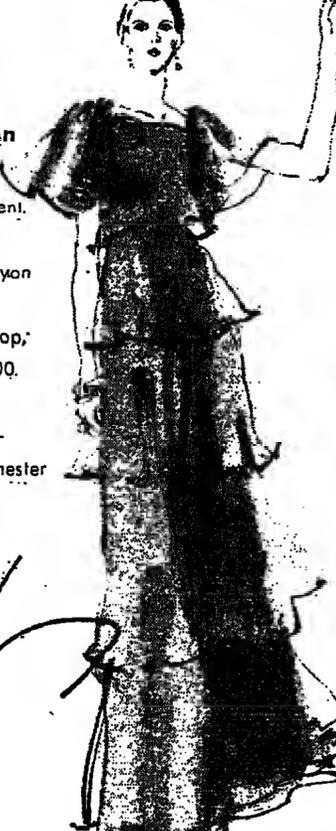
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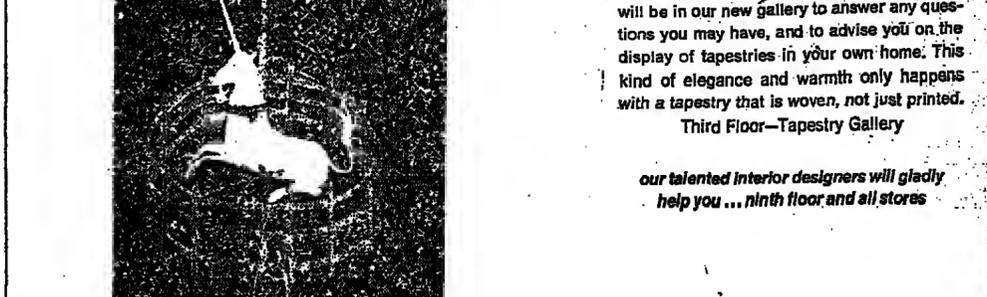
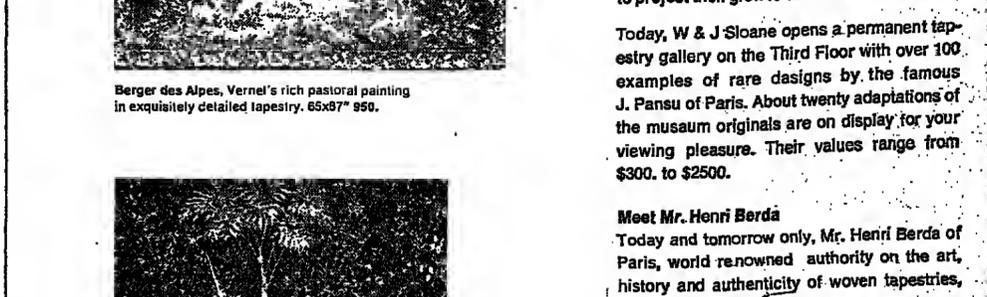
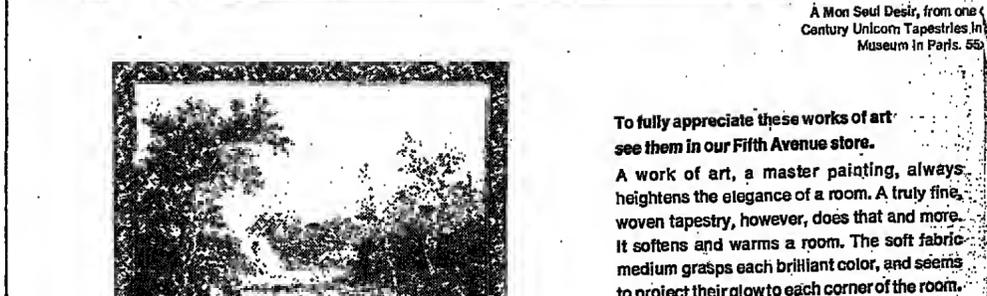
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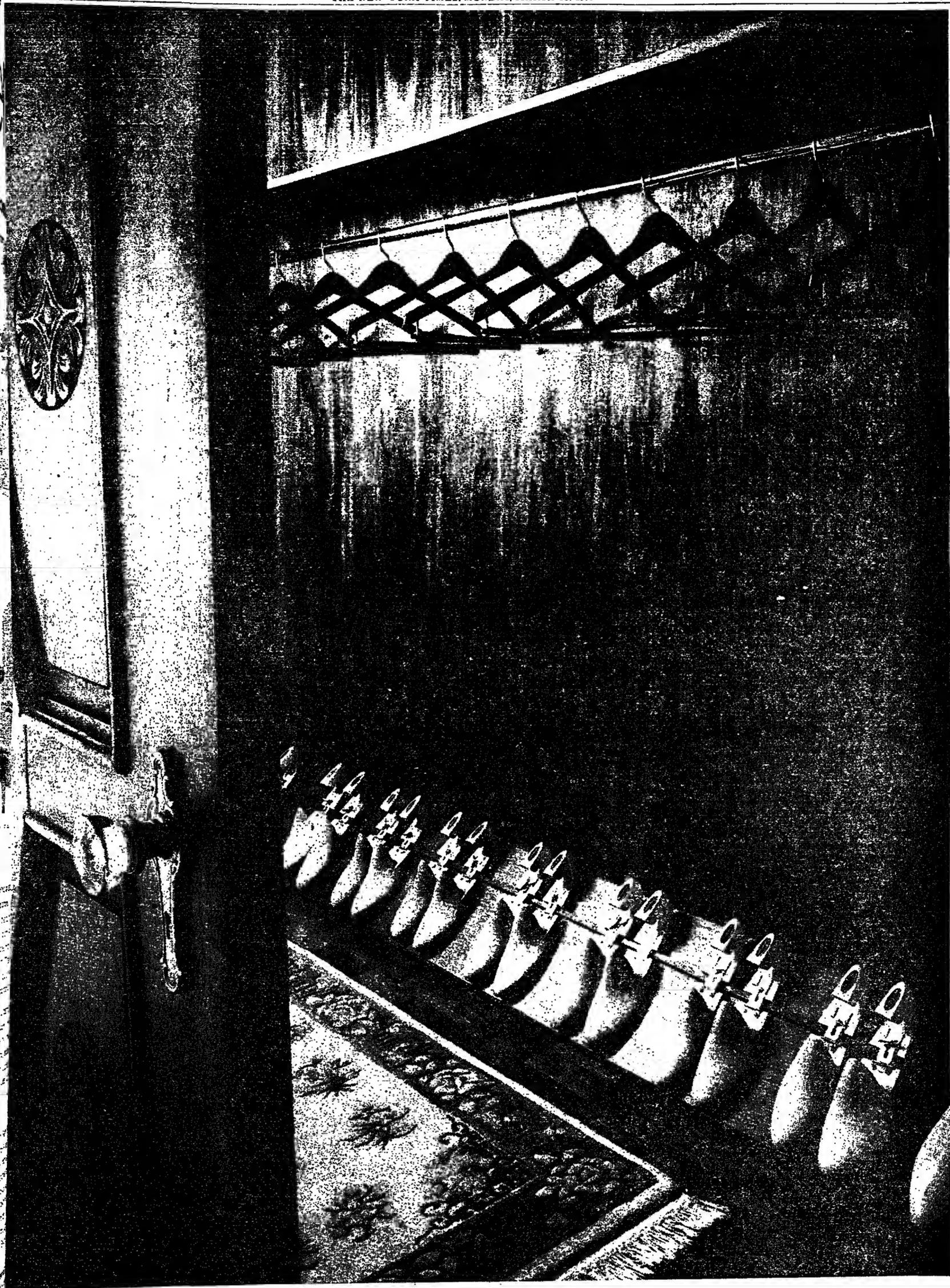
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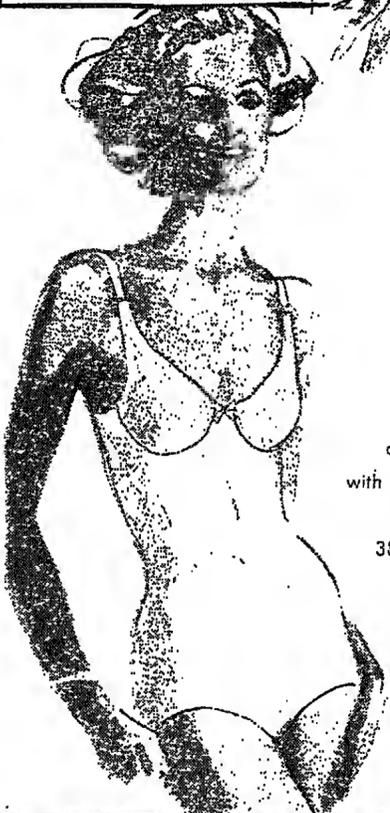
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Soviet women looking at kitchen in U.S. home exhibit

Soviet Kitchen Debates Yield Odd Views of U.S.

By DAVID K. SHIPLER

MINSK, U.S.S.R. — Once again, American kitchens display in the Soviet Union have become the scenes of debate, and the confrontations—this time between young Americans and ordinary Soviet citizens—have revealed the extent to which Soviet perceptions of the United States are permeated by bizarre images and caricatures, despite détente.

Like the famous Nixon-Khrushchev kitchen debate of 1959, these have taken place in an exhibition sponsored by the United States Information Agency, titled "Technology for the American Home" and containing model rooms, new building materials and labor-saving gadgets. It is closing now after traveling to six Soviet cities in 15 months, the longest run of any American exhibition in the Soviet Union so far.

Aside from the dishwashers and the sofa-beds, the greatest attractions have clearly been the 22 Russian-speaking American guides. They have been bombarded with questions and drawn into discussions that have provided abundant documentation of the effectiveness of Soviet propaganda about American life.

U.S. Life Seems Anarchical
"They think there are only fat capitalists and unemployed, that everybody lives either in 80 story high-rises or out in the country without electricity," said Dolores Harrod, one of the guides.
"When you tell them 72 percent of the people have their own homes, this blows their minds—they can't handle it. American life seems anarchical to them—sick people dying in the streets because they can't afford hospitals, people running around with guns like the Wild West," she said.

No Heckling Elsewhere
According to Frank A. Ursino, the exhibition's director, hardly any such heckling occurred in Baku, Tashkent, Leningrad, Moscow or Zaporozhye. But he and the guides said it had been thick in Minsk, where they have seen the same people often meet in the middle of the exhibition and then fan out to various displays.
"A guy comes up and asks you six questions in a minute so you can't answer, then says, 'Come on, stop the bull—you've got all these problems, show us your problems,'" said Thomas Robertson, a 25-year-old Princeton graduate who has completed graduate work in international studies at Johns Hopkins.

"You have people who will ask you three or four questions and you start to answer and they walk away," he said. Or the agitator will interrupt a discussion about life in the United States to ask narrow questions about a toilet on display until the crowd gets bored and disperses.
"They try to prevent any information from getting across," said John Herbst, another guide. "If they can't challenge us, they'll challenge their own people. One woman asked me about unemployment benefits; an agitator said to the woman, 'Why do you ask this question?' The woman left."

The questions do get asked, though, and Mr. Robertson estimates that only about 20 percent of the questions have concerned the exhibition. Most deal with prices, salaries, un-

employment, the cost of medical care and of higher education, racial discrimination, crime, slums—in short, the array of American problems that are dramatized and often exaggerated by the Soviet press. Curiously, the misconceptions seem little affected by the improved governmental relations between the two countries. Vera Geisel, an architect who worked at an exhibition in Minsk 11 years ago, finds no change between the questions of 1965 and 1976; only the official reception has improved.
"I'm the token Negro," said Carl Lee, "and so I get all the race questions. Their perceptions are really warped. They think that Boston is typical," he added, in a reference to the busing clash, "and that slavery just ended about five years ago."
Mr. Lee, a 27-year-old consultant to Yale University on East European and Soviet affairs, brought along a copy of Ebony magazine to show the Soviet visitors. "They are absolutely surprised that there are middle-class blacks," he said. "They have a really warped view of it—and they're all sure they know the truth."
Some Russians, regarding the Americans as propagandists, are astonished when the guides talk candidly about American problems. Joseph Repka, a 32-year-old graduate student in Slavic literature at Brown, responded to one Russian's question about problems by discussing racial prejudice, poverty, unemployment and the like.

A 19th-Century View
"You haven't mentioned the major problem," the Russian said.
"What's that?" Mr. Repka asked.
"You know," said the Russian.
"No I really don't," the guide replied.
"Well, capitalism, of course," the Russian declared.
"Their view of capitalism," Mr. Repka noted, "is a very 19th-century notion—that you have the robber baron sitting there and he owns everything and controls everything and the workers are downtrodden and have no rights."
Many of the guides have found on their tour through various Soviet republics that citizens from diverse ethnic backgrounds—Russians, Byelorussians, Lithuanians, Uzbeks and Azerbaijanis—know about unemployment in America, but not about unemployment insurance; about the high cost of medical care but not about health insurance; about the high cost of education but not about scholarships.
Furthermore, explanations of such complex financing arrangements in a free-market economy seem to confuse the Russians' sense of American life as unpredictable, chaotic and insecure.
"Life in America is very scary to them," Mr. Robertson said. "I have been asked, 'What happens when you're done with college? Do they give you a job?' I say, 'No, you have to find one yourself.' It seems to them like a very insecure place to live."
The current guides, who have traveled with the exhibition for the last six months, have been struck by the great differences in sophistication between Leningrad, where they had good, serious discussions—the same was true of Moscow, Mr. Ursino said—and the provincial cities of Minsk and Zaporozhye, where the people were often hostile and incredulous.
But everywhere, strong currents of ambivalence ran through Soviet attitudes toward the United States. David Petcler, a 22-year-old guide, summed it up:
"There are two images in their minds," he said. "The land of milk and honey and the land of unmitigated evil."



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DELAY SEEN IN PROPOSAL

No Reply to Offer Accord to Limit Atomic Weapons

BY THOMAS S. WREN

March 21—The Soviet response so far to the latest American proposal for resolving remaining differences over a new agreement on strategic arms control is a few Soviet replies as some Westerners here.

Discussions were made in Moscow that the Soviet Union's Foreign Minister Leonid I. Brezhnev, secretary of State Alexander Gromyko, said before their meeting here in January that American proposals were conveyed more fully through Ambassador Anatoly F. Dobrynin.

An American official said that a reply had been given by the middle of the month.

Speculation in some quarters here is that the delay reflects concern about the election campaign. Technical considerations well-placed Soviet officials here said that Moscow had given up on a new agreement this year, feeling that it would not be completed before the end of an American election campaign.

A Soviet source here said that the Kremlin did not see an election campaign as a new obstacle to a new agreement, which it considered in the interest of the United States.

The theory here is that the delay might be holding back the United States relationship. But American diplomats and officials here discounted this.

They felt Moscow was giving priority to commitments outlined by President Jimmy Carter and President Leonid Brezhnev in Vladivostok in 1973.

They said that the United States review of the Soviet press has pedaled its disapproval of the tougher line on arms control that President Ford has taken in his speeches. The weekly Novoye Vremya in its current issue has a concept of "peace with strength," which Mr. Brezhnev had failed to do anything but the defeat of the United States in Indochina.

Communist Party officials here said that the "fashionable" against relaxations, but it is responsible American officials still understood that West relations are a threat of nuclear war, while they have stressed American public opinion.

They said that the American negotiators may be worried, but they have not expressed any concern over Washington's last week of negotiations on energy, commerce because of involvement in Angola just to that are of as to you," one Soviet official said. In fact, 400 group exchanges between two countries have had for the rest of the world.

They said that American negotiators have been meeting daily in a agreement defining an of nuclear test. It is uncertain when it will finish before a deadline, when a pact limiting nuclear tests to a size of 150 kilotons is expected. A diplomatic effort here has reported progress here has reported a hurdle—on-site inspections have been overcome, agreement within a few days.

They said that the Brezhnev deadline is not a response to the new arms-limitation proposal. The Soviet Communist Party Congress, it was said, might be working out a Moscow could offer Congress, which is more than two weeks away, Soviet source pointed out.

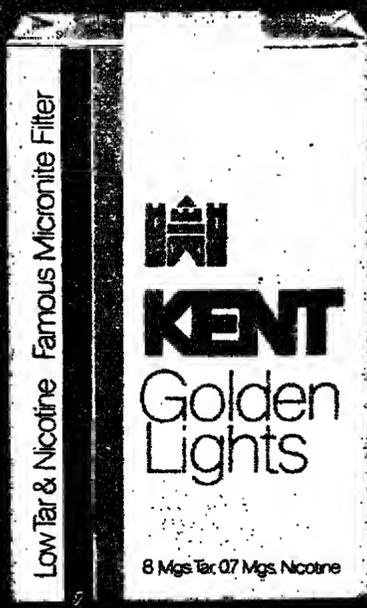
They said that Mr. Brezhnev had new strategic arms program. The agreement outlined at Vladivostok in November 1973 is on the Soviet side to 2,400 medium-range bombers, 1,320 missiles could be deployed. The agreement would require a Soviet bomber, a Backfire to the United States, and the drone cruise missile to be included in those arms.

They said that Mr. Brezhnev would reduce the number of arms by several hundred, not counting the number of arms.



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Scholars, Meeting in Toronto, Troubled on India

SPECIAL TO THE NEW YORK TIMES
TORONTO, March 21—Concern over the political trends in India has been expressed here by prominent specialists in Indian affairs at the 28th annual meeting of the Association for Asian Studies.

About 2,000 professors and others from universities and scholarly organizations in the United States, Canada and other countries are attending the three-day discussions.

Expansion of the centrally controlled police, a paramilitary force, to 600,000 has made it unnecessary for Prime Minister Indira Gandhi to risk "politicizing" the military by using the army to maintain internal order, said Prof. Myron Weiner of the Massachusetts Institute of Technology.

The strengthening of domestic intelligence services, and making them responsible to the Prime Minister's office, made possible the thousands of arrests immediately upon the declaration of the emergency last June, Professor Weiner declared.

Meanwhile, he said, the Youth Congress, led by the Prime Minister's younger son, Sanjay, has undercut the strength of militant Indian Marxists among the disaffected young, including a hoodlum element that now follows the Government instead of the Communists.

Institutions once employed to implement the policies of a parliamentary democracy have been "not destroyed, but strengthened," to enforce the authoritarian emergency measures, Professor Weiner declared.



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Spain, Under Pressure, Acts Slowly on Changes

PEKING FINDS A LACK IN ARABIC ALPHABET

By HENRY GINIGER
MADRID, March 21—Of seven proposed measures to change the political and social face of Spain, the three-month-old Government has acted on four, and only one of those is in effect.

The Government, which outlined its plan of political changes in January, has been caught in a crossfire of criticism from groups to its left that term its performance inadequate and fear it is undermining the political and social system set up by Franco.

The only one of the seven measures that is now in effect is a decree limiting last summer's anti-terrorism law, which had provisions for summary legal action and punishment against such a wide variety of dissidence that it posed a threat to all opposition activity.

Three of the proposed measures—on the right of assembly, the right of association and a restriction on the right of authorities to declare assemblies and associations illegal—have been approved for action in Parliament.

Three other measures are under study. They would transform the Parliament into a bicameral legislature, reorganize the state-run labor syndicates and set out the mode of elections and how parties—which have been illegal—would compete in them.

The first of the three bills approved for action by Parliament would limit the sweeping powers that the government has enjoyed to suppress the right of assembly. Until now any gathering of more than 20 persons has been subject to official regulation and authorization.

Under the proposed measure, the organizers of an indoor meeting would theoretically no longer need permission but would have only to notify the governor of the province three days in advance, specifying when, where and for what and the meeting is to be held.

The Governor may ask for more information if he has a "reasonable doubt" of the legality of the gathering, a stipulation that implies power to forbid it.

In the case of open-air meetings, permission must be requested 10 days in advance, so impromptu demonstrations of protest are precluded. If the governor has given no answer within five days, his silence is assumed to mean consent.

The second measure, on the right of association, would open the way for the formation of political parties outside the control of the National Movement, the Fascist-inspired political framework set up under Franco after the Civil War of 1936-39.

The first Government of Prime Minister Carlos Arias Navarro, and the last under Franco, devised an association law that gave the movement the power to approve and supervise all political associations, which, in turn, had to swear fidelity to its principles.

Such a restriction doomed the measure from the start because only those groups faithful to the regime were willing to accept it. The opposition continued to be left out in the cold.

Under the new bill, the Ministry of the Interior would give authorization for a party, and its decisions could be appealed to a special court called the Tribunal of Guarantees. The National Movement would thus presumably cease to have any precise function or place in political life.

Communist Party Barred

Groups that would be barred are those that seek to establish a totalitarian regime, that endanger the sovereignty, integrity, independence or security of the nation, that use violence or subversion or that are contrary to public morals. This would preclude, in particular, the Communist Party and other extreme Marxist groups and separatist groups like the Basque organization E.T.A.

Groups would not have to have a minimum number of members distributed over a minimum number of provinces, as under the old law, and could thus be formed on a regional basis.

The third measure concerns changes in the penal code as a necessary legal complement to the bills on assembly and association. The present vaguely worded code gives the government sweeping and arbitrary powers such as Article 172, which says, in part, that illegal associations are "those prohibited by the competent authority."

Such associations include, for example, those that seek to

destroy or weaken "national sentiment" or seek to implant a regime based on the division of Spaniards into political or class groups of whatever kind. Although the changes have not been specified as yet, the new code would be more specific and less arbitrary and restrictive.

Bicameral Legislature Planned

Three major measures are still to come. One concerns the transformation of the present Parliament into a bicameral legislature. It is presumed that the lower house will be elected by universal suffrage but this is not certain. The upper house may incorporate the National Movement as a way of insuring its survival.

The second measure concerns reorganization of the present state-run syndicate organization in which workers and employers are joined under gov-

ernment control. The plan is to for 40 years in danger of destruction. The powerful and influential representative organizations free of government control. The third contemplated change is an electoral law setting out the mode of elections system and how parties would compete in them.

Government opponents on the left and in the center are critical of the whole program because those changes already drawn up contain restrictions and allow the government less freedom to exercise arbitrary will; because the measures have been submitted to an essentially anti-reformist Parliament where they may languish for months and emerge in a still more restrictive form; and because those changes yet to be come are uncertain in nature and timing.

The right, on the other hand, fears the system it supported is not

separate labor and management into their own independent and representative organizations. Confederation of Civil War Veterans issued a manifesto today declaring it would oppose any move toward a party system.

This followed a speech by the confederation's leader, Jose Antonio Giron, Minister of Labor under Franco for some 16 years, who said Franco's regime was the only one that veterans would accept. He said he could agree to changes only if they do not erode the bases of the regime and are freely accepted by the Spanish.

Mr. Giron is a member of the commission now drawing up the reform program as well as a member of Parliament. His ability to overthrow the Government is discounted but his ability to block the changes is not.

PEKING (Agence France-Press)—The Chinese have found that the intricacies of the Arabic alphabet slow down the development of the revolution and the building of socialism.

Hsinhua, the official Chinese press Agency, reported on the Latinization of the Uighur and Kazakh languages in Sinkiang, a Chinese autonomous region on the Soviet frontier.

"The old Uighur and Kazakh scripts, based on the Arabic alphabet, were very hard to learn, write and use," Hsinhua said they did not correspond with the need to develop the revolution and build socialism. The agency continued: "The people of the various nationalities ardently desired a reform of those languages. Speaking in concrete terms, they were hoping for the Latinization of the old Uighur and Kazakh languages."

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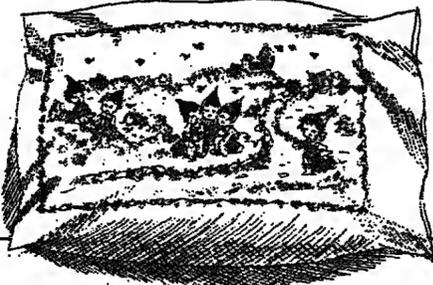
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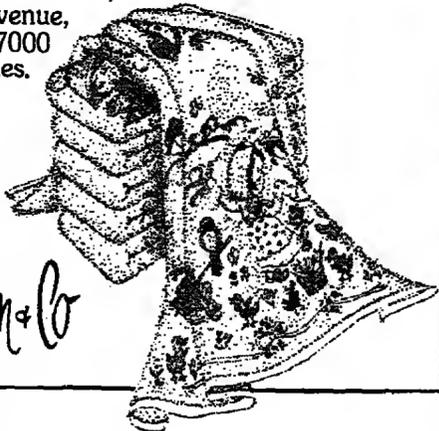
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New President of Tufts

Jean Mayer

By MARY BREASTED
That Dr. Jean Mayer, the scholarly looking Harvard nutritionist and newspaper health columnist, has been chosen from almost 400 candidates, to be the 10th president of Tufts University should surprise no one familiar with his history.



Collects honors, titles and degrees.

The 56-year-old French-born physiologist was one of the brightest students in his lycée (the Louis-le-Grand in Paris), a magna cum laude student at the University of Paris, and a highly decorated officer in the French Army. In the war he escaped from a German prison camp and went on to fight with the Free French forces during the Allied invasion of World War II, and won the Croix de Guerre with gold star, bronze star and two palms; the Resistance Medal and the rank of chevalier in the Legion of Honor.

That was only the beginning of his collection of honors, titles and degrees.

After the war, he decided to settle in the United States with his American wife, the former Elizabeth Van Huysen of Boston.

The couple, who have five children, were later to live in Cambridge, Mass., but at first, Dr. Mayer studied physiological chemistry at Yale University, from which he received his Ph.D. In 1950, the University of Paris awarded him a D.Sc. degree, summa cum laude, and that year he became an assistant professor of nutrition at Harvard.

Held United Nations Post

His writings on population and nutrition, especially on the problem of obesity, which he called "a disease of civilization," earned him an international reputation. The World Health Organization of the United Nations employed him as a consultant in the 1960's when he was pursuing his academic career.

Paper Attacks Rizzo For Inaction by Police

PHILADELPHIA, March 21 (UPI) — The Philadelphia Inquirer assailed Mayor Frank L. Rizzo today for not ordering the police to break up a 10-hour demonstration by about 200 construction union employees that disrupted the publication of the newspaper's Saturday editions.

In an editorial, The Inquirer said that Mr. Rizzo was responsible for a "break-down of the law" in not instructing the police to disperse the protesters, who had set up a locked-arm picket line around the newspaper's building Friday and prevented newspaper employees from entering.

The pickets, protesting alleged antiunion bias at the newspaper, were finally dispersed after Federal District Judge Edward Becker issued a temporary restraining order against mass picketing. A hearing in the case is scheduled for Thursday. Thomas J. Magrann, business manager of the Building and Construction Trades Council of Philadelphia, denied the demonstration was in support of Mr. Rizzo in his \$6 million libel suit against the newspaper for a satirical column published in The Inquirer's March 14 editions.

and lecturing throughout the world on international health problems.

In 1969, two years after Dr. Mayer joined the Citizens Crusade Against Poverty, helping the group investigate hunger problems in the United States, President Nixon named him a special White House consultant on nutrition. In that capacity, he organized the White House Conference on Food, Nutrition and Health in 1969.

Dr. Mayer took a leave of absence from Harvard to organize the conference, putting in long hours behind a desk and neglecting his former waist-trimming pursuits (swimming, tennis and skiing). As a result, a few months after he arrived in Washington he complained that he felt tired and bad put on weight.

The public pressure generated by the White House Conference was thought to be the major factor that persuaded President Nixon to advocate new food stamp programs and expanded school lunch programs for needy children. Mr. Nixon did this at the end of the conference in December 1969.

Back to Harvard in '70

In January 1970, Dr. Mayer returned to Harvard, which had appointed him a full professor in 1965. In addition, in recent years he has served as master of Dudley House, an administrative position similar to that of a dean. He has continued to serve as a Presidential adviser and is now on President Ford's consumer advisory council. In addition, he regularly produces his syndicated column on nutrition, which appears in 110 newspapers.

Dr. Mayer, was born in Paris on Feb. 19, 1920. His father, André, was a noted physiologist who taught at the College de France and served as president of the French Academy of Medicine. At Tufts, Dr. Mayer, who takes office July 1, will succeed Burton C. Hallowell. He will preside over an institution with four undergraduate colleges and five graduate schools. His main research is in the Metford-Semerville sections of Boston and the schools of medicine, dentistry and fine arts are in downtown Boston.

About his wife, Dr. Mayer has humorously told Current Biography that her maiden name Van Huysen, should not be confused with the Van Heusen shirt fortune.

His wife's face, he said, "is her fortune, and we have lived in happy poverty ever since."

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MILMORE HOTEL 43rd St. & Madison Ave.	TUESDAY Mar. 16 or 23 8:30 pm	TUES Mar. 20 8:30 pm	PELHAM PARKWAY Bronx House 950 Pelham Parkway, So. (East. Haves & Queens)	WEDNESDAY Mar. 17 or 24 8 pm
SOCIETY FOR ADVANCEMENT OF JUDAISM 15 West 80th St.	TUESDAY Mar. 16 or 23 7:30 pm	TUES Mar. 20 7:30 pm	FORDHAM Fordham Methodist Church 2543 Marston Ave. (North of Parkham Rd.)	THURSDAY Morning Mar. 20 or 27 10 am
PHARMACEUTICAL SOCIETY 117 E. 95th St.	TUESDAY Mar. 16 or 23 7:30 pm	TUES Mar. 20 7:30 pm	queens	
307TH AVENUE HOTEL 5th Ave. & 8th St.	WEDNESDAY Mar. 17 or 24 8:30 pm	WED Mar. 21 8:30 pm	FORST HILLS Seymour Kay's Rest. 289th St. & Haverly (At 75th St.)	TUESDAY Mar. 16 or 23 8 pm
PARK AVE. METHODIST CHURCH 185 East 85th St.	WEDNESDAY Mar. 17 or 24 7:30 pm	WED Mar. 21 7:30 pm	LITTLE NECK Temple Torah 55-27 Little Neck Pkwy. (2 Mts. N. of L.I. Exwy.)	TUESDAY Mar. 16 or 23 8 pm
WARWICK HOTEL 64th St. & 5th Ave.	THURSDAY Mar. 18 or 25 8:30 pm	THURS Mar. 21 8:30 pm	BAYSIDE Adrie Motor Inn 228-33 Northern Blvd. (1 Mts. N. of Cross Is. Pkwy.)	WEDNESDAY Mar. 17 or 24 8 pm
brooklyn			connecticut	
CAROLINE Temple of Esoteric 1500 Rockaway Pkwy.	MONDAY Mar. 15 or 22 8 pm	MON Mar. 23 7:30 pm	NORWALK Norwalk Motor Inn East 15. Lane, Towhee	MONDAY Mar. 15 8 pm
PLATTSBURGH Capequillies Bath Towel 1651 Ocean Pkwy. (Between Aves. J & K)	TUESDAY Mar. 16 or 23 8 pm	TUES Mar. 20 7:30 pm	GREENWICH YMCA 229 N. Putnam Avenue	TUESDAY Mar. 16 8 pm
BAY RIDGE Church of the Good Shepherd 7428 4th Ave.	TUESDAY Mar. 15 or 23 8 pm	TUES Mar. 20 7:30 pm	STAMFORD St. Stamford Cong. Church (Canaan St. & Cannonsby Hl.)	WEDNESDAY Mar. 17 8 pm
HILL BASIN Temple Shalom 2875 E. 89th St. (Leamer Ave. W)	WEDNESDAY Mar. 17 or 24 8 pm	To be announced	NEW CANAAN St. Mark's Church 111 Dencks Ridge Road	THURSDAY Mar. 18 or 25 8 pm
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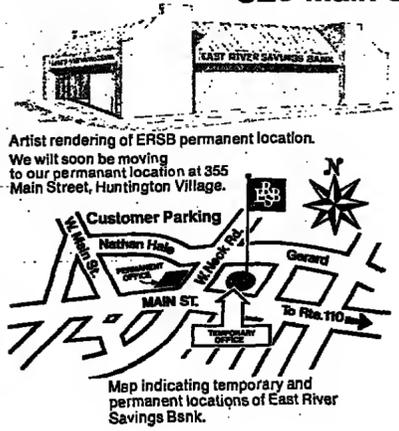
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★ FREE SOUVENIRS FOR ALL VISITORS ★

ator Church, on Coast, ests a Long-Shot Gamble

By LINDA CHARLTON
Special to The New York Times

ANGELES, March 21—A campaign is only starting to find its shape. He said, "we're still lifting it off the ground." In the crucial, population-heavy southern section of the state, the coordinator is Michael Novelli, a San Francisco-based professional political consultant, who is as frank as almost everyone else in the campaign about its riskiness. But Mr. Novelli sees two large "natural" Church constituencies here. They are the elderly, in whose behalf Mr. Church has been active as a Senator, and the liberal political activists who he feels have not thus far become excited about any of the other candidates.



Senator Frank Church in Hollywood yesterday.

Coast Democrats Play Down Controversy in Platform Proposals

By LES LEBETTER
Special to The New York Times

SAN FRANCISCO, March 21—Ghosts of the 1972 Presidential campaign seemed to haunt the final meeting here yesterday of the California Democratic Party Commission on Platform and Policy. The bitter personal and ideological in-fighting that are said to have alienated voters that year were mentioned by 30 party regulars assigned to work out the final statement. The state party wants incorporated in the national Democratic Party platform later this spring. There was an obvious effort, therefore, to avoid provocative words and phrases even when describing the controversial position arrived at through months of public hearings by commission subcommittees.

For instance, although the disabled, the elderly and Americans' right to an abortion, veterans and homosexuals, and desegregating for all ethnic, racial and social minorities. The California platform avoids the words "abortion" and "busing." Instead, the document affirms the "right to individual control over the use and functions of one's body" and says "transportation of students is another tool to accomplish integration and must continue to be available." The other commissioners laughed along with Hilary Gowatte Burke in an opening statement when she prefaced her presentation of the plank on human rights by saying, "I want to correct any perception that I am some crazy, freaky, radical socialist." Then they carefully proceeded to debate the plank that supports equal rights for the

one of the other Democratic candidates amasses a leading lead—or even if all wins in the Wisconsin primary April 6 and does tedly well in New York same day—Mr. Church ite likely drop out or think very hard about rding to sources close to the candidate.

governor Brown did, and he is now saying that California's primary will be viewed as a "red" race, with the ed between Governor as a favorite son and other candidates as serious contenders.

Church and Mr. Brown. By in Sacramento Friday Senator has challenged year-old Governor to "the issues," and Mr. as said, in effect, that "think about it. Meanie 51-year-old Mr. tosses off occasional ch as declaring his at the Presidency is urified governorship."

or Brown's entry was t, Mr. Church's supporters tell of state fig- in and out of gov- who were leaning toward him until the announced, and who ce telephoned quietly ss their regrets and shat, of course, they to the Governor.

Church made his official Idaho, his te, on Thursday and California with a brief Portland, Ore., for a ort rally. is campaign organiza- just beginning to put igher—Church head- opened in Los Angeles Francisco only this he has concentrated sion interviews and ferences.

On Real Issues e, he is always asked omia's liberals should im rather than anoth- tock reply is that the s are not being talked y any candidate but

issues, in his view, dly, what he calls the n and arrogance of nt at home and and of big business, relates most other these.

about unemployment, ple, he talks about ssary of finding a "m" solution through re- se tax laws that make profitable for Amer- ed multinational cor- s to invest abroad, e says siphons off 150- e jobs each year.

essed, Mr. Church ad- the conventional Dem- wisdom of full em- it but favors "rejuve- he private sector" rather government programs. r, he has proposed few remedies for national

principal themes lend ves to reminders that been prominent in Con- sal investigations of ment corruption and of tional corporations. often does remind his ners that "I am the only ho has made such inves-

is. Mr. Church's coor- in the northern part state, admits that the

tion Unit to Certify ast Million Today

ASHINGTON, March 21—The Federal Election Commission meets tomorrow to certify a final \$1 million presidential candidates e its authority to give he matching funds ex- under a Supreme Court

far this year, the com- on has certified \$11.6 n to 14 Presidential dates under a plan that money designated by yers for the Presidential sign. Once candidates raised \$5,000 in dona- of \$250 or less in each states, they are entitled illar-for-dollar matching y.

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one of your nose-to-the-keys pianists, but one of the older school of exciting gazers and head tossers whose summa cum laude graduates include Arthur Schnitger and Rudolf Serkin.

Perahia produced somewhat leaner and drier sonorities than would have been ideal, particularly in the Schumann, but he never drove his playing into harshness or brittleness, as so many technique-pride pianists do when they lose track of the musical point.

NEW YORK CITY OPERA

Table with opera schedule: TUES. MAR. 23 8:00 CARMEN, THURS. MAR. 25 8:00 LA TRAVIATA, FRI. MAR. 26 8:00 IL RITORNELLO, SAT. MAR. 27 8:00 LUCRETIA BORGIA, SUN. MAR. 28 7:00 LA TRAVIATA, MON. MAR. 29 8:00 CARMEN, TUE. MAR. 30 8:00 LUCRETIA BORGIA, WED. MAR. 31 8:00 LUCRETIA BORGIA, THURS. APR. 1 8:00 ASHMETA, FRI. APR. 2 8:00 TURANDOT, SAT. APR. 3 2:00 LA BOHEME, SUN. APR. 4 1:00 ASHMETA, MON. APR. 5 7:00 LUCRETIA BORGIA.

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BARGAIN FINDER This guide book by Consumers Alliance, a non-profit organization, lists Rothman as one of New York's best-dollar-value shops.

A GREAT NEWSPAPER It wrote up Rothman's album of famous customers, containing the signatures of hundreds of notables the world over.

ANOTHER GREAT NEWSPAPER It editorialized on the way inflation-weary men are turning to discount stores; with the lead paragraph devoted to Rothman's.

Above are just a few of the unsolicited, unpaid-for praises constantly bestowed on us for our fabulous discount values. Are we pleased? Of course. But our greatest satisfaction comes when a customer's eyes light up as he recognizes the expensive, national brands we carry, even with the labels removed. When a man sees a \$245 suit marked \$135 at Rothman's, he knows it's a \$245 suit. Others proportionally priced. Special purchases of top-quality manufacturer's overproductions, plus our low mark-up policy, give our discounts a special charisma. They're the real thing! Below we've listed a handful of the thousands of exciting new fashions now on our racks. To our regular customers, praises for our superlative values come as no surprise. They know! Can you think of a more timely opportunity for you to know us, too?

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Bridge: Levitt Team Leads in Final of Women's Knockout Play

By ALAN TRUSCOTT

KANSAS CITY, Mo., March 21 — A strong East Coast foursome battled the 1976 United States women's world championship team here this afternoon in the final of the first National Women's Knockout Team Championship, concluding 10 days of play in the American Contract Bridge League's Spring Nationals.

Evelyn Levitt of Wilmington, Del., Helen Smith of Philadelphia, Lila Perlestein of Brooklyn, L.I., and Vivian Whalen of Sea Cliff, L.I., faced Dorothy Hayden Truscott, Gail Moss, Jacqui Mitchell, all New York, Emma Jean Hawes of Fort Worth, Marilyn Johnson of Houston, and Mary Jane Farrell of Los Angeles, who will compete in Monte Carlo in May in the hope of bringing the United States its first world women's team title.

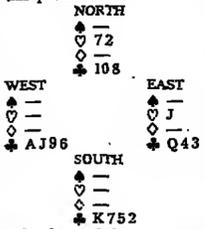
At the half-way stage in the match the Levitt team led by 7 points. The Levitt quartet scored two straight upsets, ousting the second-seeded team, a powerful group headed by Edith Kemp of Miami Beach, by 10 points in the quarter-final and then rallying in the last quarter of the semifinal to snatch a 2-point victory against the third-seeded team led by Esta Van Zandt of Houston. In the other semifinal, the Truscott team trailed by 2 points at the half-way stage against Eunice Rosen of Chicago and her team, but dominated play in the second half and won by 84 points.

Open Pair Leaders Leading the open pair championship into the final session tonight were: First, Paul Ivaska of Culver City, Calif., and Tony Kasday of Scarborough, Me., 45½ match points; second, Ernest Ivey of Colorado Springs, Colo., and Terry House of San Jose, Calif., 45½, and third, Marian Weed and Dorothy Moore of Dallas, 43½.

The most successful partnership in recent years has been Dr. Richard Katz of Los Angeles and Larry Cohen, who won an intercollegiate title, representing the University of Wisconsin a decade ago, and have gone from strength to strength ever since. Before their success last week in retaining their Vanderbilt Knockout Team title, they had achieved the incredible feat of winning all four major national team titles in less than two years. It is a slight disappointment to them that their original hiding methods, described in

queen was finessed with some confidence, since West's opening bid made it almost certain that he held the heart king. The declarer then went to work on diamonds, leading the king from dummy and dropping the eight from his hand. When West's queen appeared he continued with the seven, planning to play for the ten and nine to be on his right. East played low, and the seven won the trick.

Two more diamonds were cashed, and West was in some trouble for discards. If he had known that his partner held the club queen he could have easily parted with a card in that suit. As it was, he gave up two spades and the heart king on the diamonds. The heart discard was aimed at preventing a throw-in and did no harm. But the spade discards proved fatal. South led a spade, and West took his ace and led the heart ten. South took the ace in dummy, discarded his remaining heart on the spade queen, and reached this position:



South needed one more trick, and could not be prevented from making it when

Today's Hand

NORTH
♠ Q86
♥ AQT2
♦ K752
♣ 108

WEST (D)
♠ AJ752
♥ K106
♦ Q
♣ AJ96

EAST
♠ 1083
♥ J84
♦ 10943
♣ Q43

SOUTH
♠ K4
♥ 953
♦ AJ86
♣ K752

East and West were vulnerable. The bidding: West North East South 1 ♠ Pass Pass Dbl. Pass 2 ♠ Pass 2 N.T. Pass 3 N.T. Pass Pass West led the spade five.

he led the club ten from the dummy. If East had ducked, South would have done the same. In practice, East covered with the queen, and the king was taken with the ace. The club seven won the last trick and the game was made, giving the Rosenkranz team 11 international match points, since one spade by West scored an overtrick in the replay.

"I'm glad you had the seven-of-clubs partner," observed up the game. "I wouldn't have had my double without it," was the obvious retort from the contented declarer—an accurate statement considering that he did not quite have his double even with the crucial card.

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A Clockwork Auchincloss

By CHRISTOPHER LEHMANN-HAUPT

WINTHROP COVENANT. By Louis Auchincloss. 246 pages. Houghton Mifflin, \$8.95.

It is the good news. There are two more pieces in Louis Auchincloss's collection of thematically linked stories, "The Winthrop Covenant," of them. "In the Beauty of the Lilies" was Born Across the Sea," a pillar of mid-19th-century New City society who takes it upon himself to scotch a love affair his law partner is about consummate.

Another "The C," involves a relationship between a connoisseur of the arts and a lady novelist trying to retrace the ways of her ancestor in the social arena, know the ways of the past in the conflict, in resolution perhaps they are in worth of the admittance of these nine variations on the Puritan ethic as it has manifested throughout American history from the present.



Louis Auchincloss

Mr. Auchincloss does it all—stuffy clubmen, alcoholic wives, 18th-century divines, Protestants, Catholics and Jews. But you long for the characters to drop out of the machinery. You wish that one or two of them would slip and fall on the polished dialogue, and find themselves at a loss for words or uttering ungrammatical sentences. In short, you want the mechanism to break down.

Pursued by the Furies

again, perhaps they are not, for news about "The Winthrop Covenant" about overwhelms the good. The bad news is that outside of two strong stories, Mr. Auchincloss's work runs too much like clockwork. He carefully calibrated and utterly precise. Take the collection's third story, "The Martyr," for example. This one Rebecca Winthrop Bayard, an 18th-century Hudson River and the granddaughter of the Wait Still Winthrop, who presided Salem witch trials (and whose attempt to prepare himself for heaven with-utinating that he may have erred on of harshness is the subject of the second story, "The Fall").

Bayard is afraid that because Salem grandfather, her children are pursued by the furies. So her a Negro to play the role of a who may have been falsely accused, so that Rebecca can smuggle of New York City in her carriage that, because she has survived a has finally exorcised "the Winthrop's" Unhappily, Rebecca's daughter is enough of the plot to think that her's stowaway is the real fugitive, seizure of Puritan conscience goes

to the authorities, as a consequence of which the innocent man is lynched. The plot is as contrived as the irony is heavy. The story lacks flesh or ambiguity to muffle the ticking. Wind it up and watch it demonstrate Mr. Auchincloss's point.

And so it goes throughout most of "The Winthrop Covenant." Precisely, Mr. Auchincloss fashions every imaginable shape of the Puritan conscience—from that of the original Winthrop who founds and governs the Massachusetts Bay Colony (and exiles religious dissidents from it) in the first story, "The Covenant," to that of John Winthrop Gardiner, who serves the American war effort in Vietnam (and exiles his Army-deserter son from his affections) in the ninth and final story, "The Penultimate Puritan." Adroitly, Mr. Auchincloss fits the parts together—into everything from a memoir recorded by a diplomat recalling negotiations with Talleyrand for the Louisiana Purchase ("The Diplomat"), to a journal kept by a church-school chaplain who is observing the erratic behavior of his headmaster ("The Mystic Journal"), to the letter written by the mother to her Army-deserter son ("The Penultimate Puritan").

Mr. Auchincloss does it all—stuffy clubmen, alcoholic wives, 18th-century divines, Protestants, Catholics and Jews. But you long for the characters to drop out of the machinery. You wish that one or two of them would slip and fall on the polished dialogue, and find themselves at a loss for words or uttering ungrammatical sentences. In short, you want the mechanism to break down.

The Two Exceptions

What accounts then for the two exceptions to Mr. Auchincloss's slickness—the two stories that transport you beyond an awareness of the machinery the author is building? My sense is that in both "In the Beauty of the Lilies . . ." and "The Archer," he forgot the instructions for his larger plan and became more interested in the stories themselves. And I think he did so because in both of them he is doing what he so often does best, which is to take a character whom he secretly admires and sympathizes with and show why that character is in the wrong. (In the case of "In the Beauty of the Lilies . . ." the character is a moral prig who is covering up his love for the woman, he claims to be protecting from scandal. In "The Archer," the hero is a dilettante who ends up doing more for the lady novelist's husband than he does for her art.)

But whatever the explanation is, the subtlety of these two stories transcends and overshadows their contribution to the scheme of "The Winthrop Covenant." And, one is grateful that they do, for everywhere else Mr. Auchincloss seems to be going through the motions.

Cuban Defector, Cited by C.I.A., Hinted Oswald Link to Havana

WASHINGTON, March 21 (AP)—American intelligence community last year. They were later turned over to the Senate Select Committee on Intelligence, headed by Senator Richard S. Schweiker, Republican of Pennsylvania, investigating the Kennedy assassination.

The defector, described as a well-placed individual who has been in contact with officers of the Cuban Directorate General of Intelligence, also told the C.I.A. that the Cuban intelligence agency took extraordinary security precautions immediately after the Kennedy slaying, according to the documents.

The information was relayed to the Warren Commission, which "saw no need to pursue this angle any further," according to the C.I.A. memorandum, written in June 1964. No mention of the defector or his information appears in the report of the commission headed by the late Chief Justice Earl Warren, which concluded that there was no evidence of a foreign or domestic conspiracy behind the assassination of President Kennedy in Dallas on Nov. 22, 1963.

Memorandums regarding the Cuban defector were among some 1,500 pages of C.I.A. memo stating that the Warren Commission should have given more credence to the possibility of a foreign conspiracy in light of promising leads that were not pursued.

The documents were originally provided to a commission headed by Vice President Rockefeller that investigated allegations of wrongdoing in the

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- The J.C.C.: From Penitentiaries*, by Ari and Enobson (Norton, \$10).
 - The True Story*, by Smith (Holt, Rinehart, \$15).
 - Policy and Arms*, by Franklin A. George W. Rathjens (Doubleday, \$5).
 - Witness: The Plutocrats*, by F. Scott (Crowell, \$10).
 - Biography of the Man Myself*, by Arthur (Doubleday, \$5.95).
 - First Single-Headed Antarctic*, by David (Doubleday, \$5.50).
 - Delancey Street: A Social Revolution in Grover's Sale* (Norton, \$5.95).
- FICTION**
- Macgregor* (Clarkson N. Potter, \$10).
 - The Real F. Scott Fitzgerald: 35 Years Later*, by Sheila Graham (Grosset & Dunlap, \$8.95).
 - The Troubled Mind: A Guide to Release from Distress*, by Solomon H. Snyder, M.D. (McGraw-Hill, \$5.95). On mental illness and its treatment.
 - The Wind Will Not Subside: Years in Revolutionary China, 1964-69*, by David Milton and Nancy Dall Milton (Pantheon Books, \$13).
 - No Bride Song*, by John Buxton Hilton (St. Martin's Press, \$7.95).
 - Murder on an Army Battle Range*, by Al Young (Holt, Rinehart & Winston, \$7.95). A man's ways of getting by.
- NON-FICTION**
- Across the Western*, by Patrick O'Connor (Houghton Mifflin, \$7.95). A cargo ship in the Atlantic in 1941.
 - Berlinguer and the Professor: Chronicles of the Next Italy*, by Anonymous, translated by John Shepley (Richard Seaver Books, Viking, \$8.95).
 - Capital*, by Maureen Duffy (Doubleday, \$8.95). An eccentric's research into London's history.
 - Landscape with Violence*, by John Wainwright (St. Martin's Press, \$7.95). English suburb held for ransom by terrorists.
 - No Bride Song*, by John Buxton Hilton (St. Martin's Press, \$7.95).
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2 Children Die in Explosion

TAYLORVILLE, W. Va., March 21 (AP)—Two children sleeping in the rear of a Mingo County tavern died this morning when an oil furnace exploded, the state police said.

The victims' parents, Luther and Rosie Chafin, who operate the tavern, were listed in fair condition at a hospital.

Hunger Strike in Jail Ends

PHILADELPHIA, March 21 (AP)—Dr. David Hornick, who was jailed March 6 after refusing to pay \$9.15 in fines for 50 parking tickets, ended his protest hunger strike yesterday at the Philadelphia House of Detention where he is serving a five-month sentence.

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24. ON THE LEVEL
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On the West Bank...

Israel's nine-year administration of the Jordan West Bank—surely among the most benign military occupations of modern times—is undergoing a severe challenge. The immediate cause of the past month's unrest among Arab Palestinians is relatively trivial; the questions raised for Israel's future policy toward its Arab neighbors are fundamental.

Rioting in West Bank towns and East Jerusalem has little to do with the Palestine Liberation Organization or any other radical pressure group. It is rather an expression of localized resentment at an obscure decision of a lone Israeli magistrate concerning the rights of religious Jews to pray on Jerusalem's Temple Mount, which is also a Moslem holy place. This decision was as objectionable to the Israeli Government as to the Arabs, and directly contravened the policy of restraint that has guided the Israelis since 1967. The decision was reversed by the Israeli Supreme Court yesterday.

The real significance of these incidents is to demonstrate the time-bomb nature of perpetuating Israeli military rule over a million alienated Palestinians—a political anomaly that is unsatisfactory over the long run to Arabs and Israelis alike.

Many Israelis now realize their Government's error in prohibiting independent political organization among West Bank residents in the early years of the occupation, before the P.L.O. had become so firmly established in the rest of the Arab world. A credible alternative to the P.L.O. might have arisen; Israeli leaders had hoped that next month's municipal elections on the West Bank might lead to such an alternative Palestinian leadership. Under present circumstances, it is hard to see how anything clear-cut can emerge from these forthcoming elections.

Outside the political sphere, Israel has clearly built up a significant degree of good will among West Bank Palestinians; some are bold enough to admit it openly. Unlike the P.L.O. ideologues, West Bank Arabs have found countless ways in which Israelis and Palestinians can work together on a day-to-day basis for mutual benefit. Once the political status of this population is clarified, it is not unreasonable to hope that these Palestinians can serve as a practical and psychological bridge between Israel and its neighbors, especially Jordan.

But continued military occupation, with no end in sight, is a festering irritant that will increasingly threaten the good will so carefully nurtured. Initially serving to strengthen Israel's security as a buffer zone, the populated occupied territories are starting to sap Israeli strength and weaken its security.

The most constructive initiative which Israeli leaders could undertake would be a calculated effort to lay the groundwork, internally and in diplomatic discussions, for a negotiated end to the decade of military occupation.

...at the U.N.

Only the crazy prism through which the East River's diplomatic corps views the world can justify a Security Council meeting today on the West Bank situation, while the far graver upheaval in Lebanon goes substantially unnoticed. The obvious reason needs no belaboring. A debate on the Israeli military occupation will provide ample opportunity for the anti-Israel rhetoric which has become the United Nations' most abundant staple; discussion of Lebanon would prove embarrassing and divisive to the Arab world.

But regardless of what is actually said at the Council debate, it will not pass as a non-event. For the first time, representatives of Israel and the Palestine Liberation Organization will sit around the same diplomatic table. On previous occasions, when the P.L.O. was invited to participate in Council debates, Israel boycotted the sessions. This time the Israeli Government realized that its interests would be better served by joining in.

No one should expect serious discussion or even contact between Israel and the P.L.O. in the sensitized Security Council forum. But their entrance into the same room at the same time at least overcomes one unnecessary diplomatic hangup.

Fair Revenue Sharing

The joint meeting of the National League of Cities and the United States Conference of Mayors in Washington last week, complete with a Presidential speech lambasting Congress for inaction on general revenue sharing, indicates that the great push for extending that legislation has now begun.

The major question in this election year seems no longer to be whether Congress will extend the program or not, but whether it has the will to improve it and make it conform more closely to the original legislative intent. It is clear that Congress intended four years ago to put "the money where the needs are." It is equally clear, after four years of experience, that the effort was not entirely successful.

The need element in the formula for distributing revenue-sharing funds—the per capita income in the locality—is inadequate. It averages income over an entire jurisdiction in a way that sometimes conceals intense pockets of poverty within that jurisdiction. A much more accurate indicator—the percentage of poverty residents in the locality—was substituted for per capita income in a bill introduced by Representative Dante Fascell of Florida. This measurement coincides with such indicators of real local need as high rates of infant mortality, large quantities of substandard housing and high crime rates.

A substitution of the Fascell formula for that contained in the current legislation would serve to direct more

revenue-sharing money both to poor urban areas and to pockets of rural poverty. Thus, old cities with many poor residents such as New York, Baltimore and Milwaukee would gain \$380 million annually. By the same token, states such as Georgia and Mississippi where rural poverty is widespread would also receive significant increases.

So far, a subcommittee of the House Government Operations Committee has resisted the Fascell formula. Few issues before this session of Congress are more important than improving this massive piece of domestic legislation. And, few improvements rank higher in usefulness than revising the distribution formula to make the program more responsive to the will of Congress and to the needs of the nation's most severely burdened localities.

State-ized Railroad?

The one thing on which the White House and Congress fully agreed in the long wrangle over how to reorganize the sickly Northeast railroads was that the Federal Government wanted no part of nationalization. That was why Conrail was chartered as a for-profit corporation, though when—if ever—it will show a profit is conjectural.

Under those circumstances, it makes no sense for New York State—itsself in a still unwon battle to avert bankruptcy—to contemplate buying up a big chunk of the bankrupt Erie Lackawanna and operating it across four states as a club against Conrail monopoly.

We are in sympathy with the belief of State Transportation Commissioner Schuler that it would be healthy to have another railroad competing with Conrail in the area served by the 1,500 miles of Erie track on which the state has its eye.

But the right way to achieve that competition is the one suggested in the basic plan approved by Congress—acquisition of the Erie facilities by the Chessie System, a deal that fell through because of bidheaded union resistance to changes in featherbedding work rules. A last-ditch attempt to break the labor deadlock is being made in Baltimore at the joint insistence of Secretary of Labor Usery and Secretary of Transportation Coleman. The public interest demands success for this effort.

The same urgency attends Secretary Coleman's pressure on the Southern Railway and its unions to resolve their labor wrangle over labor-protective arrangements on 480 miles of Penn Central track in the Del Marva Peninsula. More than half of that service is slated for abandonment if Conrail takes over. If the model contract Mr. Coleman has proposed to the Southern wins mutual acceptance—as it should—it might set a pattern for the much more complex Chessie deal.

In any event, the Schuler plan for a state-owned rival to Conrail would represent a potentially disastrous experiment. The anticipated initial cost for the trackage of \$18 million or less (to be drawn from a \$250 million transportation bond issue authorized in 1974) could escalate to hundreds of millions if the state found it then had to acquire tennants and rolling stock, sign labor contracts and actually run trains.

It is true that no such grand design is in the commissioner's mind. On the contrary, the state hopes that one of the four big Western railroads might decide to take the Erie track off its hands as a means of going trans-continental. But in all the exploration done by Federal officials prior to the reorganization bill, the Western roads were unanimous in declaring that they regarded all operation east of Pittsburgh as "a loser."

That means the state would have to depend on Conrail itself as the sole user of its track. Far from gaining leverage under such an arrangement, New York would have nowhere else to look to keep its right of way from rusting out. Commissioner Schuler, whose record of intelligent concern for maximum rail service in this state is outstanding, will have to find other devices for insuring that the citizens of New York are not victimized by an overpowered Conrail brought into being by lavish Federal subsidies.

Farmland and River

Secretary of the Interior Kleppe's intervention with W. R. Grace and Company promises to save a thousand acres of historic farmland in central Virginia from being strip-mined for vermiculite, a substance used for insulation and cat litter. If Mr. Kleppe's appeal is heeded by the company—which owns the land even though it is part of the Green Springs National Historic Landmark—W. R. Grace will donate to the Government its mining rights by way of a scenic easement, getting an appropriate tax deduction in return.

The Secretary was properly unimpressed by company promises to reclaim the property after mining, pointing out that the project would in any case be "incompatible with the cultural and scenic values" of an area noted for farms and plantation houses that are a rich part of Virginia's history. The easement plan would eliminate all industrial uses "in perpetuity."

The Virginia move comes at a moment when the Administration is reportedly about to save the New River in North Carolina from being dammed up by the American Electric Power Company. At the request of the state government, Mr. Kleppe has decided to incorporate this archeologically rich and remarkably beautiful stream into the nation's scenic river system. Anticipating the decision, the company charged the Secretary with trying to make a political play to voters on the eve of the North Carolina primary. If that is really how the Administration reads the public mind on the subject of the environment, so much the better for the country—and so much the worse for those who would make the environmental movement the political goat for energy shortages and economic difficulties.

Letters to the Editor

Mrs. Gandhi: The Crises, the Achievements School Aid and the

To the Editor:
Since Indira Gandhi was named Prime Minister of India ten years ago, Western democracies have often failed to recognize her enormous problems and significant achievements. Recent allegations that she is turning India into a dictatorship seem to be culturally biased—not evaluations of local premises.

Among the crises she has faced are (1) chaos in her own party, where a group of elderly men for years sabotaged economic and social development in the name of "democracy," (2) language confusion and lack of discipline in the national assembly (Lok Sabha), often paralyzing Government action, (3) fanatical opposition in several states, preventing such important measures as land reform for more than twenty years, (4) violent terrorism by hungry masses in West Bengal, (5) frequent clashes between Hindus and Moslems over holy cows in Gujarat and other states, (6) constant harassment by two neighboring states, (7) repeated attacks in Rann of Kutch, Punjab and Kashmir, (8) strong pressure from at least one superpower for naval and other bases in the Indian Ocean, (9) a population increase of 100 million people, (10) severe droughts in 1965-67 and 1972-74 with agricultural setbacks.

India's politically oriented press has meticulously pecked on the Government for every possible violation of constitutional rules, making no real

efforts to back drives for economic and social development.

Despite all opposing forces, Indira Gandhi has managed to (1) keep India together, (2) increase production, (3) curb inflation, (4) avoid mass starvation, (5) withstand pressure on the borders, (6) assist Bangladesh in its desperate liberation war, (7) resist pressure for bases on Indian soil, (8) reduce corruption, black-market transactions and strikes, (9) give the masses a glimpse of hope for a better future and (10) keep India nonaligned.

Trying for nine full years to achieve economic and social development with "democracy" completely intact, she waited in vain for politicians and journalists to understand the severity of the situation. Having the choice between a chaotic "democracy" and development for the masses, she had to act. It is a tragedy that a number of people have had to be detained during the process.

Indira Gandhi's moves appear, however, to be the minimum necessary to avoid either one of two possible alternatives: military or Communist dictatorship. There is every reason to support Indira Gandhi to the benefit of India's masses. She is at present their only hope for two handfuls of rice per day instead of only one—or less.

MAURITZ SUNDT MORTENSEN
Madison, Wis., March 15, 1976

The writer is a former Norwegian journalist studying mass communication at the University of Wisconsin.

To Save the Miners

To the Editor:
Coal mining has a historically dismal safety record. It's inherently a dangerous business, but owners appear to have been far more motivated by profit than by the health and safety of the miners. Government hasn't helped much either and has been ineffective in the little it did.

The Scotia Coal Company twin disasters last week are a perfect example. The March 13 Times news story indicated that the miners were provided with breathing units and that six men survived the second blast but died within an hour from the gas. The story noted that the units would provide only an hour's breathing time at the most, and that as the units were used, they heated up so much that they became too hot to wear. What sort of safety device is this?

Reluctant as companies may be to spend money on safety, I suggest that if it hasn't already done so, the Bureau of Mines commission the National Aeronautics and Space Administration (NASA) to develop an effective, lightweight survival unit. Probably no other organization in the world is better qualified to do this. Furthermore, it would seem reasonable that some system for keeping men alive longer than just an hour must be found. Could not high capacity, nonportable units be developed which could be placed at intervals throughout the working por-



tions of the mines? Miners could then plug their own portable units into these and survive for the day or two that it usually seems to take to be able to reach mine blast victims.

The experience that NASA has had in keeping men alive in space and in fact, in working with fire departments around the country to develop breathing units, might very well provide a dramatic and important safety device. National policy indicates a greater future dependence on coal. Should we not try to give those who provide it a better chance?

GEOFFREY A. POTTER
Greenwich, Conn., March 15, 1976

Legal Services: Bargains Without Takers

To the Editor:
Senator Dunne's admirable March 15 Op-Ed article, "Prepaying Lawyers," requires important addenda. The organized bar (if not the legal profession), spearheaded by the American Bar Association, in recent years, has recognized the inaccessibility to non-business middle income Americans of legal services at affordable cost. That concern and agitation of bar leaders gave rise to the concept of prepaid legal services. Leaders of organized consumer organizations actively joined in the agitation. However, at present, the fact seems to be that (save for members of unions to whom legal services are being offered without direct charge) our non-business middle-income population are not interested. Why do I say that?

In response to what was thought to be a dire need for low-cost legal services, the New York County Lawyers Association, comprised of close to 10,000 lawyers, has established a court-approved prepaid legal services plan which, for a subscription fee of \$100 per year, offers a wide range of services by lawyers chosen by the respective subscribers from a volunteer list of participating lawyers.

Some of the services are available without further charge and the rest at \$9 per hour, up to approximately 45 hours; and beyond that, at not more than \$30 per hour. The plan is offered to residents of New York City—or groups of residents—whose family annual incomes are between \$6,000 and \$20,000 and whose net assets do not exceed \$25,000. Over 200 lawyers have indicated their readiness to serve clients within that category under the

terms of the plan which will yield them a maximum of \$30 per hour (70 percent of which up to \$1,000 will be paid by the plan)—that is at rates believed to be less than one-third to one-half of the fees normally charged to clients.

The plan, at this stage, is experimental. It has received high praise from competent sources. We need a mere 200 subscribers to get started. Thus far we have not been able to procure them. The media have taken very scanty notice of the project—presumably because they assume a lack of public interest.

So, it appears that while the lawyers are concerned and are ready to serve, those for whom we strive seem to feel no need to assure themselves lawyers at low cost, as and when needed, by a subscription fee of \$100 per year.

COPAL MINTZ
President
New York County Legal Services Corp.
New York, March 15, 1976

High-Decibel Petitioners

To the Editor:
We are reading a lot these days about the poor people who would be subjected a few minutes per week to the horrible noise of the Concorde.

What about paying a little attention to those of us at 1350 Avenue of the Americas who have the honor of sharing their office building with the honorable Governor of New York and every day find themselves subjected to a high-decibel yelling, shouting and garbage-throwing crowd of so-called petitioners?

GABRIEL DESPOTS
New York, March 17, 1976

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To the Editor:
Your March 8 editorial "Using School Aid" was of great to me since it portrayed Ford's proposal to reform and the quality of American education as such negative terms.

I think that it is erroneous that there is a connection "Impact aid" and the Admini proposed legislation. If, as funds for the former are being a "sweetener" to obtain it then the President would be proposing a \$350 million cut assistance.

As for the grants consolidate itself, this represents a step toward better education better government, long State departments of education had a decade of experience Elementary and Secondary Act (ESEA) and have fully their capacity to assess and needs of special groups of as the act intended.

The growth of the plan administration capacity of parments of education is direct, intended result of E needs of the special groups ESEA—the disadvantaged, capped, the non-English spe implanted in every state's system. That goal of ESEA significant degree, been ad

The 24 aid programs pro consolidation are those whi be closely coordinated to array of services for stud special needs, and states them toward that end. Yet efforts are now hampered regulations and procedures not recognize the state comprehensive planning Federal Government itself to create.

Apparently it cannot be too often that Federal proo only 7 percent of the co meatory and secondary ed the United States and that which control the expendi other 93 percent, also nearly all the Federal fund at issue is how the Feder ment assures that the Fed are used by the states fo poses intended by Congress.

The grants consolidation in no way limits that Fed sibility. It gives the states tude in determining what set be aid the children Co tended to be served, and it possible a wider range of s the children Congress wish

U. S. Commissioner of
Washington, Mar

The Kissinger Tri

To the Editor:
William Safire wrote in 15 column that the Secretar "and entourage sallied for Government jet to Boston." Secretary addressed the Wo Council in that city, that singer entourage" checked it tire twelfth floor of the R Hotel) and that while "n grudges the Secretary of heaviest protection, more th make up his retinue."

To my knowledge your n made no attempt to check with the State Departmen printing Mr. Safire's charge.

I accompanied the Secretar ton and was the official resp arranging his visit to Boston the World Affairs Council's A. Harter Award for Dist Public Service. Aside from occupied by the Secrer Serv who were assigned by the U Service to protect the Secr rooms occupied by the Sec

the small group of staff pe him write paid for by the organization, the Boston W affairs Council—not the Amer payer. (Public rooms used by singer for his meetings Nieman Fellows (newspaper studying; at Harvard and sch and with area newspaper and editors were furnished charge by the management Ritz-Carlton.

Travel by Government jet aries of State in recent year than by commercial airlines exclusively for reasons of sen for the personal preferen officials concerned.

JOHN E. R
U.S. Assistant Secretary
for Publ
Washington, March

On Tiring a Furlough

To the Editor:
The March 17 issue of T carries a letter from Prof. Ka which, unfortunately, misses point underlying the comm teachers would not be working the "payless: furlough" period, they would not report to engage in teaching time—the rumor that they would be to teach classes.

The purpose of that uniesir necessary measure was to discharge of thousands of and yet meet our mandated bu in a manner that would h adverse effect on the educat classroom experiences of our s Accordingly, the Chancellor set it for a period when classe not normally be in progress. Th is fully aware of the fact t academic responsibilities of culty extend to activities out the classroom. ALFRED A. G Chairman, Board of Higher Ed New York, March 1

سكزا من الاصل

The Certainer

Anthony Lewis

old Wilson became Prime Minister in 1964, his Government's decision was to hold the value of \$2.80. It proved policy. For three years owed and bluffed in an lefty reality.

le was characteristic of n: to pursue a damaging then, when reality inter- game the difficulty on —on speculators or news- munist, all of whom whipping boys from time 1966 economic crisis be the Reds, then "the self- brigade . . . the moaning wet editorials."

of him in the past tense use of his surprise deci- office. But it is diffi- British politics without e first became a Cabinet re Harry Truman won of 1948. He has put his dical age in his country Richard Nixon has in

some qualities of Mr. was deeply suspicious is were being mounted is was an obsessive self- his decision to retire 4,000-word statement g many other things, worked 12 to 14 hours Downing Street, seven and read 500 documents rage weekend.

ential respects he was He did not use official

D AT HOME

ish "enemies," enrich rvert the constitution, savage personal attacks uly, but in personal was generally kind— it, too soft.

ok over in 1964, one n the Labor Party said r. Wilson to be hard but decisive as Prime rned out to be the op- antankerous factions of ootoriously indecisive if policy. He was a Mi- avoided tough issues, something would turn

was a master of self- really appeared to be- could do such things Vietnam War for Lyn- or charm Charles de lting Britain enter the et. After one visit to ribed with delight how, a lesson in basic ecera- de Gaulle.

those illusions without dical vision—without rinciple except his own d, he switched sides on ith breathtaking brass, e while that he never ind.

athetic view is that his g and tampering were hold things together dur- time. Peter Jenkins took cently in The New States- sizing how Mr. Wilson ly persuaded unions to ir wage demands. Mr. te: "He has by cautious ative leadership restored r government by con- He has come closer than o in his time to an insti- tanding of the British



Charles Getro

CHARLOTTE, N.C.—I was wincing the other day at yet another offhand putdown of Mississippi by yet another glib New Yorker, when it occurred to me that the author had based his slur on a moribund set of assumptions.

Ever since civil rights work ceased being a capital offense in my native state, the rest of the nation has pretty much lost interest, locking our image in an ugly 1964 freeze-frame.

We had plenty to be ashamed of then. Even today we rank 50th in enough categories to perpetuate "Thank God for Mississippi" as a sort of "There but for the grace of God go we" for the rest of the South.

But Mississippi has quietly become a right decent place to live. Racism, once the state orthodoxy, is no longer exceptional by national standards. (For white Mississippians like myself, being able to tsk-tsk Boston is like dying and going to heaven.)

Even during the worst of times few black and white Mississippians ever got the hang of hating each other with the icy malignity evident in the North. Maybe we're just slow learners. Politically, the Regular (mostly white) and Loyalist (mostly black) factions of the state's Democratic Party have just merged after a decade of acrimony. And the new Governor, Cliff Finch, has named to his honorary staff of "colonels" such agitators emerit as Dick Gregory and Charles Evers.

It will take a while for these changes to register on the public consciousness. Knee-jerk opprobrium will not end overnight. But the reality today is that Mississippi is giving up its role as national scapegoat

Tsk-Tsk

By Lew Powell

and that its successor is New York. New Yorkers won't be happy with this new state of affairs, though it will confirm their notion that America is too backward to appreciate them.

New Yorkers tend to think that the world turns on a Washington-to-Boston axis. Worse, they tend to inflict this Gohamocentric view on the rest of us. (The definitive work in this genre is Alden Whitman's paean to the city in the March issue of Esquire magazine. "The Klan spirit," he observes engagingly, "thrives among you from the Hudson to the Pacific. . .")

At the height of the city's financial writhings, New York magazine called for personal belt-tightening in the form of fewer dinner parties and film screenings, while advertising a \$14 metal toast plate engraved, "When you leave New York, you ain't got nowhere." Remarkably, New Yorkers are able to couple such expressions of scorn with a childlike bewilderment at why the rest of us don't love them as they love themselves.

The news media would have had us believe that New York's imminent bankruptcy somehow foreshadowed collapse of Western civilization. Of course, they have also proffered Yogi Berra and Toots Shor as wits, Norman Mailer and Geraldo Rivera as heavy-weight thinkers and Elaine Kauffman as a distinguished social arbiter.

New Yorkers may believe their current misfortunes are happenstance, a momentary ebbing. Now that their bankers have mau-maued Jerry Ford into submission, they will return to their proper hegemony. Right?

Maybe not. New York's wailing convinced Ford of its indispensability, but for others it had the opposite effect. New York reminds us daily of Jefferson's distrust of urbanization. It has given us art and music and theater, certainly; but more and more, Nookaworkism means rancor, corruption, greed and abuse of self-government.

Personally, I'm glad we have New York to kick around. But having come from the old Mississippi, I feel at least a modicum of sympathy for the new one. I propose, therefore, that Mississippi send New York a Greyhound-load of accountants—"Fiscal Riders," we could call them—to help the city straighten out its finances.

For starters, perhaps the city could go into the "You ain't got nowhere" plate business. The market seems ample: In the first three years of the decade, the census bureau reports, New York's population shrank by nearly a quarter million. That's a lot of people opting for "nowhere."

Lew Powell is a reporter for The Charlotte Observer.

The End of NATO?

By William Safire

WASHINGTON—The Communist invasion of Europe is well under way and the United States is doing nothing to stop it.

In Italy, it is only a matter of time before the Communist Party is given a share in the power of government. France, where Communists have made left-wing alliance with Socialists, could well go Communist, too, once Italy topples. In Spain, the Communist Party is still outlawed but come the evolution in Italy and France, a powerful move by party associates in Spain would be expected.

Naturally, the Communist parties in each of these countries do not talk in the harsh terms of takeover. Euphemisms such as "historical compromise" are used, and Communists encourage talk of "sharing in power" with other factions, as if the result would be an efficient form of socialism, with liberty and social justice for all.

To lull the local voters into thinking Communism has developed a new, non-violent strain, Communist leaders in Italy and France make angry faces at Moscow and proclaim their "independence" from Soviet domination. Moscow plays along and waggles a finger now and then at "pluralism" by upstart comrades in Western Europe.

By and large, this is a charade. Since Communists have learned that they cannot take power in Western European countries by revolution, and since the United States nuclear umbrella over NATO blocks takeover by Russian arms, the Communists have seized upon a method not envisioned by Lenin: free elections.

Since Communists have adopted democratic means, some leftists think Communists have adopted democratic goals. This is a dangerous delusion.

Communism, no matter what the guise, is a disciplined ideology. Its leaders will "share" power only until they can seize complete power. Internationally, each Communist party in the West maintains its iron discipline, even as their mimeo machines grind out the promise of compromise—but a nonstatistarian form of Communism is a contradiction in terms. Communists are quite serious about the "dictatorship of the proletariat"; personal freedom—the fruit of what we call democracy—does not fit in their plans.

Ah, but what about Yugoslavia? Doesn't the defiance of Tito prove that Communism is no moonlight, and aren't we smart to let a hundred flowers bloom?

No free men live anywhere in Eastern Europe, except in jail, and that goes for Yugoslavia's version of Communism as well. After Tito, who is a wartime hero holding his country to-

gether by force of symbol and legend, Yugoslavia will either split up or otherwise reach an accommodation with Moscow.

Let's face it: The export of Communism under the banners of Western Europe is succeeding. Free Italians and Frenchmen, once duped into trying the Communist path, would find the road back blocked; interviewer Oriana Fallaci would be shocked to discover she would not be permitted to skewer the director of the E.G.S. in a Communist-controlled press.

Because we worry about a forthright message feeding anti-American propaganda, the United States is wringing its hands and issuing mild statements. Says President Ford: "I don't think you can have a Communist government or Communist officials in a government and have that nation a viable partner in NATO." The Prime Minister of France objects to that; he should be given more to object to.

We must make clear that the purpose of the North Atlantic Treaty alli-

ESSAY

ance is to stop Communist expansion into Europe and that no Communist government can be a part of it.

President Ford should state candidly that if any NATO nation were to choose Communism, it would also be choosing expulsion from NATO. If other NATO nations were to disagree with this position, then the United States would withdraw from NATO, third of a million troops and all.

Such frankness would capture some attention in complacent Europe, which now assumes that the U.S. will remain, in its own anti-Soviet interest, no matter what the other industrial democracies do to themselves.

But we all know that a Communist member of an anti-Communist alliance is an asp in the bosom. If Italy shares power with Communists, Italy must be cast out of NATO.

We owe it to the Italians—and to the French and Spanish Governments, and to the West German and British labor unions—to tell them this now, unequivocally, before it is too late. By continuing to murmur tut-tuttings, worried about not wanting to appear too domineering, we deny our allies timely information they need about our intentions.

Let us, then, dispense with the vague hints from Foggy Bottom that Communist participation "will lead to a substantial change in the nature of allied relationships."

Let's tell our NATO friends the truth in plain language. Stick with democracy and the United States will stick with you. Go Communist, and you go it alone.

Live a Little

By Liane Ellison Norman

PITTSBURGH — The recession has spread the pain of unemployment, but neither generously nor evenhandedly. For an astonishing proportion of our society, unemployment is nothing new.

The political scientist Andrew Hacker wrote recently that "at full employment, the American economy wants the services of [only] about 43 percent of the work-age population." The other 57 percent are college students (not counting younger children), housewives, early retirees, and the permanently poor. Our economy, he said, defines "a portion of the population as extraneous to its own well-being."

Work is what we esteem. It is therefore unconscionable that over half the adult population, even in the best of times, is excluded from any part in it. Indeed, employment is a monopoly, one badly in need of being broke up.

Part of the problem is unemployment, the estrangement of well over half of us from what gives lives personal significance and public value. We pay a high price for this. Jails, schools, welfare and wars all keep the unemployed out of the way.

The other part of the problem, overemployment, is less obvious because the overemployed define the norm. We respect those who do too much. Ulcers and full calendars are marks of distinction. Officials boast how busy they are, how hard they work. Professionals are rushed to distraction. The most unfortunate dig coal, mend roads and dump garbage, but earn little boor and no repose. No wonder they are jealous for their jobs. It's all or nothing, exhaustion, solaced by beer and the tube—or unemployment!

But how essential overworkers feel! How self-righteous! How they pity and despise the poor souls who can't get work, proving their inferiority. And over their jobs, like legendary dragons on boards of gold, the overworkers protect their prestige along with their incomes.

If some people have too much work and others none at all, why not spread the work around? Nothing so alarms the work monopolists.

I am a reformed overworker. When I taught full-time, I was fueled by fervent energy, conscientious to the point of obsession, sure I was indispensable. My family, less compelling than the demands of the job, occupied the mere periphery of my attention.

So I quit and now teach part-time. I now work more carefully, explore more byways, think more calmly, less compulsively. Institutions have learned

to stand without my efforts. Work and home are integrated. As professional conscientiousness has slackened, human conscientiousness has grown. We have less money and more pleasure.

My full-time colleagues teach more than they adequately can, run to more meetings and events than they can contribute to or absorb. They are absentee family members, leaving children and home fires to someone else. They firmly believe in overemployment, and their graduated students cannot find jobs.

The ideal would be employment for everyone, but not too much for anyone. In other words, part-time work all around. Imagine . . .

No one would be extraneous to the production of what we need. Every one would have standing to help decide what we do need. Workers could re-join families, and the nature of need would be clearer. (If you spend eight to 16 hours a day making aerosol-spray cans, it is easy to forget the children at home.)

Ambition would be scarcer; fewer people would walk over their grandmothers to please the boss. Incomes would be smaller, but affluence serves mainly the acquisition of goods that need dusting but do not satisfy the desire for warmth and purpose.

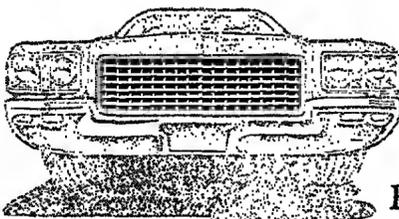
Fewer people would be dirt poor. More time saved from the bottomless pit of work would be more time to make more compassionate communities. Even the excitements of war might pale if homely connections ran deeper.

People would do their work with love because they could afford to. Old people would not go to the glue factories of early retirement. Women would share in the world's work outside the home, and men would come home to share the domestic part of the world's work. Economic growth would slow down, saving resources, cooling the furnace of empire.

The imagination rejoices. Think of a President more intent on his family's happiness than the nation's prestige! Think of a Secretary of State or corporation chairman sharing their jobs with two or three persons each!

Monopolies mean power, and overworkers will not happily yield theirs up. But the secret weapon the rest of us have is to look at overwork not as nobility, but as a selfish usurpation, an unwarranted pre-emption. We can simply stop admiring those who have too much work at the expense of those who have none.

Liane Ellison Norman teaches English at the University of Pittsburgh.



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Figure Skating Champion Gets a Heroine's Welcome

MICHAEL KNIGHT... ENWICH. Conn. 21—The hometown...

and clambered into the trees wherever the motorcade...

whenever she smiled, cheered whenever she waved...



Hamill with her sister, Marcia, at right, and Kim Danks, seated at left, looking over mail gifts at the Hamill home in Connecticut.



Admiring crowd surrounds Miss Hamill at a stop in Binney Park a few blocks from her Riverside home

"Honor Is Welcomed" "This was an honor," she said later when asked...

In a small town where everyone knows everyone else or at least like to think so...

William J. Edgar, the superintendent of schools, gave her an honorary high school diploma...

Bishop. "My brother went out with her a couple of times," boasted Laura Dickey.

5-Hour Schedule But the five-hour schedule of speeches, tours, dedications and ceremonies...

could be seen waving to a special friend here and there in the crowds...



Miss Hamill showing her mother a stuffed camel presented to her at Riverside School. The toy refers to a skating figure she called "the Hamill camel" during the Olympics.

Diverse Views Given on U.S. Jewish Experience

IAEL SHENKER... TON, N.J., March has risen above the...

"We've won New York and lost the United States," said Prof. Irving Louis Horowitz...

ed. Prof. Henry L. Feingold of Baruch College, speaking of "the illusion of centrality held by Jews and their detractors."

served. But while the median age of Americans is 28, the median age of American Jews is 37. So it is the aged and the aging who need serving.

you tell me why 'elitist' is a perjorative word?" "If you will simply say you're in favor of 'quality education,'" Princeton's Prof. Marvin Bressler replied...

News Summary and Index

MONDAY, MARCH 22, 1976

The Major Events of the Day

International In what was regarded as an important military and psychological victory for them, hundreds of Moslem and leftist gunmen, backed by armored vehicles, drove right-wing Phalangists from their stronghold in the battered Holiday Inn in Beirut yesterday.

The jurors who found Patricia Hearst guilty of armed bank robbery wailed "in all our hearts," as one of them said, to believe that she was innocent, but they regarded the Government's evidence against her as so persuasive that within minutes Friday morning they found that all but perhaps three of their number believed Miss Hearst guilty and found her story of coercion and fear unbelievable. [1:5-7.]

Metropolitan Violent thunderstorms and gale-force winds swept across parts of the northeastern states, striking erratically and causing numerous injuries and property damage. Roofs and trees were blown over the metropolitan area and a tennis "bubble" was overturned in Brooklyn. Thousands of Connecticut residents were without electricity for a while before the storm moved on to an area east of Cape Cod. The National Weather Service said the storm was caused by a cold front moving rapidly eastward, bringing the rain and the winds in its wake. [1:4.]

National Representative Morris K. Udall of Arizona was endorsed for the Democratic Presidential nomination by the New Democratic Coalition, which seeks to speak for the liberal wing of the New York State Democratic Party. The endorsement was voted by 70 percent of about 200 party members attending a state delegate assembly in Manhattan. [1:3.]

Gov. Edmund G. Brown Jr. of California, sensing that the country is ready to turn to a new generation of leadership, is taking a long-shot gamble that his ability to control the 260-member California delegation to the Democratic National Convention this summer could persuade the party to nominate him for President. Mr. Brown, who is 37 years old and one of the most popular Governors in California's history, said in an interview that he had not decided whether to expand his favorite-son candidacy into a wider campaign in other state primaries. He insisted that he was not a stalking horse for national Democratic leaders such as Senator Hubert H. Humphrey. [1:1-2.]

The Federal prosecutor who won a bank robbery conviction against Patricia Hearst Saturday said that she would be turned over to the California state authorities this week to face charges ranging from kidnapping to armed robbery. [1:5-6.]

The Other News

- International Tourists are returning to Portugal's south. Page 2 Israel upholds prayer ban on Temple Mount. Page 4 40 die in week of Argentine violence. Page 6 U.N. trade group ends Geneva session. Page 7 Peking paper urges Teng to repeat. Page 7 Margaret is accused of neglecting duties. Page 8 Soviet kitchen debates show odd views of U.S. Page 10 U.S. awaits Soviet reply to arms proposal. Page 11 Madrid is moving slowly on changes. Page 13 Government and Politics Javits wants Rockefeller on Ford ticket. Page 16 9 county organizations face voters April 6. Page 16 Reagan virtually concedes No. Carolina loss. Page 16 Nassau dinner dance reflects Democratic split. Page 16 Carter will appear upstate for one day. Page 16 Coast Democrats play down controversies. Page 17 Senator Church on Coast tries long gamble. Page 17 Rep. Dellums rejects third-party draft. Page 18 Defector raises chance of Oswald-Havana link. Page 23 \$46,305 in U.S. aid to Callaway resort town. Page 26 Budget contains some rewards for legislators. Page 28 Curb on geological data rolls strip-mine issue. Page 28 General Brief, violent storm hits Metropolitan area. Page 27 Hometown of Greenwich welcomed Miss Hamill. Page 27 Metropolitan Briefs. Page 29 Unsuccessful cooperative here to be rented. Page 29 Gimbel's to stop surveillance in-dressing rooms. Page 29 A repairman braves all to keep apartment. Page 29 York, Evers and Jay attract few applicants. Page 29 Yunich plies difficult course tragedy? Page 49 Industry and Labor School unions oppose office assignment plan. Page 41

Quotation of the Day

"No one is stupid enough anymore to think they'll have any effect, whereas in 1972 they thought they would."—Richard Agriss, a student at the State University of Binghamton, commenting on student apathy to this year's Presidential campaign. [41:1.]

State Endeavoring To Avoid Difficulty With Food Program

Extensive changes will be made in the administration of a free food program for needy New York City children enrolled in public schools, an official of the State Department of Education said yesterday. Stanley Raub, associate commissioner, said that "bidding, standard contracts, enforced and scrutinized" by state officials would help guarantee that last year's abuses would not occur this year. "This year the program will be considerably improved," he added. Charges that vendors were chosen through rigged bidding and promises of illegal kickbacks plagued last year's food program. Though nearly a million youngsters were fed throughout the city during the summer, nearly \$14 million in vendor reimbursements has been "tied up" pending investigations by Federal authorities, Mr. Raub said. Tenant organizations, day-care centers and playground operators are allowed to act as sponsoring groups in the food program. Once approved by the State Department of Education, they may contract with food vendors for the preparation of food to schoolchildren at various locations. In the past, sponsors have been allowed to pay the vendor more than 75 cents per meal, retaining more than 25 cents for administration costs. In addition to charges that bidding was rigged, there were allegations that food was sometimes spoiled or unfit for consumption. "We don't want to give the impression that all our vendors and sponsors have been guilty of wrongdoing," Mr. Raub said. "Many are experienced and capable." This year's program may cost between \$35 million and \$40 million, he said.

friendly skies of



Reduced Budget Shows Favors for Legislators

By LINDA GREENHOUSE
Special to The New York Times

ALBANY, March 21—While most of the attention was focused on the cuts the Legislature made in the new state budget it adopted last week, the real measure of political power is not who loses but who gains. Albany especially in an era of shrinking budgets—who comes out ahead.

Scattered throughout the \$10.78 billion budget document are intriguing examples of obscure local programs suddenly enriched, moribund legislative commissions restored to life, and other favors that legislators bestow upon one another under the general heading of political contracts.

Some of the contracts do not require much political sophistication to decipher. The Legislature added \$250,000 to the parks and recreation budget for "projects at the Binghamton City Hall" and \$200,000 for the clinical campus at the State University center in Binghamton. (The other university centers, as well as 10 of the 14 university colleges, had their appropriation requests cut.) The Senator from Binghamton is, of course, Warren M. Anderson, a Republican and the majority leader.

Senator John J. Marchi, Republican, the chairman of the Senate Finance Committee, won \$150,000 for two community education projects in his district, at the Richmondtown "Conservation and the High-Rock Nature Conservation Center."

More abrupt, perhaps, is the \$890 increase in the \$101,740 appropriation request for the Council of State Governments. Senator Marchi is the immediate past president of that national organization.

The Democrats had their own contracts. The budget provided \$115,000 for the Legislature to study energy systems—which is \$115,000 more than Governor Carey requested for that commission—largely as a way of keeping the chairman, Assemblyman K. Daniel Haley, Democrat of Waddington, happily occupied. And the appropriation was almost doubled to \$275,000, for the Commission on Management and Productivity, headed by Meyer S. Frucher, a young man held in high regard by Assembly Speaker Stanley Steingut, Democrat of Brooklyn.

Tomorrow the Legislature is scheduled to take up a series of budget amendments that would, among other things, add \$950,000 to projects sought by black and Puerto Rican legislators, apparently in appreciation for their acquiescence to cuts in social services spending.

There is nothing especially surprising about the budget contracts, nor is there anything startling about the fact that it is better to have power than not to have it—the political version of the old maxim that it is better to be healthy and rich than sick and poor, especially in a fiscal crisis.

In making its cuts in the budgets of state agencies and departments, the Legislature took the unusual step of eliminating budget lines for specific positions. A number of these jobs happen to be filled by men who were top campaign supporters of

Hugh L. Carey in the 1974 gubernatorial election, a coincidence that reportedly infuriated the Governor and at one point last weekend led to a complete breakdown in the budget negotiations.

Among those who will lose their jobs are Roger Tubby and John Prendergast, two \$38,179-a-year deputy parks commissioners; Dominick N. Assaro, a public relations official in the Commerce Department who had been the Utica area campaign manager, and Leonard Schwartz, the \$32,000-a-year deputy secretary of state.

James L. Biggane, the Legislature's top Republican fiscal staff member, conceded that the technique of abolishing specific jobs, rather than letting a commissioner decide how to handle his budget cuts, was extremely unusual. But he said the approach was required to achieve a "balancing effect" against the earlier 3 percent reduction in forces, which he said most departments had achieved by laying off low-level employees while protecting those at the top.

But disclaimers to the contrary, the episode indicates the abyssal levels to which relations between the Governor and the Legislature have fallen under the stress of the budget crisis and fiscal audit. The politically divided houses displayed a rare unity in their approach to the Governor's office, and as a result the Legislature ended up with an unusual degree of input in the final product.

While the Legislature was voting to spend money at least one state official was making some of his own. As the Assembly budget debate ground on toward 2 A.M. Wednesday morning, Peter C. Goldmark Jr., the State Budget Director, walked the halls offering to bet with anyone he encountered that the house would quit for the night without finishing its task.

Since the leadership had vowed to get done, Mr. Goldmark had a number of takers at odds as long as 20 to 1. The Assembly finally quit at 4:30 A.M. and by the next afternoon, when it resumed debate, Mr. Goldmark's deck was piled high with dollar bills.

"The best way to win a bet on a sure thing is to make it look like a long shot," he said.

At one point during that long night, Assemblyman Thomas R. Frey, Democrat of Rochester, rose to read a complaint that John Adams made about the First Continental Congress in Philadelphia. "This assembly is like no other that ever existed," Adams wrote to his wife, Abigail, on Oct. 9, 1774, and continued:

"I believe if it was moved and seconded that we should vote to resolve that we should be entertained with logic and rhetoric, law, history, politics and mathematics, concerning the subject for two whole days, and then we should pass the resolution unanimously in the affirmative."

When he finished reading, Mr. Frey turned to his colleagues and said dramatically, "I move the bill." But amid the laughter and applause, someone else got up to continue the debate, and a vote did not come for hours.

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High winds accompanying yesterday's storm tore this garage from a house in New Milford, N.J.

Violent Storms Strike Northeast States

Continued From Page 1, Col. 4

What looked like a small tornado touched down in Hightstown, N.J., and a policeman in Asbury Park, looking out the window reported: "The raindrops are as big as nickels." A supermarket's overhang and a movie theater's roof were ripped away in the Mid-Valley Mall in Newburgh, N.Y.

At Princeton, a wind shear running before a thunder cloud blew down or twisted off a dozen ancient trees planted along Washington Street leading from Highway 1 to Princeton University.

Traffic was blocked for several hours while crews sawed the fallen trees. In Chester, N.Y., a 100-unit apartment house also lost its roof. At Princeton, N.J., a wind shear running before a thunder cloud blew down a dozen venerable trees planted along Washington Street.

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Deaths

ABRAMS—Mary, devoted wife of the late Abraham Abrams, died of cancer at her home, 100 E. 10th St., New York, N.Y., on March 19, 1976. She was 78 years old. Burial at Woodlawn Cemetery, New York, N.Y., on March 22, 1976, at 11 A.M. Interment at 11 A.M.

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Advertisement for Frank E. Campbell "The Funeral Chapel, Inc." featuring a large image of a man in a suit and text describing funeral services. The text includes the address: 3176 Madison Ave. (at 81st Street), N.Y., N.Y. BU 8-3500.

erride Sought on School Bill Veto

HANIEL SHEPPARD Jr., a Democratic legislator, said he would like to see the bill vetoed by Governor Rockefeller.

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licants Dropping at City University

WITH CUMMINGS not taken into account in the analysis. Their data up until now has been inaccurate, said Gerold W. Lynch, president of John Jay College.

Mr. Lynch said the analysis of applications through the summer in the past, has eliminated—perhaps intentionally—many minority group students, who have been shown to apply during the later months.

“The application of these criteria is unfair in view of what we’re supposed to do,” he said.

Applications Decline

Millon G. Bassin, the president of York in Jamaica, Queens, said that while high-school applications to the university as a whole were down 20 percent for next fall, such applications at York had dropped only about 13 percent, counting all six priority choices listed by applicants.

“As far as the selection of York overall is concerned, York is doing better than the rest of the university,” he said.

Dr. Lynch, of John Jay, conceded that the analysis unfairly excluded 750 corrections, police and fire officers who would enter as two-year students in the college, which has both two-year and four-year programs.



Students from John Jay College dressed in 18th-century garb and rode in horse-drawn coach yesterday to dramatize their protest against the threatened closing of the school.

Street Theater Protests John Jay College Closing

The spirit of John Jay—the first Chief Justice of the United States and one-time Governor of New York—stalked Manhattan yesterday in an effort to keep open the college of criminal justice that is named for him.

Alighting from a coach drawn by two white steeds, “Mr. Jay” brought his plea for educational opportunities to Sunday strollers in front of the Plaza Hotel, the Metropolitan Museum of Art and Lincoln Center, where rain caught up with him and cut short an impassioned speech.

The orator was William Houston, a laid-off police officer who is an actor and a student at the college, which has been threatened with closing because of budget cuts. But yesterday, dressed in 18th-century garb, including breeches, stockings, ruffled shirt and tricornered hat, he cut a convincing figure as a Revolutionary leader.

No revolution was intended, however. According to Ben Termine, chairman of the department of speech and theater at John Jay College, the students chose street theater to stress the importance of the school to avoid angry, potentially violent demonstrations.

In addition, he said, they cut their script to about a tenth of its original length because “the longer you stay in one place the more crowds will gather and be difficult to control.” Students who are police officers and firemen by profession, he suggested, cannot afford the possibility of provoking “incidents” that might cost them their jobs.

Unsuccessful Cooperative Will Now Offer Rentals

By GLENN FOWLER

The 420 walkup apartments began 15 years ago when a group of Greenwich Village residents led by Jane Jacobs, a that failed as a cooperative, sought to create “human and has stood empty for nearly two years, will be offered for rental by the city at marked-down rates.

High-Rise Plan Defeated

Mrs. Jacobs, then a West Village resident and now living in Toronto, formed a nonprofit committee that beat down an urban-renewal scheme devised by the City Planning Commission that would have permitted William Zckendorf, the developer, to build a \$250 million high rise complex in the area.

Final city approval for the walkups was won in 1972 but when the buildings were ready two years later costs had soared to a point where the original maintenance of \$30 a room monthly had risen to more than \$100 and the dream of housing for moderate-income families had evaporated.

The refusal to install elevators was cited by most housing experts as the main reason for the lack of cooperative sales. The tallest buildings are six stories but, because the first floor is below grade level, the maximum climb is four and a half flights to a few apartments. Many of the top-most units are duplexes that require climbing only three and a half flights.

Under the new rental plan, heating, lighting and kitchen utility costs are included in the rent, although summer air-conditioning will cost extra for those who wish it. A counterbalancing feature, Mr. Mandel says, is the apartment equipment—self-cleaning ovens and 14-cubic-foot refrigerators—rarely found in rental buildings.

Each building will have a maximum of 10 tenants and will have locked outside doors. All of the gardens and play areas are completely enclosed.

Martin M. Berger, speaking for the West Village Committee, which saw its vision of a moderate-income cooperative ended by foreclosure, said yesterday that the group was pleased at the prospect that the buildings might finally be occupied.



Antonia Fragoza and her father, Carmelo Lacosta, examining a hole in the roof of their apartment house.

Gimbels to Stop Dressing Room Surveillance

By FRANCES CERRA

The New York division of Gimbel Brothers has agreed to stop trying to catch shoplifters by having security guards watch customers as they try on clothes in dressing rooms, Attorney General Louis J. Lefkowitz announced yesterday.

According to the assurance of discontinuance signed by the department-store chain, the practice of watching customers through grilles in the ceiling of the fitting rooms has been going on since 1972.

Stephen Mindell, an assistant attorney general, said the Attorney General's office had learned about the practice from a December 1975 court decision in which a Manhattan Criminal Court judge had thrown out charges of shoplifting against a Gimbel's customer.

A female security guard had observed the woman customer in one of the fitting rooms allegedly stealing a scarf. The court found that the practice violated “reasonable expectations of privacy” and the Fourth Amendment to the Constitution.

In signing the assurance, Gimbel's admitted no violation of law. According to Mr. Mindell, the position of the Attorney General is that watching customers in dressing rooms without their knowledge constitutes a “deceptive trade practice.”

Gimbel's operates seven stores in New York State. Mr. Mindell said he believed that guards had watched customers in most of the stores, but that there might be exceptions.

The store's management said: “Gimbel's security management have evaluated their security procedures used to deter shoplifting and theft and have determined that the surveillance of fitting rooms for apprehension of shoplifters is not necessary. Alternate security procedures have and will be employed by Gimbel's to combat this very serious problem.”

Asked whether the practice was carried on in all stores, Gimbel's management said “No.” They said they did not know if this was a common practice in the trade.

Mr. Mindell said that the Attorney General's office was investigating other department stores in New York to determine whether they also spied on customers in dressing rooms. Asked if he had had reason to believe such spying did occur, he said, “Yes, definitely.”

Metropolitan Briefs

Job Freeze Called Costly to State

A major contractors' association charged in Albany that Governor Carey's freeze on hiring state employees could result in the loss of \$328 million in Federal funds—a major portion of a \$3 billion public-works program intended to create 150,000 jobs. Frederick Compagni, president of the State Federation of Utility Contractors Associations, said in a statement that delays in processing project applications could mean the failure to meet deadlines for receiving Federal water and sewer funds. Mr. Compagni attributed the delays to the failure to fill 20 sanitary engineer positions approved by the Legislature last year for the Environmental Conservation Department's bureau of construction grants.

Baptist Church Dedicates Addition

Dr. Martin Luther King Sr. joined the Rev. Dr. V. Simpson Turner, pastor of Mount Carmel Baptist Church in Brooklyn, to dedicate the church's newly completed church and education complex, an addition to its building at 712 Quincy Street in the Bedford-Stuyvesant section. Dr. King, pastor emeritus of Ebenezer Baptist Church in Atlanta, also gave a sermon before the dedication ceremony, which capped a week of celebrations marking Mount Carmel's 50th anniversary. The new complex cost more than \$1 million.

Danbury Strikers Accept Contract

The 160 union workers at the Heliocoll Products Company plant in Danbury, Conn., voted to end their strike and accept a new three-year contract, which provides for improvements in fringe benefits and security protection and increased wages, union officials said. The workers had been on strike since Feb. 29 when the old contract expired. The workers, members of Local 883 of the International Association of Machinists and Aerospace Workers, will be returning to their jobs tomorrow.

Vandals Break Brooklyn Windows

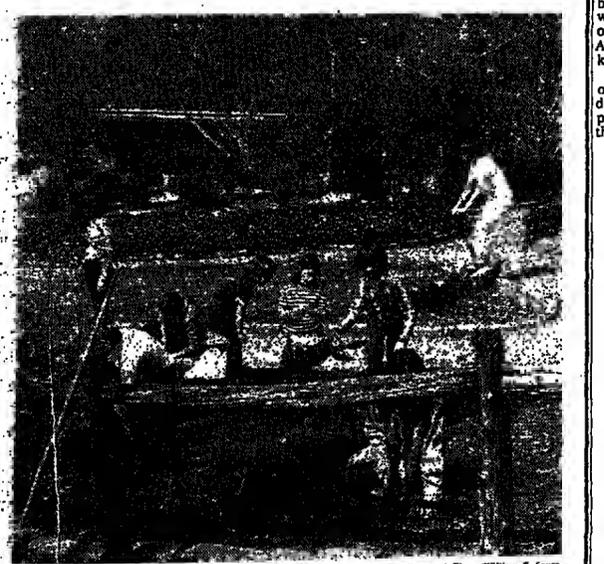
Vandalism was directed at two religious places in Brooklyn over the weekend, the police reported. Rocks hurled at the Yeshiva and Mesita Ch'san Sofer at 1876 50th Street broke seven windows, with damage estimated at \$300. A tree in front of a Jehovah's Witnesses church at 959 East 92d Street, Canarsie, was set on fire.

From the Police Blotter:

A 28-year-old Bronx man was shot fatally during an argument over \$1 in a dice game at 171st Street and Third Avenue in the Tremont area. The victim, Richard Walker, of 1411 Fulton Avenue, was hit with two of four bullets fired at him by an unidentified dice player.

The 33-year-old owner of a Brooklyn supermarket that opened a week ago was shot and killed by one of two young robbers with a shotgun in his store at 297 Legio Street in Brownsville. The grocer, Louis Boniface, who was shot in the chest, died an hour later in Kings County Hospital. The robbers fled empty-handed.

A hair-dresser from Dyersburg, Tenn., was robbed of \$25,000 in jewelry, including a 15-carat emerald ring, while he was asleep in his 48th-floor room at the Americana Hotel. When he awakened at 10 A.M., L. C. Heathcott, who is visiting here to attend the International Beauty Show at the Coliseum, discovered that his jewelry and \$60 were missing.



Volunteers working to restore the Shakespeare Garden in Central Park.

ove's Labor Done in Park

now a bank where the wild thyme blows, re oxlips and the nodding violet grows. A Midsummer Night's Dream Act II, i o, they don't grow there yet, but will.

se bank, in this case, is Shakespeare's, a small never-never land tucked west of Central Park's Belvedere. Originally the conception of an ecologist, Dr. E. B. Southwick, the leo was opened in 1912 and named e Garden of the Heart. Like many d namesakes, it had been cyclically d for and forgotten from its in-tion through 1915, when the Shake-e Society rearranged and rededi-d it.

has survived, minus identifying s for the plants and some of the far around the pools, through two id wars, vandalism and the forces nature.

Another Change in Making

and once again, through the dogged orts of a volunteer group called the Shakespeare Gardeners, it is about to lergo a rebirth.

It looked like a jungle when we read in October,” said Peggy McGar-an, surveying the newly bewn area. ce then, she, her husband, John, and five other members of the group re spent most of their Saturday eonous weeding the garden and ring the paths to restore what she an “an oasis of beauty and tran-ility.”

“We want to include all the flowers

and herbs Shakespeare mentions, with some American additions.” Florence Boogaerts explained, while patting some dirt around the crocus shoots that had just begun to come up.

So far, they have focused their efforts on the south side of the garden where they plan to plant perennials and old bush roses, then herbs and daffodils (“that come before the swallow dars”) in the central beds.

“If we really had some moosey, we could plant lemoos thyme in the cracks of the paths and it would be like a carpet,” Mrs. McGarrahan said wistfully. “But we need other things first like a real gardener, especially for the roses. We don't want to do the wroog thing.”

Signs of Deterioration

“There used to be water flowing from these descending pools and a bust of Shakespeare. At the top,” Louise Monjo said. “That's all gone now and the pipes are broken.”

Restoring the pipes is something the volunteers expect to leave for the future. At the moment, they plan to choose the plants so that there will be something to see every season—berries, bulbs and flowers.

But last Saturday, with weather comparable to a summer's day, the Shakespeare Gardeners seemed pleased with their progress.

“It's really more fun than working on your own garden,” Mrs. McGarrahan said. “It's making something lovely for everyone.”

Neglected Tenants in a Forlorn Battle

There is only one family living in the four-story building at 1508 Lexington Avenue, near 97th Street.

The other tenants left three years ago, and the emptied apartments are now full of rubbish, rats and leaks. The windows are covered with tin instead of glass. And for the family, the Fragozas, there is often no heat or hot water. Posted in the building is a vacate order.

Antonia Fragoza and others on her block say that for the last six years, they have been asking the owner of their buildings, Charles E. Sigety, owner of the nearby Florence Nightingale Nursing Home, to repair their apartments. To dramatize their plight, they have held demonstrations and sleep-ins. The tenants say that Mr. Sigety—who was fined \$10,000 in 1973 for allowing the buildings to deteriorate—has failed to make the necessary repairs in a conscious attempt to force them out. And most of them have left.

In 1972, Mr. Sigety proposed plans for the development of a nursing home on the block where Mrs. Fragoza lives. The proposal called for provisions for community health, social and therapeutic services for the elderly and housing improvements “aimed at preserving existing housing stock.” It also included the relocation of some tenants.

Last November, the State Health Department fined Mr. Sigety \$15,000 for health violations at the Nightingale Homes, which are at 175 East 96th Street, and the Federal Government won a \$1 million settlement for excessive Medicare claims there.

When asked for comment on the tenant dispute at the buildings, a secretary at the Florence Nightingale Nursing Home and lawyers for Mr. Sigety said that he was out of the country. They would not comment on the situation. “I do not know what Mr. Sigety's plans are,” said Lawrence S. Borah, Mr. Sigety's lawyer.

Several buildings on the block have already been demolished. The building at 1722 Third Avenue had an immediate vacate order placed on it on Aug. 14, 1975, just two days after the vacate order was posted in Mrs. Fragoza's building. Elana Tzvaio, a nurse, has been the only person living there, with little heat or hot water, for seven months. “I sleep at the home of different friends every night,” she said.

In the building next to Mrs. Fragoza's apartment, at 1508 Lexington Avenue, two old women live alone without heat or hot water.

Mrs. Fragoza has lived on the second floor of the building with her two children, her mother and disabled father and a guard dog for almost 10 years. She has written the housing and community agencies, but Presidents Nixon and Ford, Vice President Rockefeller, Mayor Beame and Governor Carey, asking them to help her get the leaks fixed in her apartment and to have an exterminator go through the building. Now she just writes poetry about it.

With Awareness of PCB's in Fish, Consumer Concern Grows

By MIMI SHERATON

Spring, more than any other season, is usually celebrated by fish-loving gastronomes for its early runs of shad and their highly prized roe, and for the abundance of striped bass, a delicacy to be enjoyed cold now and throughout summer. In addition, the seasonal demand for freshwater species such as carp, pike and whitefish is greatly increased, since those fish are prime ingredients of gefilte fish, traditionally served during Passover.

If the public has suddenly become apprehensive about eating those fish, there is every reason for the concern. Given the recently publicized facts about contamination of the Hudson River by the industrial chemical and suspected carcinogen polychlorinated biphenyls (PCB's), the arguments among scientists about what safe levels of those chemicals are, the difficulty in telling where fish in stores comes from, and the migratory habits of freshwater fish that spawn in the Hudson and then go out to sea where they are caught, the only entirely safe course is to forego such fish, pending further findings.

Robert H. Boyle, a devoted Hudson River sports fisherman who reported in 1970 on finding high levels of PCB's in striped bass from the river, said, "Shopping in a fish market these days is like picking your way through a minefield, and it's a shame. Fish is great food—lean, good protein and delicious."

Most of the evidence concerning the effects of PCB's has been arrived at through experiments done on laboratory animals. After a series of relatively low-level dosages, female rhesus monkeys were found to lose some of their reproductive faculties. Considerably higher levels were needed to cause liver cancer in rats. Mink are especially susceptible and in 1971 the Campbell Soup Company detected high levels of PCB's—26.5 parts per million—in chickens purchased in New York State; as a result, 140,450 chickens were destroyed.

As for humans, more than 1,000

people in Japan suffered PCB poisoning in 1968 after eating contaminated rice oil. The people suffered from fatigue, headaches, pain in the joints, anemia, acneform eruptions, pigmentation changes and swelling of the eyelids. It was also found that pregnant women in the group retained PCB's in their fatty tissues and, that, presumably as a result, nine out of ten babies born alive had unusually grayish skin and were born underweight.

Environmental Science & Technology magazine reported last month that

month forbidding all fishing between Fort Edward and the Troy Dam. He also prohibited the consumption of all eel from the river and advised that public intake of river fish be limited to one portion per week and suggested that infants and pregnant women not eat any fish from the river. Shad was an exception to the order, pending adequate testing of the new spring run.

Eel were banned because they are bottom fish that ingest the silt where PCB's lodge, and also because they are fatty, and PCB's lodge in fatty and oily tissues. Carp although not

In fact, it has not, and with good reason.

Although several fish restaurants in town report no drop in the sales of either striped bass or shad, three fish markets queried all said there had been brief drops following newspaper articles about PCB's. All, however, said that just about every customer who bought carp and striped bass asked for reassurance first, questioning the dealer as to the origin of the fish. Markets here report that striped bass is coming from New Bedford, Mass., Long Island and the Chesapeake Bay, and all said that

the Hudson then going out to the sea, there is at least a 50-50 chance that any such fish caught in the North Atlantic have spent time in the Hudson, the spawning ground for 90 percent of the fisheries in the area. Contamination varies with the size of the fish and the amount of time it spent in the river, but the chances of pollution are great enough to scare off many people.

"One would tend to choose marine species that do not spawn in estuaries," said Dr. A. Karim Ahmed of the Natural Resources Defense Council. Mr. Boyle

Wisconsin and Iowa, and in branches of the Mississippi reportedly coming from Lake Superior, Lake Winnebago in California, the fish shipped into expected to comply with limits of 5 ppm, the Lake Michigan, in studies by the Michigan Department of Resources, showed 10 of PCB's for lake trout.

The Michigan study supported by others in the Department of Environment in 1974, indicating a level above 5 ppm in ch salmon, brown trout, fish and carp, while no Upper Fox River, averaged

To date, however, no as high a rate of PCB's as the Hudson, and commercial values at wonder that various have taken opposite

"I'm not eating fish now," said Environmental Commissioner Reilly. Evidence that the 5 ppm is too high and be lowered to 1 or 2 level will "knock out Coast fisheries, but it's not just a 1976 to say that G.E. in the state if forced to river or restrict its dis-

John Dyson, the Secretary of Commerce, takes insisting that New York million in business plant, as against a million for fisheries. "Still, what the doctor says all, not an environmental fish are not dying. It matter, I think the Federal should set the regulation. G. E. and other have no place to go done practically nothing, nor has Massachusetts. York will be penalized restrictive regulation

Markets report that just about every customer asks for reassurance, questioning the dealers on the origins of the fish being sold—a tricky question because the fish migrate so widely.

blood tests among the rice oil patients made in 1973 and 1974 showed that PCB levels in the most affected group was generally 7.2 parts per million.

In another incident, the General Electric Company reported last November that at least 65 of its employees in two upstate plants had become ill over a 15-year period under conditions that might have been aggravated by PCB exposure.

Until August 1975, little was done about the Hudson's PCB contamination, which resulted mainly from discharges from the two General Electric plants at Fort Edward and Hudson Falls. At that time, the State Commissioner of Environmental Conservation, Ogden R. Reid, ordered tests that showed an alarmingly high concentration of PCB's, far above the permissible Food and Drug Administration limits of 5 ppm.

As a result of Mr. Reid's findings, Robert P. Whelan, the State Commissioner of Health, issued orders last

banned, are also bottom fish and oily, but there has been little if any commercial carp fishing from the Hudson in years.

Mr. Boyle, a senior writer for Sports Illustrated who has written widely about the Hudson, said that he had submitted fish samples to a laboratory for analysis.

"The lab found a concentration of 11 parts per million in striped bass eggs and 4 ppm in the flesh," Mr. Boyle said. "I'm not about to eat striped bass or any other fish from the Hudson River, the Finger Lakes or Lake George. I do eat large mouth bass and sunfish and other such fish that I catch myself away from any human drainage systems."

Since, in effect, Mr. Whelan's order made it highly improbable that Hudson River fish would find their way to markets, it should have eliminated public concern over eating those species of fish when caught in other waters,

their shad was from Georgia and South Carolina.

The concern of many scientists and environmental specialists is that the permissible 5 ppm level may be too high for safety.

Canada has already lowered its allowable maximum to 2 ppm and the Food and Drug Administration is considering the same limit. As a result of tests he ran in which PCB's showed up in chicken, fish and mother's milk, Dr. Robert Risebrough of the Bodega Marine Laboratory at the University of California at Berkeley said, "My gut-level reaction is that I would not want to eat any fish with a concentration over 1 ppm, and I think the most desirable goal would be to get rid of all of PCB's. As a matter of fact, all of us here love to eat Pacific salmon in summer, so we deliberately avoid analyzing it."

Furthermore, because so many fish such as striped bass and shad are migratory, spawning in rivers such as

concluded in this view, naming cod, scrod, halibut, haddock, hake, red snapper and porgies as fish he would consume without too much trepidation.

"Even some estuary fish tested right here off Martha's Vineyard showed PCB levels of 3 ppm," reported Henry R. Carreiro, executive director of the Striped Bass Fund. "And fish taken close to the General Electric plant in Pittsfield (Mass.) showed levels of 6, 7 and 8 ppm. Our fund was started originally to enhance the striped bass population, but these days we spend most of our time just trying to maintain it."

"The Chesapeake Bay area is in much better shape," he said, "but the striped bass tend to migrate north from the Hudson, so we're affected up here."

John Van Glabbe of the Fishery Council, an organization supported by the dealers of the Fulton Fish Market, hastens to assure those concerned that carp coming into this market are from

Science of Sitting: Designer Applies Himself to Comfort

By LISA HAMMILL

Bill Stumpf spent a large part of the last few years watching people sit. Why would anyone want to watch people sit? Why, the better to design chairs for them.

Mr. Stumpf, an industrial design consultant and teacher who is based in Madison, Wis., has been looking into people's sitting habits for over a decade, and a few years ago was asked by Herman Miller, the office systems and furnishings concern, to design a "program" of office work chairs.

Not a Simple Problem

What Mr. Stumpf discovered to the course of his studies was that there was a lot more to sitting in a chair than lowering your hindquarters into the seat, planting your feet on the floor and typing or conferencing or answering the telephone or punching an office machine.

After finding out that the vascular system, the muscles, the bones, joints and so forth turn out to be very important in how efficiently and comfortably you work while sitting in a chair, he went on to do time-lapse studies, with hidden cameras, of people sitting and working.

He discovered, he said, that people perform an astonishing number and variety of movements and gyrations in a chair. The best possible office chair, he therefore con-

cluded, would accommodate a person in all this multitude of movement, while giving him or her the physical support needed for both comfort and sound physiological functioning.

"A chair is not just a visual event," he said. "It also has a function. And you can't design a chair for the average-sized person. You have to design it to fit people of all different sizes and shapes."

He finally decided there had to be two "families" of chairs: secretarial/operational and managerial/executive. The differences between each subgroup within the "families" is the size and shape of the back. Both the secretarial and managerial have smaller, lower backs to accommodate more movement.

The operational (for workers like computer operators, telephone operators, air traffic controllers and so forth) has a higher back for greater support, as does the one for the executive, who, it was assumed, spends more time sitting behind a desk or conference table wheeling and dealing.

Multiple Adjustments

Looking at the four basic chairs Mr. Stumpf designed, you would hardly guess they contain all these secrets of comfort and support. But when Mr. Stumpf moved his hefty frame around in them purposefully to illustrate his points, one did get the idea he might have something there.

The chairs can be adjusted in a number of ways—most of them while a person is sitting—to accommodate different activities as well as the size of the sitter. You can change the height by simply swiveling it, and there are all kinds of things you can do with the back.

The chairs, which start at about \$200, come in a range of fabrics and lots of colors, and can be had with or without casters. All of them revolve 360 degrees. They are available through authorized Herman Miller dealers to architects, decorators and office furnishing concerns.

And perhaps they won't end up restricted to the office.

"For a certain kind of industrial steel table look," said Barbara D'Arcy, Bloomington's vice president of merchandise presentation, "these could be fantastic dining room chairs."



Bill Stumpf and executive chair

3 Women Heading Toward Success

In their showroom are, from left, Liberty Lassiter, Lucy Scirocco and Beth Karten.

By RUTH ROBINSON

Last spring Liberty Lassiter, Beth Karten and Lucy Scirocco were doing the rounds of the smart boutiques with samples of their products in brown paper bags. Then, orders in hand, they were farming out the work to seamstresses as a kind of cottage industry. Now the trio are on their way to the big time, with a company of their own called Cloak of Many Colors, as well as an agent, a cutter and a contractor and are distributing their classic sports separates nationally.

They still attend to a lot of day-to-day details of their business personally, though, making local deliveries, for example. "It's silly to send United Parcel Service. We've got to watch our pennies," said Miss Karten, a children's wear designer formerly with Simplicity Patterns. And until they locate a suitable loft, they continue to ship from Miss Lassiter's spacious West Side apartment.

The women got their start with the print skirt that was almost a uniform for city women last summer. That their wrap-around version had singularly flattering lines and came in fabrics easily matched with available T-shirts, was no accident. The trio, accomplished sewers all, knew exactly what they were doing and brought solid fashion experience to their joint venture.

Miss Lassiter formerly worked for a small pre-teen fashion house, but got tired, she said, of doing cheap things. Mrs. Scirocco, who once did piecework in a fac-

A Correction

In the recipe for Ukrainian horseradish that appeared in some editions of The New York Times last Wednesday, instructions for including the beets in the soup were mistakenly omitted. The sliced beets should be added to the simmering beef and stock, along with the onions, carrots and potatoes. If the beets were canned, add their canning liquid as well. Do not add the liquid in which the unpeeled raw beets were blanched.



The New York Times



Above, operational chair; below, manager's chair.



New York Times

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Miss Barbanel Wed to Doctor

Cheryl Sue Barbanel, who expects to graduate in June from the New York University School of Medicine, was married yesterday to Dr. Kenneth A. Miller, chief medical resident at the Veterans Administration Hospital here. Rabbi Martin Gordon performed the ceremony at Temple Torah in Little Neck, Queens.

The bride, a cum laude graduate of the State University College at Buffalo and a member of Phi Beta Kappa, is the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Leon J. Barbanel of Bellmore, L.I. Her father is a New York lawyer.

Dr. Miller, son of Dr. Benjamin Miller, a pediatrician, and Mrs. Miller of East Williston, L.I., is a graduate of N.Y.U. and the New York Medical College.

He will start an appointment as a fellow in hematology at the Tufts-New England Medical Center in Boston in July, when his wife will start an internship at the Framingham (Mass.) Union Hospital.

Jill Jacobson, U.S. Lawyer, Marries

Jill A. Jacobson of Lebanon, N.H., an assistant United States attorney for the District of Vermont in Rutland, was married yesterday to Thomas Joseph Cullen, a lawyer and candidate for a master's degree at the Amos Tuck School of Business Administration at Dartmouth College.

Justice of the Peace Albert E. Gleason performed the ceremony at the home of Or. and Mrs. Nathan Jacobson of Yonkers. The bridegroom is the son of Marjorie I. Cullen of Riverdale, the Bronx, and the late Thomas J. Cullen, a sales representative for Mobil. Or. Jacobson is a former district superintendent of schools in Englewood Cliffs, N.J., and his wife, Ethel Jacobson, headed the English department at Ramapo Regional High School in Franklin Lakes, N.J.

The bride and her husband received degrees from the Fordham Law School. She is an alumna also of Wellesley College, and Mr. Cullen, a graduate of the United States Military Academy, class of '67, served in Vietnam as a captain with the Army's 101st Airborne Division.

Jeffrey Seitelman Weds Susan Gimovsky

Susan Debra Gimovsky, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Julius H. Gimovsky of Woodside, Queens, was married yesterday afternoon to Jeffrey Kevin Seitelman, son of Mr. and Mrs. Max Seitelman of Brooklyn.

Rabbi Jay Sangerman of Brooklyn, performed the ceremony at the Fox Hollow Inn in Woodbury, L.I.

The bride was until recently a teacher of emotionally handicapped children.

The bridegroom's mother is executive secretary of Mensa, and his father is president of Gotham Representatives Inc., sales representatives in housewares and hardware.

The bride graduated from the State University at Stony Brook and received a master's degree in special education from Hofstra University.

Mr. Seitelman, an alumnus of Williams College, is a third-year student at the State University at Buffalo Medical School.

Bonnie Rudensky Bride of Dr. Lubin

Dr. Bonnie Rudensky, an assistant professor of English at Ohio State University, was married yesterday afternoon in Columbus, Ohio, to Dr. A. Harold Lubin, chairman of the nutrition division of the department of pediatrics at the university's school of medicine.

Rabbi Seymour Weller of San Jose, Calif., and David Stavsky of Columbus, officiated in Beth Jacob Synagogue. The bride is the daughter of Mrs. Herman Rudensky of Fort Wayne, Ind., and Boyds, Queens, and the late Dr. Rudensky.

She received an A.B. degree from Indiana University and M.A. and Ph.D. degrees from the University of Chicago.

Dr. Lubin is the son of Mrs. Herman Lubin of Memphis and the late Mr. Lubin, a pharmacist. He graduated from the University of Michigan and the University of Iowa School of Medicine.

Hope Budner Wed To Gordon Brown

Hope Ann Budner, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Stanley P. Budner of Wilmington, Del., was married yesterday afternoon to Gordon Sander Brown, son of Mr. and Mrs. Alexander Brown of Wallingford, Pa. Rabbi David Geffen performed the ceremony at the Du Pont Hotel.

The bride, a speech and language pathologist for Delaware's Division of Public Health, graduated from George Washington University and received a master's degree from Case Western Reserve University. Her father is president of the Delmar News Agency in Wilmington and the Key News Agency in Marathon, Fla. Her grandfather, the late E. M. Budner, was co-publisher of the now defunct Wilmington Star.

The bridegroom, also a George Washington graduate, expects to receive a degree from the Delaware Law School this year. His father owns several pharmacies.

Lauren Smith Wed To M.L. Kesselman

Lauren Marie Smith and Mark L. Kesselman, an account officer with Citibank, were married yesterday afternoon in the Interfaith Chapel of the Church Center for the United Nations.

The Rev. Dr. Lawrence L. Durgin, minister of the Broadway United Church of Christ, performed the ceremony.

Mr. and Mrs. Oliver Smith of Montclair, N.J., are the bride's parents. Mr. Smith is associate director for the international division of the National Board of the Young Men's Christian Association.

The bride, a flight attendant for Eastern Air Lines, attended the Ecole Supérieure de Neuchâtel and the University of Neuchâtel, both in Switzerland.

Mr. Kesselman, a cum laude graduate of Brooklyn College, received an M.B.A. degree from the Columbia University Graduate School of Business. His father is a manufacturer's representative.

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JACQUES PEPIN	French cuisine	April 19 and 28
TERRY ROBARDS	Wines*	April 20 and 27
NORMAN CHI	Italian cuisine	April 21 and 26
MICHELE EVANS	Art of sugar sculpting	April 22 and 29
NORMAN CHI	Chinese cuisine	April 23 and 30

*Wines of France, April 20 and Wines of America, April 27

Limited to 190, Daily 6-8 P.M. The New York Times Auditorium. Week of five lectures \$50.00. April 19-23 and April 26-30, 1976.

2. Demonstration/Participation

Here is an opportunity to watch and work. While you observe and assist the chef, you'll have an opportunity to develop your cooking techniques, and there'll be plenty of time for questions and answers. Food and wine will be sampled.

FRENCH	JACQUES PEPIN
Limited to 35, Daily 6-9 P.M. April 5-9, 1976. The New York Times Auditorium. \$200.00	
Recipes include: Pilaf de Moules à la Crème, Bavette Farcie Braisée, Paupiettes de Veau Lyonnaises, Truites Farcies au Vermouth and Bananes Flambées au Rhum.	
ITALIAN	RUBRIO ROSSI
Limited to 35, Daily 6-9 P.M. May 3-7, 1976. The New York Times Auditorium. \$175.00	
Recipes include: Carre di Vitello al Rosmarino, Carpaccio alla Piemontese, Patate al Diavolicchio, Gorgonzola Mantecato al Calvados and Torta di Ricotta.	

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FRENCH	JACQUES PEPIN
Limited to 12, Daily 6-10 P.M. April 12-16, 1976. The New York Times Test Kitchen. \$300.00	
Recipes include: Feuilleté de champignons, Filet de Boeuf Périgourdine, Soufflé de Homard Plaza-Athénée, Canard Montmorency and Dacquoise au Chocolat.	
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MICHELE EVANS: Before opening his own patisserie several years ago, Michele Bonté was pastry chef at LE PERLÉ restaurant in New York. He is one of only two in New York who holds the coveted title MEILLEUR PATISSIER DE FRANCE.

NORMAN CHI: Mr. Rossi has been owner of PARIOLI restaurant in New York for over 9 years. He has lectured at the Instituto Professionale Alberghiero and for years was a food consultant for the CLAR-HOTEL in Buenos Aires.

TERRY ROBARDS: Mr. Robards, a staff writer for THE NEW YORK TIMES, is author of THE WINE CELLAR JOURNAL and the forthcoming NEW YORK TIMES WINE ENCYCLOPEDIA. He has lectured extensively on wine at symposia of the FOUR SEASONS restaurant and has a radio program, THE TOPIC IS WINE, on WQXR in New York.

NORMAN CHI: A native of Peking, Norman Chi is the managing director of UNCLE TAI'S HUNAN YUAN restaurant in Manhattan. Familiar with all types of Chinese cuisine, he has been associated with many Chinese restaurants throughout the United States.

MICHELE EVANS: Miss Evans is the author of 6 cookbooks which include seafood, poultry and soups. A native of Kansas she has traveled widely studying cooking in England, France and Italy and is now completing another cookbook on Chinese cuisine.

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Row

JNVILLE, Fla. (AP) — Hubert led from the poten- er of a double bo- a two-under-par 70 scored his second a tour victory in ater Jacksonville

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Miller, on the ney-winning list

owed him to join Irwin and Ben and, when he finally did, a historic labor dispute turned his first spring training into a three-week panic.

But the new master of the New York Mets began making fast decisions today as the countdown quickened, and two of his first decisions were these: Jerry Koosman will be the Mets' first pitcher of the exhibition season

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een blasting out of a trap on third hole in mid of Greater Jacksonville open yesterday.

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The Kentucky Wildcats holding trophy aloft at Madison Square Garden yesterday after winning N.I.T. final

Mets' Frazier Plans Ahead Rangers
As Yanks Conjure the Past Lose to
Seaver Will Start in Opener Mantle in Camp Penguins

By JOSEPH DURSO
Special to The New York Times

ST. PETERSBURG, Fla., March 21 — Joe Frazier waited 10 years to manage a big league baseball team and, when he finally did, a historic labor dispute turned his first spring training into a three-week panic.

But the new master of the New York Mets began making fast decisions today as the countdown quickened, and two of his first decisions were these: Jerry Koosman will be the Mets' first pitcher of the exhibition season

"I'll only get to pitch three times in exhibition games," Seaver said, checking off a schedule that showed 10 games already canceled. "I'd usually get half a dozen starts and work my way gradually up to nine

After that, he wanted to go is six or seven by opening day. If we hadn't had those informal workouts at Eckerd College before the camps opened, I'd be way back."

Frazier, a husky 53-year-old from North Carolina, began his "rush" calculations with one certainty: he wanted Seaver to pitch against the Montreal Expos in Shea Stadium on Friday, April 9.

After that, he wanted to pitch Jon Matlack, Koosman and Mickey Lolich in that order. His problem was how to line them up in Florida so that they would fall into that rotation with the precise amount of work and rest after only 15 exhibition games.

"We had to figure it backwards," he explained as the Mets went through their fourth day of practice in

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Wednesday and Tom Seaver will be their first of the regular season April 9.

The two decisions were related, and they demonstrated how the 24 teams and their 600 players would be forced to improvise because of the 17-day delay in training. Instead of having six weeks, they will have three weeks for solving problems that in other years were tackled more leisurely in the sun: who plays where, what rookies make the team, who pitches when.

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Special to The New York Times

FORT LAUDERDALE, Fla., March 21—A rookie right-hander, Doug Heinhold, arrived at the Yankees' training camp today to complete the squad, and Mickey Mantle checked in to complete Manager Billy Martin's alumni coaching and instructional staffs.

Mantle joined such former teammates as Yogi Berra, Phil Rizzuto, Whitey Ford and Martin himself.

Rizzuto, the bunting instructor, said: "Sure, I'm a little stiff but I'm really enjoying it. I've seen quite a few players I think I can help, even if only by convincing them that most times the only thing they must do is get the bat on the ball."

"Too many players have an idea they have to bunt a ball to a certain spot to be successful," said the former shortstop. "That's not true. On a well-planned squeeze play most of the time if they ever bunt back to the pitcher it succeeds."

"I have always been aware of players who try to bunt and fail and the mistakes they make. Too often, for example, they hold the bat too tightly or make their move too soon. A good bunt is one laid down with the bat held loosely."

While Rizzuto was working on fundamentals, a couple of the Yankees' essentials were going to work for the first time.

Califish Hunter was the first pitcher to work in batting practice and Sparky Lyle also took his first turn.

Lyle has had his long, ranch is a favorite stop for many rodeo hands. "I'll buy him if I can," Shendall said, sight unseen.

Little Eight was in Fort Worth, where he had been hauled by two friends of Faircloth, who was laid up. After much haggling on the telephone, Barney told Dean, "Go get him in Fort Worth and have \$3,000 with you." That was in 1970 when Dean, a spare-time bulldogger, was making a good many rodeos.

Now Bob Marshall gets into the act. He is a big, powerful man of 36 who excelled in football and baseball in junior college in California and then went out to scuffle for a living. At 24 he was on a construction job, "partying more than I should and getting no exercise." A friend named Mike Irving suggested that they try bulldogging, though neither was at home on a horse. "I was pitiful," Bob says, "but other sports had been easy for me and I got so determined to learn, it was like a mania."

Bob Marshall Goes to School

The Ferguson family lived near San Martin, Calif., Marshall's hometown. Ira Ferguson had been a bulldogger and calf roper and was coaching his sons, Tom and Larry, who were polished hands as teen-agers. Ira took an interest in their big, bumbling neighbor. "The only advantage I had," Marshall says, "was I was so green I didn't have many bad habits to overcome."

Tom and Larry are accomplished wranglers. In 1974 Tom won the calf-roping championship, was second in steer wrestling and won the all-round title with record earnings of \$66,929. The brothers' success testifies to the quality of their coaching, yet not even Ira Ferguson could have guessed that his third pupil would be the first of the trio to take a championship. Bob Marshall "won the world" in bulldogging in 1973.

Meanwhile, he had been pestering Dean Shendall to sell him Little Eight. In bulldogging, the steer gets a head start, pursued by the dogger at his left and the hazer, another cowboy, riding at his right to keep him straight. Coming abreast, the dogger reaches down to grasp the right horn, then drops from his horse and flops his quarry on its side. As he leaves the saddle, his mount should veer left to whip the rider's legs out at a 45-degree angle to the steer's path. If the horse doesn't "widen" properly, the cowboy's legs trail behind and the steer drags him.

Marshall yearned for Little Eight's speed and talent, and late last March, Shendall accepted his \$15,000, plus \$2,000 for a hazing horse named Glory. Five days later a steer cut under Glory and shattered the horse's near hind leg and Glory had to be destroyed. During the rest of last year, Marshall won \$18,000 off Little Eight and collected \$6,000 from other cowboys who used him. Starting this year, they won at Denver, won at Fort Worth, placed at San Antonio. Up to last week Bob had won \$15,000 and Little Eight had brought him another \$8,000 in mount money.

Marshall is out in front going for another world championship. The only wrangler crowding him is Tom Ferguson.

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Kentucky Five Takes
N.I.T. Title by 71-67

By SAM GOLDPAPER

You can find a Reggie Warford on most any college basketball team in the country. He is the high school hotshot who gets lost in a wealth of other high school hotshots, all recruited for the same position.

But if he is lucky, there comes a day when a Reggie Warford can have his day. Like yesterday, when Reggie Warford, the lone senior on Kentucky, led the Wildcats to a 71-67 victory over North Carolina at Charlotte in the final of the National Invitation Tournament at Madison Square Garden.

The consolation for the upstart Charlotte team, that came to New York seeking national basketball fame, was that Cedric Maxwell, its skinny 6-foot-5-inch forward, was named the most valuable player.

North Carolina State defeated Providence, 74-69, for third-place honors in the preliminary game. Despite the crowd of 12,415, the largest of the tournament, the total attendance of 56,673 for the six sessions was the smallest since 1940 when six teams played over three days.

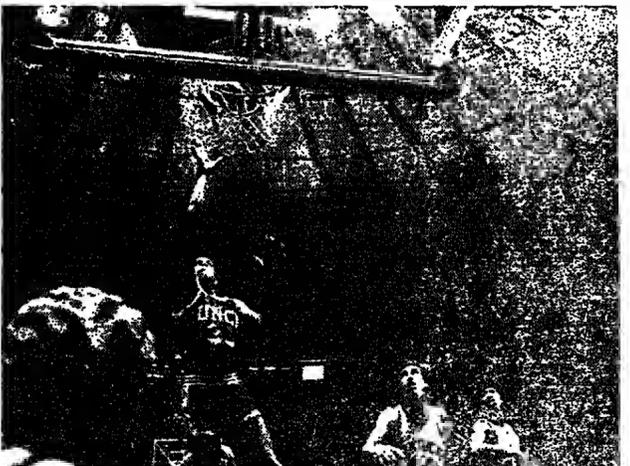
The stage for Warford, who had scored only 3 points in the previous three games, all on free throws, was set when Kentucky got into serious second-half foul trouble.

Jack Givens, the team's leading scorer all season long, picked up his fourth foul after 9 seconds of the second half. Mike Phillips, the 6-10 center, was charged with his fourth foul 44 seconds later and James Lee, who had sparked the Wildcats to victory in the first two tourney games, was slapped with his fourth violation with 10:37 left.

Warford, a 6-1 backcourt man with a 6.8-point season average, picked up the scoring lag with 10 of his 14 points. His driving left-side layup put Kentucky ahead, 60-59, and his 15-foot right side jump shot gave the Wildcats a 64-63 advantage, a lead it never relinquished. On that play Maxwell also fouled Phillips and he made both free throws.

Melvin Watkins cut the Kentucky lead to 66-65, with 39 seconds left, but two free throws by Larry Johnson restored the 3-point edge 17 seconds later. When Maxwell's basket again cut the Wildcats edge to a point with 9 seconds remaining, Phillips's 3-point play 2 seconds later ended all hope for the Forty-Niners.

"It's my win," said Warford after the game, "and no one Continued on Page 35, Column 1



Cedric Maxwell of North Carolina, voted most valuable player, scoring against Kentucky

Man Beaten by 'Final Four'
Picks Indiana to Stay No. 1

By TONY KORNHEISER

The teams have dwindled down to a precious few—Indiana, Rutgers, Michigan and (of course) the University of California, Los Angeles, the defending National Collegiate Athletic Association basketball champion — the "final four" in your N.C.A.A. program.

Fred Schaus is picking Indiana. And he should know. Schaus is the coach of the Purdue team that played — and lost to — each of the teams in the final four. He lost twice to Indiana and Michigan in big 10 conference play, and once to U.C.L.A. and Rutgers.

"I'm going with No. 1," Schaus said yesterday. "Indiana has so many ways to beat you: Defense, boards, streak shooting. They have had so many close games, but they have always found a way to win."

The four survivors from the regional playoffs are bound for Philadelphia and the national semifinals. On Saturday, Indiana plays U.C.L.A. and Michigan meets Rutgers. It is the first N.C.A.A. championship to be played at the Spectrum, and it is a tournament overloaded with "firsts."

It is the first time in the tournament's 38-year history that two unbeaten teams—Indiana and Rutgers—made the final four.

It is the first time two teams from the same conference—Indiana and Michigan—made the final four.

It is the first time Rutgers made the final four.

It is the first time since 1965 that Michigan made the Indiana lost in the semifinals to U.C.L.A. and the Bruins, led by Bill Walton and Keith Wilkes, won the championship.

1973 that Indiana is in the final four. Three years ago, Indiana lost in U.C.L.A. and the Bruins, led by Bill Walton and Keith Wilkes, won the championship.

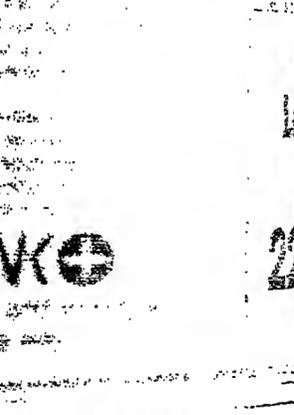
And it is the first time since last year that U.C.L.A. made the final four. U.C.L.A., under Coach John Wooden, made the final four in all 11 of the last 12 years, and won the championship 10 times. The Bruins' only loss was in the 1974 semifinal against North Carolina State, with David Thompson and Tom Burleson.

The difference this year is that Wooden has retired, and Gene Bartow, U.C.L.A.'s coach, the real rookie on a mostly-veteran tournament team.

Bartow's Bruins, with their record of 26 victories and 4 losses, will play Indiana in the power matchup semi-

ship. It is the first time since Continued on Page 35, Column 6

been bugged by a lot of loan don't fill out a lot of loan for The Loan at Citibank



TOPS for Red Smith The Bulldogger's \$15,000 Friend As this is written a rodeo is winding up in Calgary, Alberta, not the famous Calgary Stampede, which is a full-dress affair that comes off in July, but an indoor show. When competition started last week, the bulldogger who won top money in the opening cowboy who finished third all worked off the same horse, a swift but temperamental animal named Little Eight. In steer wrestling, the horse is all important, and several cowboys may use the same mount, each paying the owner 25 percent of his prize money. For three comparative strangers, Little Eight performed flawlessly. When Bob Marshall, his owner, got aboard, Little Eight left the chute too soon and Marshall didn't score. Considering that Marshall thinks so highly of Little Eight that he paid a bigger price for him than any dogging horse had ever brought, this was downright bad manners, but Little Eight always did have a will of his own. In 1973 when a Japanese-American syndicate bid a record \$600,000 for a yearling son of Bold Ruler who was later named Wajima, the Keeneland sales pavilion reacted the way Wall Street would if the Dow Jones average closed at 1,100. Little Eight's pedigree goes back to a stallion named Three Bars, the Bold Ruler of quarter horses, but he was something like 12 years old when Marshall bought him for \$15,000, money he had earned a dollar at a time threshing about in dust and mud in hand-to-horn combat with ill-tempered steers. That was a bit less than a year ago, when both horse and man had been around for a spell. Little Eight was foaled in Michigan and he was born spoiled. He was bred by Jack Dare, who raised reining horses for shows. With almost invisible guidance from his rider, a reining horse is supposed to turn, back up and stop on a dime or preferably 9 cents, but Little Eight had other ideas. Disgusted, Dare sold him to Wimpy Sleeter, a New Jersey blacksmith. Little Eight Goes to School Wimpy is a part-time bulldogger with a circle of friends who race "short" horses 220 yards and bet their lives. The headstrong Little Eight had brilliant speed from the start. "He would run away with you in a box stall," says Wimpy, who won some races with him and wrestled Wimpy's on the New York-Pennsylvania-New Jersey rodeo circuit, recognized undisciplined talent and, doubting that Wimpy would sell the horse to him, got a friend to buy Little Eight for him. An exceptional horseman and first-rate dogger, Barney gave the horse the schooling he needed, hauling him to some of the big indoor rodeos like Denver and Fort Worth, mounting other cowboys on him, running a lot of cattle. Wranglers who saw Little Eight make spectacular runs, when he was in the mood, brought word of this "wonder horse" to Dean Shendall, a Las Vegas character whose small

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Relentless Wind Tries Mettle of Earth Day Marathon Runners

By PAUL L. MONTGOMERY

Special to The New York Times

WESTBURY, L.I., March 21—Twenty-five-mile-a-hour gusts of wind and a 26-mile, 385-yard course tested the mettle of long-distance running enthusiasts today in Nassau County's 18th annual Earth Day marathon.

Though the calendar said it was the first day of spring, the weather was harsh and unforgiving. The blustery wind blew runners out of stride, and for late finishers there was a torrential downpour to greet them at the tape.

Justin Gubbins, a Long Islander running for the New York Athletic Club, finished in 2 hours 24 minutes 21.6 seconds, a fine time considering the weather conditions. It was a record for the course, bettering the 2:27:14 recorded by the Rev. Sean Healy last year.

Gubbins, who missed the qualifying time for the Olympic tryouts by less than a minute and a half, crossed the line smiling and waving to friends. On the faces of some who came after, however, there were no smiles; they trotted in limping, barely able to put one foot ahead of the other, with a lot of the whites showing in their glazed eyes.

When Chris Maher stumbled across in 2:50, good for 35th place, he was vomiting blood. Two teen-age boys and a number of men collapsed on the track, dehydrated and shivering. In the marathoner's code, one of the first injunctions is not to give up.

"I felt like giving up a few times," said Lauri Pedrinan of the West Side Y.M.C.A., the first woman finisher in 3:13:09. "But it's always in the back of your mind that you won't."

The course began at Roosevelt Raceway, made four 5.8-mile loops around Eisenhower Park, then finished back at the track on the homestretch. The Olympic qualifying

time was 2:23. For next month's Boston Marathon, the qualifying times are 3:00 for men under 40 and 3:30 for men over 40 and all women.

The race was sponsored by the Nassau County Recreation Department, the Long Island Athletic Club and the local branch of the Road Runners Club of America. There were more than 600 entries.

One of the happiest finishers was Marty Brown of C.W. Post College, whose 2:55:53 put him fifth in the field. "I can't believe it," the 19-year-old kept saying. "It was my first marathon."

Brown's longest previous race was 15 miles. "They told me at 20 miles you hit something like a wall," the youth observed. "Mine came around 16 miles, then I got a second wind or something. It's a great feeling at the finish."

Dan Larsen of the Capital Track Club in Albany was staggering as he reached the finish. After recording a 2:41:15 time, he collapsed in the arms of his girlfriend, Carolyn Knobel. She walked him around the Roosevelt infield for a while, and when he had peeled off his blood-stained socks he looked himself again.

"I was hurting pretty bad between the blisters and the

wind," said the 24-year-old medical student. "But don't drop out of a marathon. You just don't."

Miss Knobel said that she had mixed emotions seeing her friend run. "I don't like to see him in pain, but it makes him feel good to do it," she said.

Gubbins attracted a crowd of running devotees, the race as he talked about training, diet and other aspects of the road-running game. The 24-year-old graduate, a substitute teacher at Bellport (L.I.) High School, runs about 70 miles a week—half the distance of marathoners in heavy training.

Gubbins said that with heavy training and a vicious diet he had experienced dehydration and for sweets, neither of which is desirable for a starved runner.

"Now I've cut out white sugars and I'm on liver and lean meat and drinking lots of milk. Running is funny. Sometimes you go out super the next time you come out. I don't know what it is."

The runner hopes to make the Olympic team in Boston, but has other plans for the incoming year to Albany next week for a 30-kilometer race. "If I recover from this in time."

The leading finishers: 1—Justin Gubbins, A.C., 2:24:21.6; 2—Michael Butnyez, unattached, 2:33:50; 3—Samuel Weizel, West Point, 2:33:50; 4—Dan unattached, 2:35:33; 5—Marty Brown, C.W. Post, 2:55:53; 6—Steve Ferrigno, unattached, 2:56:23; 7—Strothoff, Long Island A.C., 2:56:24; 8—Steph Milrose, A.C., 2:56:26; 9—Duncan Brown, 2:57:50; 10—Alan Kirk, Long Island A.C., 2:58:00.

Westbrook Victor In Final of Saber

By ROBIN HERMAN

After a chorus of coaches prompted the baby of this competition with instructions, 23-year-old Peter Westbrook grinned and saluted the crowd of 600 persons with his shining saber yesterday on finishing first in the Martini & Rossi international fencing challenge.

Twelve nations participated in the 16th annual competition at the New York Athletic Club.

Westbrook, a fresh-faced N.Y.U. graduate student and two-time national champion, won four of five bouts in the final round of the flamboyant saber competition. He won his roughest bouts—against the bearish Mario Aldo Montano of Italy and Jatac Bierkowski of Poland.

Westbrook, who finished second to Westbrook, offered contrasting Italian styles. Massei was the intellectual, fencing with calm efficiency. Montano, something of an actor and clown, removed his mask frequently to raise his eyebrows at the jury of referees and to joke with his opponents, sometimes patting them on the cheek in consolation or a touch.

When no outright winner emerged from the final epee round, a four-man barrage or fenceoff was held. Jaroslav Jurka, a 27-year-old Czechoslovak, woo the extra round.

The storming, intimidating style of Kieran Palm gave the 12-time Swedish national champion a sweep of the women's foil finals with five victories. Her keenest rival yesterday was Claude Hulín of Belgium who scored on her three times in the last round. The Belgian seemed to tie a bit toward the end of her bout, but the 24th of the day, but the muscular Lisa Palm was in full command.

Miss Palm, who is 30 years old, has been fencing for 16 years and made it to the finals of the 1968 and 1972 Olympics. "I have been fencing at the same level for many years," she said. "I have no real good talents in any other sports, but I run and swim if it will help my fencing. I couldn't live without it. It's a disease."

The women's foil competition was strong yesterday, but the Olympics will be much more difficult. "The Russians, the Rumanians and the Hungarians are not here, and they are the best in the world," said Miss Palm.

Motorcycle Crash Injures Phil Read

MODENA, Italy, March 21 (Reuters)—Phil Read, a world motorcycle champion seven times, was injured today when he crashed on the opening lap of the 500-cc event in the City of Imola Grand Prix.

The English racer was taken to Modena Hospital, where doctors said he had injuries to the chest and left shoulder and mild concussion. They said he should be fit in about 10 days, barring complications.

The race was won by another multiple world title winner, Giacomo Agostini of Italy.

Today's Entries at Aqueduct

Table listing horse racing entries for Aqueduct, including race numbers, names, jockeys, and odds.

Fencing Results WOMEN'S FOIL SEMIFINAL ROUND

Table of fencing results for Women's Foil Semifinal Round, listing participants and scores.

MEN'S SABER SEMIFINAL ROUND

Table of fencing results for Men's Saber Semifinal Round, listing participants and scores.

MEN'S EPEE FINAL

Table of fencing results for Men's Epee Final, listing participants and scores.

FENCEOFF

Table of fencing results for the Fenceoff, listing participants and scores.

Yonkers Entries

Table listing horse racing entries for Yonkers, including race numbers, names, jockeys, and odds.

Today's Entries at Aqueduct (continued)

Continuation of horse racing entries for Aqueduct, including race numbers, names, jockeys, and odds.

Special to The New York Times

Special to The New York Times

Special to The New York Times

Tennis Students Yell 'Out' Loudly Frazier Puts Met Rotation In Operation

Continued From Page 33

players, a match or an excited crowd. Basketball, football, volleyball, baseball and soccer officials were what W.T.T. sought, and that is what it got—by the hundreds. Lured by the promise of \$25 minimum payments for a match (at the 1975 United States Open officials were paid \$3.75 for a 12-hour shift) nearly 200 applicants had to be turned away from training sessions in Los Angeles, Pittsburgh, Boston, San Francisco and New York, according to King.

"Tennis experience is not important or even desired," King added. "Our ideas of officiating a match are so different, we feel it's easier not to have to unlearn what people have been doing under traditional methods."

The most revolutionary differences including getting rid of all chairs so that line judges remain on their feet throughout a match as they do in most major team sports. Even the referee—no longer called an umpire—stands usually on a raised platform at one end of the net to keep score.

Only four persons call the lines, each one handling a service line as well as a baseline or sideline. This involves flowing unobtrusively with the play so that they don't bother the players, yet eliminating the scene of a typical match surrounded by nine or 10 bored-looking persons, all sitting down.

There is no net judge, and any judge or referee who hears a net call it. All officials are in uniform, wearing speakers and must pass a tough rule-book quiz, a color test and an eye exam. Above all, W.T.T. officials must possess the kind of poise and attitude that show they know what they're doing and cannot be intimidated or made to change their mind.

Only 12-to-15 applicants in each of the 10 W.T.T. cities will be hired, King said, which means that tennis officiating suddenly has become a competitive field. The new plan also may eliminate the practice of many tournament operators who call a friend the night before to see if he could referee a tennis match.

"W.T.T. is big time now," asserted Dick Robinson, who is in charge of training officials. "We've got to match our star players with officials of equal caliber."

Anyone for a used umpire's chair? Another complication is that the Mets traditionally have allowed their pitchers four days of rest. Frazier, like many managers, figures three days are plenty. "Do you know any pitcher in the National League who needs four days?" he asked. "Tom Seaver," he was reminded.

"O.K.," he replied, rolling with yet another punch. "If we do need five pitchers to get through five days, Bob Apodaca will be the fifth, even though ideally I'd rather have him in the bullpen."

"I see them too much until I can tell you much until the rookie manager lamented, fighting the clock and the calendar. "And there isn't much time this year to watch them play."

Dodgers Get Catcher ANAHEIM, Calif., March 21 (AP)—The California Angels sold a 29-year-old catcher, Elie Rodriguez, to the Los Angeles Dodgers today for a minor league outfielder, Orlando Alvarez, and an undisclosed amount of cash.

Rodriguez, an eight-year veteran, has a 246 career batting average. Last year, he hit .285 with three home runs and 27 runs batted in. Alvarez, 23, batted .303 for Albuquerque last season.

Rieser-Tanner Win I.P.A. CARLSBAD, Calif., March 21 (AP)—Marty Rieser and Roscoe Tanner defeated Sandy Mayer and Peter Fleming, 7-6, 7-6, in the doubles final of the independent Players Association tournament today at La Costa Racquet Club here. The winners earned \$3,000 apiece.

A third-place singles playoff, Guillermo Vilas beat Tanner, 7-6, 6-2, to earn \$8,000. Tanner received \$7,000 for fourth.

Rosenwall Wins Tennis South JACKSON, Miss., March 21 (UPI)—Top-seeded Ken Rosewall used some powerfully accurate backhands today to defeat Raul Ramirez, 6-3, 6-3, and won the Tennis South Invitation tournament for the second time in a row.

The 41-year-old Rosewall frustrated Ramirez, continually passing the Mexican when he attempted to come to the net behind his serve. He received \$17,000 for the victory, while Ramirez won \$8,000 for second place.

Miss Goolagong Triumphs DALLAS, March 21 (AP)—Evonne Goolagong of Australia, displaying flawless form, crushed Martina Navratilova in two straight sets, 6-1, 6-1, to capture the \$15,000 first prize today in the Maureen Connolly Brinker tennis tournament, sponsored by Virginia Slims.

Miss Goolagong took only 41 minutes to defeat the Czechoslovak-born Miss Navratilova, now living in the United States.

Rieser-Tanner Win I.P.A. CARLSBAD, Calif., March 21 (AP)—Marty Rieser and Roscoe Tanner defeated Sandy Mayer and Peter Fleming, 7-6, 7-6, in the doubles final of the independent Players Association tournament today at La Costa Racquet Club here. The winners earned \$3,000 apiece.

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Special to The New York Times

Tire Change H Pearson Wins

Continued From Page 33

HAMPTON, Ga., March 21 (AP)—David Pearson took a full set of tires with 50 miles to go and sped away from Benny Parsons for the victory today in the Atlanta 500 stock car race.

Parsons, who had a decisive lead with 100 miles left, took on only two tires when the leaders all pitted for the final time.

Pearson, who earned about \$16,000 from the \$151,900 purse, quickly made up the difference thanks to the improved traction and had a 1.8-second margin at the checkered flag.

Parsons, leading the National Association for Stock Car Auto Racing Grand National points standing, was one of the few leaders not to encounter problems during the four-hour race.

Pearson lost a lap with the troubles early in the race. Third-place Cale Yarborough, with his Chevrolet clearly the fastest car on the track, lost four laps mid-way through the race to change a broken distributor rotor. He managed to make up all but one circuit around a 1.522-mile Atlanta International Raceway.

Lennis Pond was fourth, another lap back, with his Chevrolet smashed in the rear.

Fifth-place Darrell Waltrip nearly lost the hood on his Chevrolet early on, when the support brackets gave out.

The pole-position starter, Dave Malcolm, lost an engine in his Dodge early in the race. Similar problems befell Richard Petty and Buddy Baker.

Pearson averaged 128.904 miles an hour.

Holbert-Keyser Duo Wins SEBRING, Fla., March 21 (AP)—Al Holbert, a 28-year-old Porsche dealer from Warrenton, Ore., and Michael Keyser, a 29-year-old film producer of Towson, Md., won the silver anniversary running of the 12 Hours of Sebring, America's oldest endurance race last night in a Porsche Carrera.

Holbert-Keyser Duo Wins SEBRING, Fla., March 21 (AP)—Al Holbert, a 28-year-old Porsche dealer from Warrenton, Ore., and Michael Keyser, a 29-year-old film producer of Towson, Md., won the silver anniversary running of the 12 Hours of Sebring, America's oldest endurance race last night in a Porsche Carrera.

Another PORSCHE SCARPERIA, 21 (UPI)—The of Jacky Ickx and Jochen M. Germany won of the world championship. The victors' Porsche in s first seven plac four Etienne A race at the Mu. tional circuit.

All Present at Yank Mantle Heads Old-T

Continued From Page 33

stringy hair in a permanent wave this spring. While not actually sombre, the club's chief practical joker does seem to be taking his work hurt last season and he feels he has to prove that he's still one of baseball's top relievers.

Oscar Gamble, acquired from the Cleveland Indians in the winter trade, hit his first home run in his first game, but he was cut, too. The outfielder, still unsigned, was then permitted to join the workout.

Gamble had his 10-inch Afro shorn to conform to club rules set down by George Steinbrenner and Marlin.

"A rule is a rule for everybody," Martin said. "It took an hour and \$30 to get the trim at a local barbershop. It was done in the company of Coach Elston Howard and Gamble's wife, Juanita, who took the cut hardest of all."

Gamble, obtained in the Pat Dobson trade, hit 54 homers over the last three seasons with the Afro.

When asked what would happen if—like Gamble's stringy hair, Mart let him grow it, everyone here a Martin said. "It not too bad of days. Everyone good shape a hard. Now, n of moosey n hats, we may progress."

Gamble Paul w to have some c with the nine u ers, several of probably start without signing.

Race-Fix Driver Gets Six Months Special to The New York Times WILKES-BARRE, Pa., March 21—A harness-racing driver, Adriano Bowling of Morrisville, Pa., has been sentenced to six months in prison for fixing a race at Pocono Downs last Aug. 5. The 36-year-old Bowling, who pleaded guilty to two counts of rigging a Big Triple race, was liable on each charge to a \$10,000 fine and/or five years imprisonment.

Another driver, Edward Williams, 29, of Buffalo, was found guilty on one count of race-fixing of the same race. He is awaiting a hearing April 22 on an appeal for a new trial.

Federal and state authorities are investigating a possible link between this case and similar cases at both thoughtbred and harness tracks in the last two years in the Northeast.

The Sports See Basketball

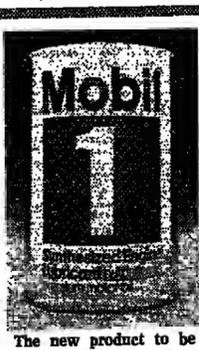
Special to The New York Times

سكرا من الأمل

Advertising

Mobil to Push a New Product

By PHILIP H. DOUGHERTY
At the end of this week the Mobil Oil Corporation will break its first product advertising since June 1973, when Mr. Dirt bit the dust.



The new product to be marketed by Mobil.

The product is Mobil 1, a synthesized engine lubricant, which Mobil says can give the average car up to 10 extra miles to a tankful of gasoline. It is also said to perform at high and low temperatures.

Mobil, which has been putting millions of dollars into corporate advertising, will say only that the budget for the Mobil 1 introduction is a multimillion-dollar one.

Doyle Dane Bernbach is the agency. The newspaper ads it has prepared will begin to run Friday in 80 markets. On Saturday three 30-second TV spots will begin to run on network television, and spot television in 46 markets will begin early in April.

Mobil 1 is expensive, with a suggested retail price of \$3.95 a quart. It went into test market at the end of last August in Albany, Syracuse, Boston, Milwaukee, Minneapolis, Providence, Portland, Ore., and parts of Washington State.

Mademoiselle Readers
Mademoiselle, along with such magazines as Time and Esquire, took a beating in the audience department when the last figures were published by W. R. Simmons Research.

The previous Simmons audience data had put Mademoiselle at 3,493,000 when suddenly the 1975 figures showed it at 2,453,000. That made the advertising cost per thousand soar from \$1.42, the lowest in the field, to \$2.20.

Now that the salesmen can't sing about efficiency, Frederick W. Jackson 3d, the publisher, will be orchestrate a canny on quality, pointing out in an ad that "Mademoiselle readers are in a class by themselves: the upper one."

He has been publisher for three years, having come aboard at that rank after service with The New Yorker, Good Housekeeping and

Young & Rubicam. Up to four months ago Mademoiselle's promotional needs were handled in-house, with space being bought by Altman, Stoller, Weiss.

Mr. Jackson was not satisfied with that situation, so after a competition he named Sacks & Rosen as the agency. Its job will be to position the Mademoiselle reader, which Mr. Jackson believes lacks the clear image of readers of Glamour (a sister publication in Condé Nast) or Cosmopolitan.

As Mr. Jackson sees her (with the help of research) the Mademoiselle reader is a trend-setter accustomed to doing things on her own. She lives in an urban area, makes a good salary and "doesn't want to be told what to do. She wants to know what the options are in fashion, make-up and interior design."

So the campaign, which will run in Media Decisions, Women's Wear Daily, Advertising Age and (in color) in The New York Times Magazine, will feature such headlines as these:

"I'm 26, single and earn \$19,000 a year. Call me Mademoiselle."

"I could care less whether straight hair is in or out. I prefer to make waves. Call me Mademoiselle."

All the headlines will have that last sentence and this tagline: "Mademoiselle. The magazine more select women select."

The magazine dropped to 1,213 ad pages last year from 1,320 in 1974, and the Publishers Information Bureau ad revenue figures were

from \$9.5 million to \$8.9 million.

The publisher of Mademoiselle is pleased to report that pages for the first half of the Bicentennial year are already up 6 percent from the first half of 1975.

Advertising a Movie

Tom Laughlin, who made a financial success out of the movie "Billy Jack" through advertising, is going to give it another try with a cheapie called "Train Ride to Hollywood."

Introduced in Detroit in October, the Taylor-Laughlin Distribution release fell on its face despite heavy publicity and promotion backing, according to Mr. Laughlin's publicity people. However, it was noticed that the movie, described as a "wacky, far-out musical," did get "good word-of-mouth publicity."

So some equally far-out and wacky advertising was created in-house and the picture was released in three test markets, each of which received different levels of advertising. Media placement was handled by the Jack Wodell Agency.

In Austin, Tex., the picture was promoted only with newspaper ads. The same amount of newspaper advertising was used in Providence, R.I., along with some modest television. The heavy promotion guns were unlimbered in Omaha newspapers, radio and television.

And — good news, advertising fans — Omaha did the best. Even after the advertising pressure was lessened, it continued to do well because of the aforementioned word-of-mouth.

Now, according to the public relations people, Taylor-Laughlin, the movie is ready to go into national distribution.

Shima Leaves Agency

John F. Shima has resigned as president and chief executive officer of Shima/Passberger "to take a vacation." The company changed its name in December from PKL Inc.

Herbert Passberger, who had been vice president and creative director, has been elected president. Anthony Romano has been named executive vice president and chief operating officer.

Personal Finance: Capital Gains Tax

By LEONARD SLOANE
Special rules govern the taxation of capital gains, often enabling individuals to pay lower taxes than on ordinary income. It is important, therefore, to understand the definition, timing, methods of calculation and limitations of this tax.

The tax is essentially based on gains and losses from sales and exchanges of certain kinds of property called capital assets. Generally all properties owned are capital assets and are subject to capital gains treatment if they are not used in a trade, business or other income-producing activity.

A gain realized from the sale of capital assets is almost always taxed to the seller, whether the item is held for investment (such as securities and real estate) or for personal use (such as homes, automobiles and jewelry). But the losses that offset these gains are deductible only on investment properties.

Thus a loss on a pleasure automobile, jewelry or work of art cannot be deducted on a Federal income tax return. If these items, however, were acquired for the purpose of resale and used only incidentally for pleasure purposes—a deduction can be taken.

According to present law, a gain in loss is considered short-term if the asset was held for six months or less and long-term if held for more than six months. Presi-

dent Ford has proposed, however, legislation extending the short-term period to one year.

Capital gains are now given favorable tax treatment only when the property sold or exchanged has been held for longer than six months. Short-term gains are taxed regular rates.

In counting the period that the asset was held to determine if the gain or loss is long-term or short-term, the beginning date is normally the day after the property was acquired. The last date of the holding period is the day on which it was sold.

For instance, a stock or bond purchased on March 4 and sold on Sept. 5 would qualify for long-term capital gains treatment. When real estate is involved, the date of acquisition is considered to be the earlier of the date you receive title or the date you receive the property and assume the burdens of ownership.

In computing the tax, the first step is to classify all capital assets that were sold as either short-term or long-term and to find the gain or loss on each sale. Then the short-term gains and losses are merged to provide a net short-term gain or loss. A like procedure is followed for long-term gains and losses to arrive at a net long-term gain or loss.

If there is a net long-term capital gain that exceeds a net short-term capital gain, the tax on only 50 percent of the difference results in half the normal rate.

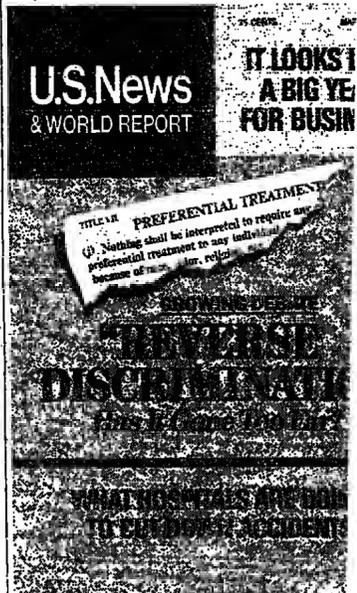
If short-term capital gain prevails after the calculations are completed, it is taxed at the regular rate. If there is a net capital loss, it can be applied against ordinary income, with a maximum deduction of \$1,000.

Here too there is a differential between the short-term and long-term basis. Although excess short-term capital losses offset ordinary income on a dollar-for-dollar basis, it takes 32 of a long-term capital loss to offset \$1 of ordinary income.

A person can carry over any unused net capital loss for many years until it is exhausted. But such a loss is treated as long-term or short-term each year depending on whether it was originally short or long term. For example, a net long-term capital loss carryover will initially reduce long-term capital gains and finally up to \$1,000 of ordinary income.

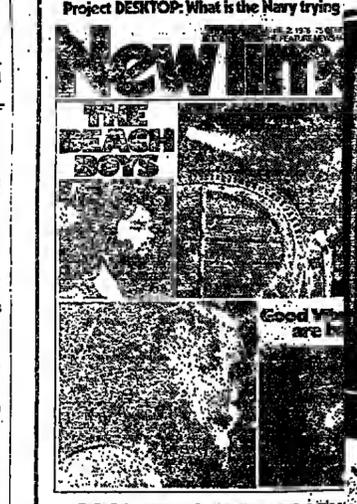
As an alternative to this method of computation, the tax can be figured another way that effectively limits it on any excess of net long-term capital gain over a short-term capital loss. For taxpayers above the 50 percent bracket, both computations should be made to find the lowest possible tax.

The people who need to know



... are the people you need to read

Project DESKTOP: What is the Navy trying



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If you're selling cars in Boston, we're the one. The number one channel for reaching the people you want to reach. We're The Boston Globe.

The Boston Globe

The No. 1 Advertising Medium in Boston

A Million Most-Read Newspapers: New York, Philadelphia, Detroit, Chicago, Los Angeles, San Francisco, In Florida, The Leonard Co., in Canada, American Publishers' Representatives. Source: Profile Boston, first half, 1975; Carl Heston Research, Inc., Chicago

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LEGAL

POWER AUTHORITY OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK

ASTORIA GENERATING STATION UNIT NO. 8 ADVERTISEMENT PROPOSALS FOR THE INSTALLATION OF COMPACTED CONCRETE PILES CONTRACT NO. 845-7

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS: THE POWER AUTHORITY OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK, Contract No. 845-7 for the installation of 1284 Compacted Concrete Piles with 12.5 Ton capacity, for replacement on bed of tanks and other structures, located at the Astoria Generating Station, No. 8 Unit, 16 30th St., Eastview, Standard Time on April 2, 1976 at the Authority's office, 5th Floor, The Columbia Tower, 10 Columbus Circle, New York, New York 10019, at which time and place bids will be publicly opened and read aloud. Installation of piles under the lead two tanks shall be completed before July 24, 1976. Complete cancellation of the pile shall be completed before October 30, 1976. Bidders will be restricted to American Contractors' Contract Documents, including proposal forms, for the work may be obtained from the Power Authority of the State of New York, 17th Floor, The Columbia Tower, 10 Columbus Circle, New York, New York 10019. Low bid shall be awarded. Contract Documents, and \$10.00 fee per set for additional sets, no part of which will be returned. Contract Documents, including proposal forms, for the work will be on file at the Authority's office and at the office of the Engineer, Stone & Webster Engineering Corporation, New York City, New York 10001, and may be inspected by prospective bidders during office hours. Bids must be made and returned in triplicate in accordance with instructions contained in the Instructions to Bidders. Guarantees shall be required in the amount of 5% of the contract price, less than 20 percent of the contract price. The bid is to remain open for 30 days after the date of opening. The bid is to be returned to the Authority at the address above.

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IN WASHINGTON, D.C.: Loews L'Enclume Plaza
IN MASSACHUSETTS: THE BAHAMAS Loews Paradise Island Hotel & Villas
IN LONDON, ENGLAND: Loews Churchill
IN QUEBEC CITY, CANADA: Loews Le Concorde

Travel people.

9.9% of WQXR's audience flew to Europe in the last three years. That's the highest percentage of any New York radio station's audience.

Markets in Focus 1974 says so. It costs money to do that. Our audience has it. And spends it. Not only on Europe, but cars and cat food and charge accounts.

Whatever you're selling, if you're not reaching WQXR's audience, you're missing the best part of the good part of New York.

The part with money.

The classic stations for classical music.

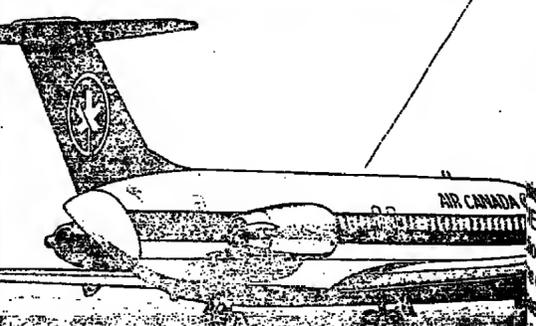
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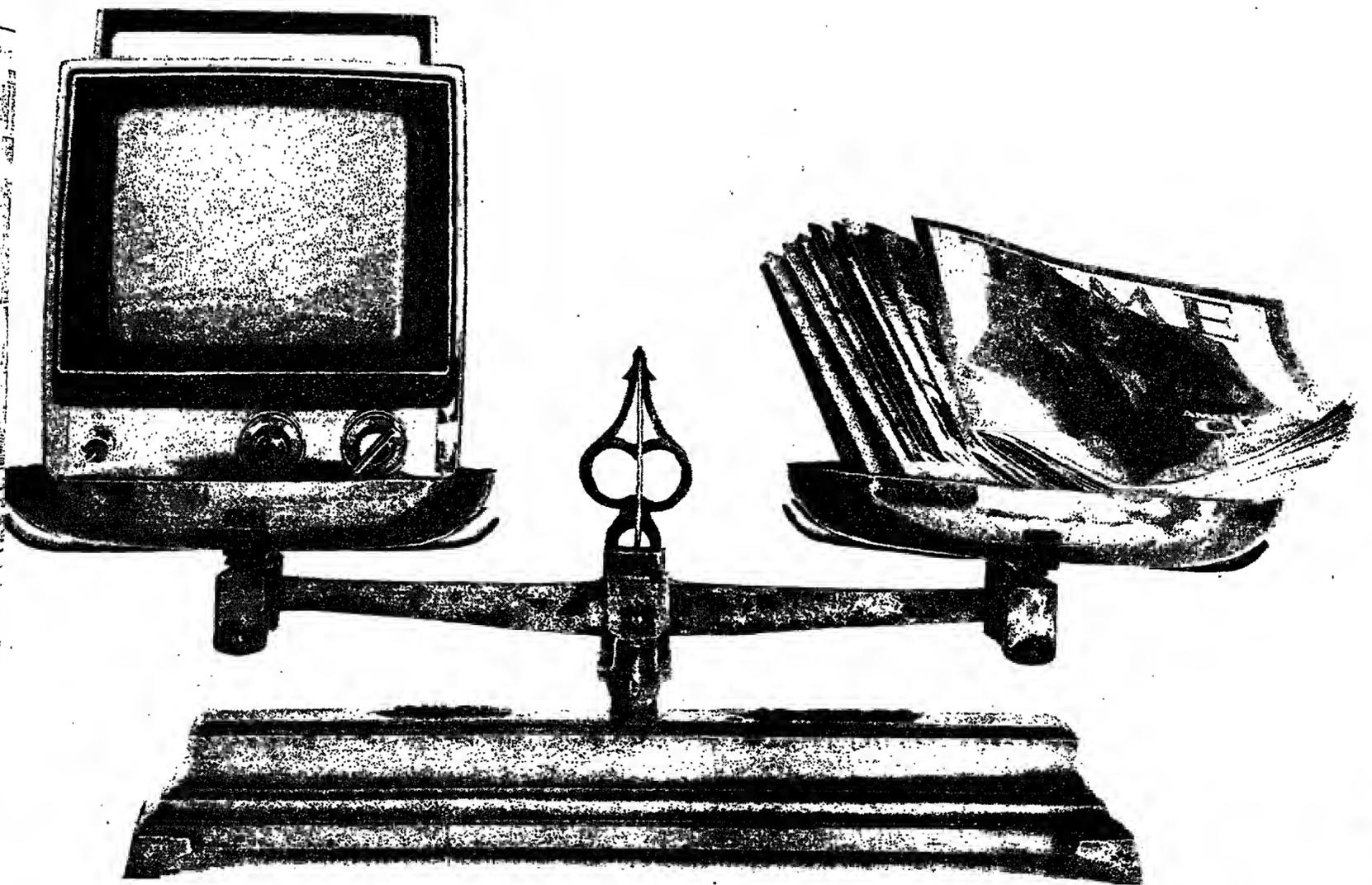
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Every day at 10:10AM Air Canada leaves New York for Winnipeg, Calgary, Banff, and Vancouver. We also have fastest connections to Edmonton. See your travel agent.

سكرا من الاصل

AMAZ



AMAZ: Analysis of Media According to Zip. A remarkable innovation from TIME Magazine. A computerized system that analyzes the distribution of a media schedule, that helps you evaluate your media in terms of TV, magazine and census data.

AMAZ is based on two vital facts: (1) that heavy magazine readers are typically light TV-watchers; (2) that heavy magazine readers are principally in the most affluent Zip Code Areas. If your advertising budget is concentrated in television, you might be missing a lot of your best prospects—the households that do a lot of magazine reading but don't watch television very often.

There is a happy medium between television and print. That's



what AMAZ helps you achieve. AMAZ gives you a rational basis for specific additions and deletions in your media schedule. AMAZ gives you an impregnable logic for dropping certain TV allocations and adding certain print schedules to your plan, so you reach your best prospects without spending any more money.

Among print media, TIME has no peer in tailoring your advertising to specific markets, regional or demographic. What can an analysis of media according to Zip do for your product? It can show you what you're getting (or missing) with your current advertising program. We've done it for some of the country's biggest advertisers. AMAZ. Call your TIME representative for more details.

Where innovation is nothing new.



The main Sears warehouse in Chicago being prepared for distribution to stores in the area. Strong retail sales across the country are leading the business recovery.

Consumer Leads Recovery, Retailers Find

R KOSHEZT, chief economist of the National Bureau of Economic Research, said that the recovery in retail sales is leading the business recovery. The year ahead should be a good one.

For its fourth quarter, Sears reported a sales gain of 3.6 percent to \$3.99 billion. More important for Sears, however, was the increase of more than 100 percent in net income to \$239.9 million.

Sales of Sears in January and February indicate that the resurgence in retail purchases is continuing. Sears sales in January topped the same month of 1975 by 13 percent. In February sales were up 10.3 percent.

Sears was not the only gainer since the end of 1975. With few exceptions, all of the major chains and long list of smaller organizations have shown advances in sales

and other big-ticket merchandise to continue. This is good news for the retail industry and particularly for Sears. The year ahead should be a good one.

Record sales and earnings were also registered by the J. C. Penney Company and the S. S. Kresge Company, the second and third largest chains, during the quarter ended Jan. 31. Penney sales in the quarter were up 20 percent, while its profit rose more than 200 percent. Kresge showed a 26.4 percent increase in sales and a 91.7 percent increase in earnings.

The increase in consumer buying is reflected in a large measure by the growing demand for large-ticket items such as furniture, major appliances and carpeting.

The willingness to spend is also reflected in the resurgence of automobile sales,

Miller & Rhodes reported a gain of 32.7 percent in earnings and a gain of 16 percent in sales.

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Industry Expecting Increases This Year

By GENE SMITH

erboard prices within the year. The price increase seems to be the exception rather than the rule. The outlook for that price increase is "exceptional" in the face of an average demand through the year. The hikes are

tion of Niagara Falls, said he expected to see quarterly price increases this year.

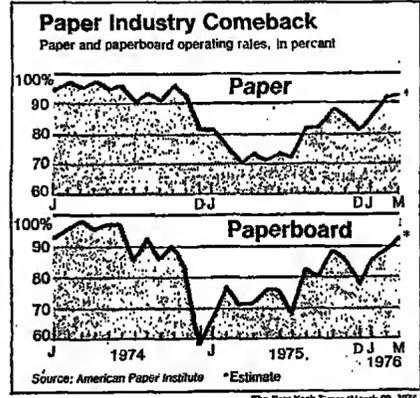
"With the costs of labor, chemicals and energy still going up, there's no way we can avoid higher prices, although I think the increases will be moderate," he said in an interview here last week.

He added he would "guess that for the full year the total rise would be in the neighborhood of 5 to 8 percent."

In addition to the predictions of price increases, the 99th annual meeting of the American Paper Institute last week provided emphasis that the industry had really recovered from last year's recession.

Edwin A. Locke Jr., president of the trade association, said that paper and paperboard production was now running at a rate of "close to 80 million tons a year," or more than 25 percent higher than a year ago. He added that paper production appeared headed for a first-quarter increase of 20 percent, which would bring output to a 26 million tons a year, in comparison with 23.3 million tons last year and the record of 26.9 million tons in 1974.

Mr. Locke's forecast placed paperboard production 25



percent higher than last year's first quarter at an annual rate of 28 million tons, against 24.7 million tons last year and 28.9 million tons in 1974.

Henry G. Van der Eb, chairman of the American Paper Institute, said that in the paperboard sector inventory liquidations were "just about completed last April and May and there's been a nice, gradual pickup in demand since then." He said he was particularly encouraged with December and January retail sales.

"On the basis of this momentum, our best estimates call for paperboard volume to rise 12 to 14 percent over

1975, which was 12 to 15 percent lower than 1974," he said, adding that his company's customers seemed to be "buying to demand." Mr. Van der Eb is chairman and chief executive of the Container Corporation of America, a subsidiary of Marcor Inc.

Like Norma Pace, the trade association's chief economist, Mr. Van der Eb believes that the major problems facing the industry for the next few years are how to meet increasing demand on time and how to obtain the necessary capital.

Ms. Pace told a meeting of the specialty packaging

U.S. A-FUEL CURBS MAY BE OVER SOON

Bill in Congress Would End Government's Monopoly on Nuclear Enrichment

By VICTOR K. McELHENY

Action is expected within a few days by Congressional sources on sending a bill ending the Government's 20-year monopoly of nuclear fuel enrichment to the floor of the Senate and House.

While they were skeptical of the bill's chances for passage, the sources said the Joint Committee on Atomic Energy would complete action on the measure (proposed last June by the Ford Administration) soon after a hearing scheduled Tuesday. At the hearing, the committee is to hear testimony from industry backers of private uranium enrichment projects.

Meanwhile, the Government took another step last week toward creating a private uranium enrichment industry big push, known because alongside the large Government-owned enrichment plants.

Officials of the United States Energy Research and Development Administration met Friday with representatives of all three American industrial organizations it had selected in January for negotiations to build privately owned factories for enriching nuclear fuel by the partially secret, Government-controlled centrifuge process.

In the session, E.R.D.A. officials reviewed and heard industry criticism of a draft "basis for negotiations" with the three organizations, Center Associates of Fairfield, N. J., the Garrett Corporation of Torrance, Calif., and the Exxon Nuclear Company of Bellevue, Wash. Each has proposed construction of centrifuge plants that would eventually cost \$1 billion.

The combined capacity of the three centrifuge plants would equal that of one of the three so-called gaseous diffusion plants, owned by the E.R.D.A., that produce nuclear power-plant fuel today. The agency received proposals from all three organizations last October.

Under the Ford Administration's bill, on which hearings began last December, the Government would guarantee delivery of the enrichment technologies it has developed, a fuel supply from its own sources if the private plants were delayed and loans to supply capital for the projects.

Criticism of the bill has focused on whether the Government would be adequately reimbursed for its technological development and on whether the risks undertaken by the private organizations are large enough.

In criticism from the Joint Committee on Atomic Energy, the bill has been modified to give the committee and Congress authority to reject individual contracts between the Government and the private ventures.

The centrifuge negotiations, which moved a step closer Friday, are beginning much later than those for a proposed privately owned gaseous diffusion plant. This would be built by an organization called Uranium Enrichment Associates, started by the Bechtel Corporation, at a site near Dothan, Ala., at a cost of about \$3.5 billion.

The negotiations for this plant have not been concluded. In case they fail, the E.R.D.A. has announced that it is studying plans to double the capacity of its gaseous diffusion plant at Portsmouth, Ohio. Congressional sources said, however, that the agency's budget for the present budget year and the next one do not contain

Sales of New Shares Grow; Bond Traders See Rate Drop

Fixed-Income Issues Selling Briskly

By JOHN H. ALLAN

The credit markets, encouraged by their success in handling an even larger volume of fixed-income securities in the first quarter this year than they did a year ago, are becoming more and more convinced that interest rates will decline. After the corporate market dispatched last week's three big new bond issues—\$725 million of high-grade long term securities—traders and underwriters cheered.

"One of these days," one corporate bond dealer remarked enthusiastically, "triple-A bonds yields will go through the roof. It'll take an awful long time to get us back to where we're at 8 1/2 percent now, but one of these days we're going to make it."

When triple-A bond yields dip below 8 percent, he declared, it will be an event more important than the Dow-Jones industrial average topping 1,000.

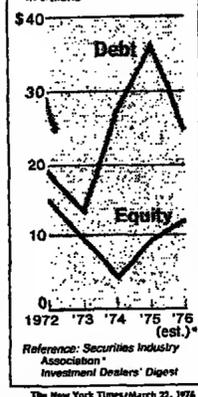
Credit market economists tend to agree with this optimistic view. "All the ingredients necessary to encourage another rally in the bond market seem to be in place," Henry Kaufman of Salomon Brothers declared Friday.

The corporate bond market has placed most of the \$3.5 billion of publicly offered issues to be sold this month, and it faces offerings of only about \$1 billion—so far—in April.

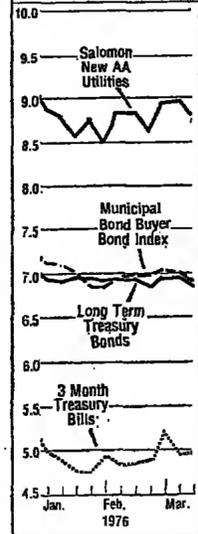
At the same time, money flowing into pension funds, savings banks, trust funds and insurance companies is continuing at an extraordinarily rapid rate, credit market analysts report.

News of inflation—in recent years the chief reason for sky-high interest rates—has also brightened. On Friday the Consumer Price Index was reported up only one-tenth of 1 percent for February, its smallest

New Offerings



Market Rates



Big Concerns Alter Capital Search

By ROBERT J. COLE

Big corporations, increasingly encouraged by the strength of the stock market, are expected to turn to Wall Street this year to raise an estimated \$12 billion of new capital by selling stock.

If investors respond—as they are widely expected to do—businessmen will attract more new money through stock than at any time since the hectic days of 1972, when stock offerings soared to well over \$15 billion and the Dow Jones industrial average zoomed toward 1,036.73 late in the year.

Businessmen badly want to sell stock after several years of piling up debt through bond offerings. Stockbrokers, severely hurt by a string of poor years, hope to recover now with the heavy trading volume and the greater-than-usual profits that new offerings bring.

But warning signs are beginning to develop that too heavy a flow of money into new offerings could interrupt the upward momentum of the stock market and that investors, regarded now as considerably more sophisticated than in years past, may not be so eager to respond as they once were.

The build-up, nevertheless, has already begun. A tabulation by the Securities Industry Association showed that while new equity offerings in January stood at only \$497 million, compared with \$551 million a year earlier, they have moved ahead substantially since.

The Investment Dealers Digest, which compiles such figures for the industry, reported that new stock offerings nearly doubled in February to more than \$1 billion from \$532 million a year earlier. March is likely to mean a continuation of the trend.

The phrase "new issue" or "new offering" can be misleading. Taken at face value, it should mean that the company offering shares is selling stock to the public for the very first time. So far few of these offerings have come along, and few are expected until the

Full Automation of the Stock Market Called Unlikely Before the Late 1980's

By ROBERT D. HERSHEY JR.

Special to The New York Times

WASHINGTON, March 20—Development of a fully automated stock market in which a "black box" would execute each order from the time it is placed until the final moment of transfer and settlement is unlikely to occur before the late 1980's.

This view, one that may comfort many in Wall Street, was the principal message of a Chicago address by A. A. Sommer Jr., who leaves his post at the end of next week as a member of the Securities and Exchange Commission. The text was distributed here yesterday.

Mr. Sommer said in a telephone conversation that he did not know how widely his opinion was shared by other commissioners or the S.E.C. staff.

The main reason for Mr. Sommer's prediction lies neither in technology nor in the opposition of those who might suffer from the completely electronic market, such as stock exchanges.

It is simply that there appears to be no existing mechanism to provide the incentives necessary to create such a

system and no clear mandate that it should, in fact, be brought about, he said.

The S.E.C., following the direction of Congress, has gone far toward the creation of a centralized, national market. A consolidated ticker tape has been installed, a composite quotation system is close to becoming operational and the Commission has asked for guidance in developing a composite limit-order book that orders left with any exchange or dealer could be executed anywhere in the system, Mr. Sommer pointed out.

This has led many to assume that the ultimate automation lies just over the horizon.

But Mr. Sommer said he doubts that this will happen. Even development of the limit-order book will not be easy, since the Commission may lack the power to implement it, he held.

"What Are Incentives?"

"What incentives will the Commission be able to offer the designer of the best system to assure that it will be economically feasible for it to include the very substantial expense necessary?" Mr. Sommer asked.

"Who will be able to enter into a binding contract with the designer of the system and guarantee the quick pro quo that will be necessary for anyone sensibly to undertake such a project?"

Thus it is difficult to envision the forces that will produce the final state, which has not been mandated by Congress.

It may be, Mr. Sommer said, that when the goal of eliminating anti-competitive restraints

has been reached that natural, rather than regulatory, forces will take over and further changes will be gradual.

"I am therefore expressing some pessimism as to whether the magnificent toys that we have been talking about for several years—the expansion of automatic execution capabilities for small orders—will continue for a long time."

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Coin Collecting: Investors' Hobby With High Stakes

Recent Auction Shows Rare Gold Items Down in Price but Silver Up Sharply

By RITA REIF

Numismatics: a hobby to some, a gamble to others and a serious investment to many collectors. The aim is the purchase of proof coins for pleasure and also a profit.

The players range from small children hopeful of finding a 1913 Liberty head nickel in a handful of change to bankers parlaying coin purchases into a net return of as much as 119 percent a year.

The size of the stakes, as collectors discovered earlier this month at the first major auction since the coin market reached a fever pitch in May 1974, varies from year to year.

At this month's sale, conducted by Stack's Coin Company, 123 West 57th Street, the rarest American gold selections sold from the John Work Garrett Collection by Johns Hopkins University, the owners, dropped significantly in price from two years ago. Silver items, however, had soared.

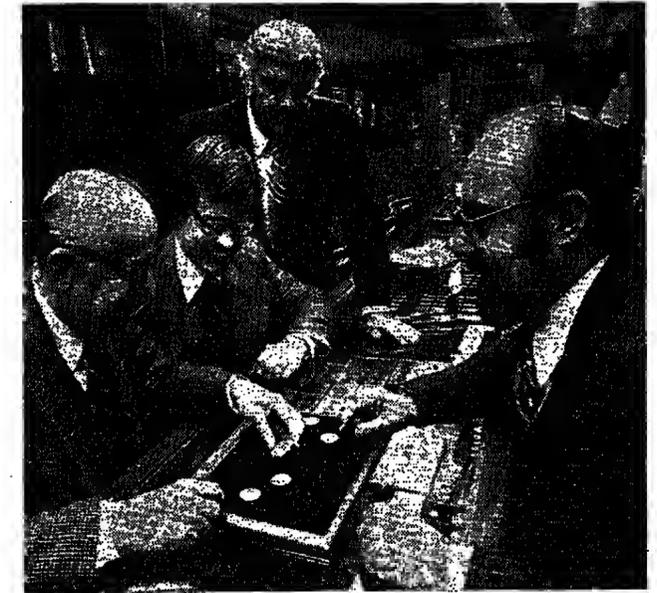
Nevertheless, collectors, dealers and investors interviewed after the landmark Garrett auction—which

brought a total of \$2,308,710, establishing a record for a single-owner coin sale—said they were optimistic, even bullish on all vintage American coins.

Many collectors mentioned the experience of Louis Eliasberg, a Baltimore banker, who was honorary chairman of the Finance Company of America when he died last month. Mr. Eliasberg had reported that his coin collection, one of the finest ever assembled in this country, had been appraised last year at \$15 million to \$18 million. He said that after subtracting costs from the minimum appraisal figure and dividing the results by 41, the number of years he had been a collector, he had enjoyed a minimum return of 119 percent a year.

"In fact," he told a group of numismatists gathered at Johns Hopkins last November, the value of his collection had "doubled in 18 months."

The Eliasberg collection, numbering more than 7,500



Benjamin Stack, standing, and his cousin, Harvey, right, displaying coins to customers at their coin store at 123 West 57th Street.

Pittston Unit in Bid For Belcher Oil Co.

By E. J. MAIDENBERG

The Pittston Company announced yesterday that its Metropolitan Petroleum division proposed to merge with the Belcher Oil Company, a privately owned company based in Miami, Fla. Under terms of the merger, Pittston, a diversified concern, would receive all the common stock of the combined company, roughly 370,000 shares. Belcher's 303,000 shares would be exchanged for a like number of preference stock in the new company.

Further, Belcher holders would have 20 percent of the voting rights after the merger, and their preferred shares would be redeemable at their option after five years. The

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Student Aides Avoiding Presidential Campaign

From Page 1, Col. 2
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yore what it is," Mr.
said.

"Students are as apathetic as adults," said Jo Baer, co-chairman of the Udall campaign in New York. "They grew cynical at an early age. To date the Udall campaign has amassed a campus force estimated at about 1,500 people by John C. Wilbur, a 22-year-old graduate of Oberlin College who holds the position of volunteer coordinator.

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"During petitioning, we had about 4,000 people working, but it's not as if 3,900 of them were kids," he said.
Students throughout New York say that the shift in issues in the last four years, more than any other development, has taken the drive out of the student movement.

The end of the Vietnam War eliminated an issue that had vividly outraged the ideology of the movement and had come as a direct threat to a draft-age population. The issues of 1976, notably those relating to jobs and the economy, have not filled the political void left by the passing of the war, these students say.

Economics Called Vague
Richard Bartmon, a 20-year-old at the State University at Binghamton who was active in the McGovern drive and is working for Senator Harris this year, said he looked at himself and his fellow students and found that "the economy is a remote issue—it affects my parents, but not me."

"But the war touched everybody in a deep sense," Mr. Bartmon said.
William D. Hartung, a 20-year-old junior at Columbia majoring in philosophy, who spent last summer working for the United Farm Workers in New York, said that he had "strong feelings [about Vietnam] when I found out what was happening."

"But economics isn't as clear cut," he added. "I can't say I know what should be done."
William J. vanden Heuvel, campaign cochairman for the Carter campaign in New York, also said that this campaign "isn't like '72, because you don't have Vietnam."

"It's closer to 1960, in the sense that if you think back, there was no overriding issue except the personality of Kennedy," he said.
Hatred of Nixon Cited
Further, coordinators and students believe that the absence of both Richard M. Nixon and George McGovern as symbols has helped to dim student activism.

"There was more or less a personal hatred for Nixon," said Steven Barkan, a third-year graduate student in sociology at the State University at Stony Brook. "They were working for McGovern, but they were also working against Nixon."
"If you were a student and you were antiwar, you needed no other basis to work for McGovern," Margaret Costanza, upstate coordinator for the



Not as many young people as in 1972 are coming to the aid of the candidates in 1976. A shift in issues has taken the drive out of the student movement.

Cartier campaign, commented.
"George McGovern was there, with the liberal image, with the mantle, against the hawk," said Ethan Geto, state coordinator for Senator Bayh before the Senator suspended active campaigning.

Finally, the election of 1972, which swept hundreds of thousands of young people into politics, only to crush their hopes with the stunning victory by Mr. Nixon, apparently did almost as much to sour young people about working to elect national leaders, many students say.

Effect Doubted
"I remember sitting in front of the television election night, getting drunk, thinking the hell with it," said Marilyn R. Berker, a 21-year-old senior at Columbia who worked for McGovern in '72. This year she is not working in any campaign, or does she know anyone on campus who is.

"No one is stupid enough anymore to think they'll have any effect, whereas in 1972 they thought they would," said Richard Agriss, a 25-year-old at the State University at Binghamton.
"Everyone was freaking out when McGovern was nominated, but it soon became apparent that he was going to lose," Mr. Agriss said. "After that, I gave up on politics for life."

One political coordinator who still believes the movement can come back to life, though, is Representative Udall's volunteer coordinator, John Wilbur, who has a staff of 15 to 20 coordinators working for him.
"Into Their Books"
"We have to make the point clear that we're depending on them," Mr. Wilbur said. "We have to paint the picture at crisis level. They have got to know that they have to react, and react now. Once they know that, they'll be ready to go."

But that conviction will have to overcome a situation that Mr. Wilbur himself said he had encountered: "It's incredible. They're really into their books, and it's serious. They really want to learn."
Jon Reiser, a 23-year-old at the State University at Binghamton, campaigning for Mr. Harris, senses that "everyone's concerned about the future, about getting a job."

And Tina Villa, a 21-year-old English major at Columbia, feels that the same trend is afoot on her uptown campus. "College is all preprofessional

now," she said. "There's no to the 50's. People are even going to college. It's all about making money. It's like there's an unstoppable movement going back and out be affected by it."

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is the conversion of a 74-year-
old, 16-story office building on
the west side of the square into
apartments.

However, both projects have been delayed and may well be jeopardized.
Negotiations for leasing of the S. Klein buildings on the east side of the square to Julio Tanjeloff, an Argentine entrepreneur who operates several other specialty stores in Manhattan, have been going on for six months. According to a spokesman for the Klein estate, no early resolution is in prospect.

Efforts to convert the office building at 31 Union Square West, whose facade bears the engraved name of a long-defunct "Bank of the Metropolis" over a marble entrance pillars, have temporarily foundered for lack of financing. New York City banks, even those in the immediate area, have not been willing to extend the \$3.3 million needed to convert the structure into 147 apartments, renting at an average of \$110 a room a month.

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By TETSUO TAKAHA
Senior Managing Director

CORRECTION:
\$6,088,000 Town of Queensbury, Warren County, New York Bonds advertised 3/18/76 were erroneously described as "Unlimited Tax School Bonds." The proper description is "Unlimited Tax Water Bonds."
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CBS to Drop Affiliate for Schedule Shifts

CBS-TV, in an unusual action, has notified its Spokane, Wash., affiliate, KXLY-TV, that in August it will end their 23-year affiliation agreement—a move that industry observers say is a warning to other affiliates not to juggle the network schedule.

The move was made because of "a combination of their not showing programs at all or showing them outside their normal time period," Carl S. Ward, a CBS-TV vice president, said. However, he denied it was meant to affect other affiliates.

There are two other commercial television stations in Spokane, which are affiliated with the other networks. Mr. Ward would not comment on whether CBS would shift its affiliation to one of them.

"We were shocked at the way they did it," said Wayne F. McNulty, vice president of KXLY-TV, adding that he had not received official word of any kind explaining the CBS action.

He said that with permission of the network the station had shifted certain "outstanding" all-family shows, such as "The Mary Tyler Moore Show," "Good Times" and "The Bob Newhart Show," from their normal network times (between 8 and 11 P.M.) to 7:30 to 8 P.M. On Friday nights, the station also frequently dropped the network's movie and substituted one of its own.

Television networks want affiliates to carry their shows at the scheduled times for the sake of the national rating. Any program's rating will be diminished by every station that declines to carry it. But some local stations substitute their own shows for network programming in certain time periods to avoid sharing the revenues with the network.

Sheridan Buys Into Black Network

Sheridan Broadcasting Corporation, one of the largest black-owned broadcasting concerns in the country, has purchased 49 percent of the Mutual Black Network for \$57,000.

The Mutual Black Network with 94 affiliated radio stations, provides news, sports and special events coverage oriented to black audiences in New York. It is used by WLIB and WBLS.

"We think it's a good business venture," Paul W. Yates, president of Sheridan Broadcasting, said, "and an excellent opportunity to get black management into the largest black network."

Sheridan Broadcasting is based in Pittsburgh and owns two radio stations in that city

and one each in Boston and Buffalo.

CBS Will Rerun Four Police Series

CBS-TV has scheduled late-night reruns next fall of its own detective series "Kojak," as well as reruns of three police series currently broadcast on NBC-TV, "Columbo," "McMillan and Wife" and "McCloud."

The shows will be televised Monday through Friday nights at 11:30 as part of "The CBS Late Movie." The contract for the broadcasts was made between CBS and Universal-MCA, the producers of the programs.

Because of the television industry's family viewing policy before 8 P.M., the market for reruns of the more violent series has been restricted. This, plus a shortage of acceptable

movies, has caused the networks to schedule reruns of action-adventure series late at night.

Spanish Station Changes Call Letters

Radio station WHOM-AM, a Spanish language station, is changing its call letters to WIT-AM. The station was sold last year by the Progress Broadcasting Corporation to SJR Communications Inc., a subsidiary of the San Juan Racing Association Inc.

'Firing Line' to Air BBC Solzhenitsyn Talk

A British Broadcasting Corporation interview with Aleksandr I. Solzhenitsyn will be presented on the "Firing Line" program, Saturday at 6 P.M. on WNET/Channel 13.

7 G.I.'S DIE IN GEORGIA IN CRASH OF COPTER

BLAIRSVILLE, Ga., March 21 (UPI)—Seven soldiers were found dead today in the wreckage of an Army helicopter that crashed in the undergrowth of a North Georgia mountain. An injured soldier managed to walk off the mountain and search crews found a ninth soldier wandering in the undergrowth. The bodies of the victims, who were stationed at Fort Benning, were found about noon atop Aiken Mountain in the Chattahoochee National Forest, 24 hours after their helicopter struck the mountaintop in a fog while on a training mission.

The wreckage was found after one soldier, Shawn Patterson, 18 years old, of Norfolk, Va., walked 2½ miles down the mountain to a house and notified the authorities. Mr. Patterson was hospitalized in guarded condition. The other

surviving soldier, Sgt. Albert Helwig, 22, of Detroit, was sighted by a helicopter and ground search crews were directed to him. He was taken to a hospital for tests.

FORT CAMPBELL, Ky., March 21 (UPI)—Three Army crewmen were killed last night when a UH-1H Huey helicopter crashed to a thunderstorm on a field training exercise. Maj. Frank McGourty, the public information officer, said there were no survivors. He identified the pilot as Capt. William L. Allen, 32, and the co-pilot as Warrant Officer George Reynolds, 24, and the crew chief as Specialist 4 David G. Cowan, 27.

India Mine Toll Reaches 431

NEW DELHI, March 21 (Reuters)—The death toll in the Chasmalla mine, disaster has risen to at least 431 with the recovery of more bodies.

Panama Canal Operations Are Resumed After Strike

BALBOA HEIGHTS, Canal Zone, March 21 (Reuters)—The Panama Canal resumed normal operations today after a five-day strike by 700 American pilots and tugmen.

The United States Government company operating the canal said 57 ships passed through the 50-mile waterway last night and today.

But 150 were still lined up to cross between the Atlantic and the Pacific and it will take three to four weeks to clear the backlog, it said.

The American workers abandoned their unofficial strike last night after the company promised to soften austerity measures that would gradually have stripped them of privileges reserved for expatriate employees and left them with the same pay and conditions as Panamanian workers.

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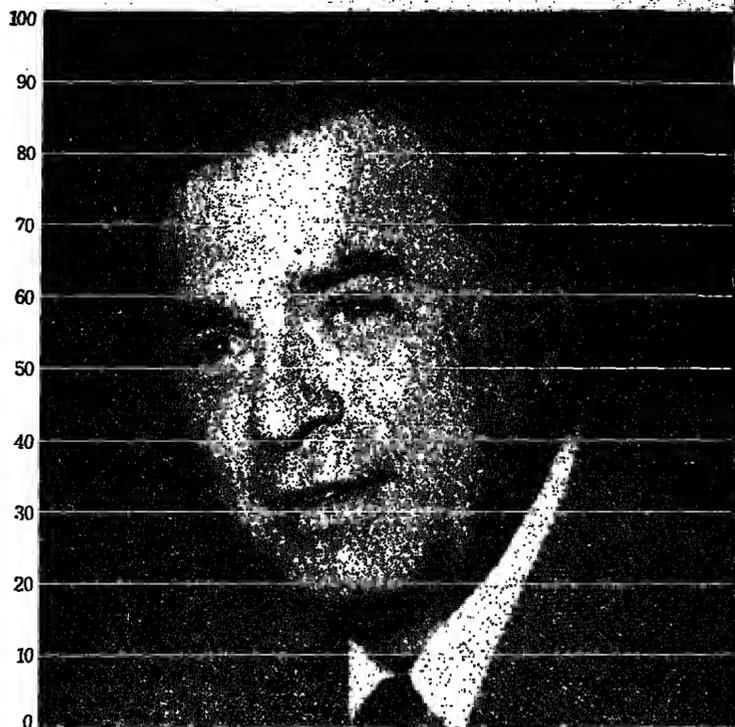
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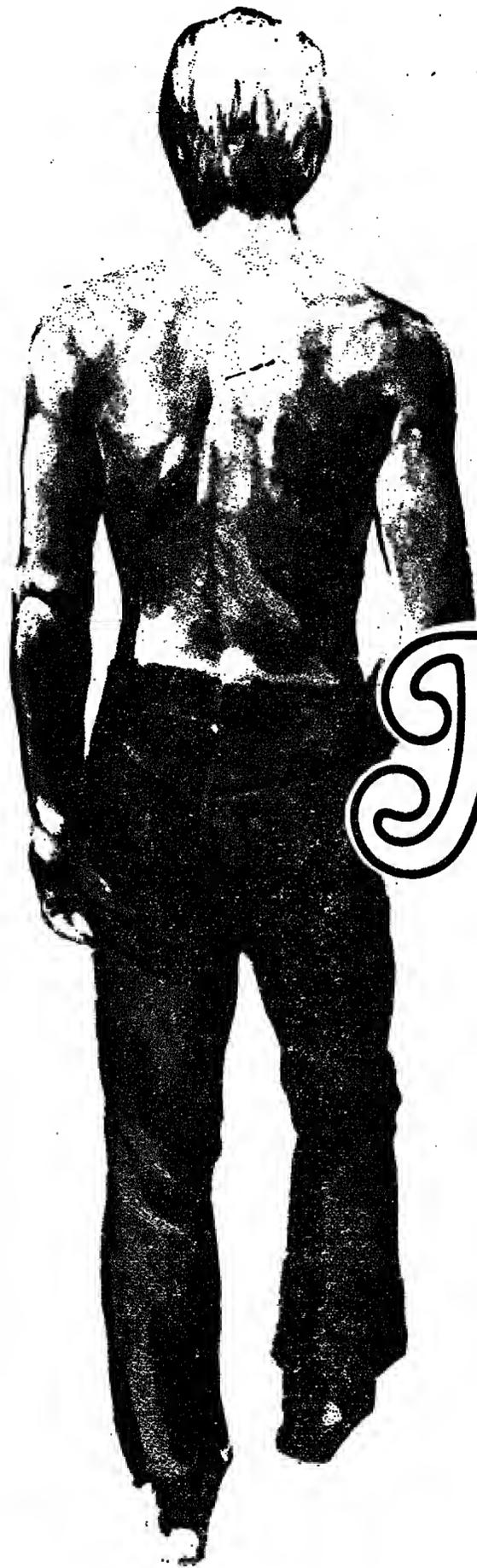
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